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(54) Title: SPLICE VARIANT OF HUMAN SODIUM III CHANNEL (HNAII118)

(57) Abstract: Described herein is a splice variant of the human NaIII channel α subunit, designated hNaIII18. Also described are nucleotide and amino acid sequence for hNaIII18, oligonucleotide primers and probes for hNaIII18, hNaIII18 regulatory sequences, hNaIII18-specific antibodies, methods of detecting hNaIII18 proteins or nucleic acids, and methods of screening for modulators of hNaIII18 expression or activity.

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Splice Variant of Human Sodium III Channel (hNaIII18)

This application claims priority from U.S. Provisional Application Serial No. 60/431,794, filed December 4, 2002, which is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety.

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a human splice variant of the voltagegated sodium III channel, termed hNaIII18, as well as methods for stable expression of hNaIII18 in cell lines, and methods of use in screening for compounds that modulate sodium channel activity.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Sodium channels are voltage-gated transmembrane proteins that are involved in the generation of action potentials in electrically excitable cells such as neurons and muscle cells. They are responsible for the cellular uptake of sodium during electrical signals in cell membranes. The channels are members of a multigene family of transmembrane proteins and are typically composed of a large transmembrane pore-forming α -subunit and three smaller accessory β -subunits (Cattrall et al., Adv Neurol 1999; 79:441-56). The primary structure of α -subunits is conserved among different sub-types and species. The α -subunit is all that is required for the channel to be fully functional, however, the β -subunits have been shown to modulate the function of the channel. Specifically, co-expression of rat β 1, β 2, and β 3 subunits with the Na(v)1.2a α -subunits in the tsA-201 sub-clone of HEK293 cells shifted sodium channel activation and inactivation to more positive membrane potentials. The β 3 subunit alone caused increased persistent sodium currents. (Qu et al., Mol Cell Neurosci 2001;18(5):570-80).

Previous studies have demonstrated numerous different types of α subunits, which are categorized based on their sensitivity to tetrodotoxin (a toxin
produced by the puffer or fugu fish). Subunits that are inhibited by nanomolar
concentrations of tetrodotoxin are generally referred to as tetrodotoxin-sensitive
channels (TTX-S), while those that require at least micromolar concentrations for
inhibition are referred to as tetrodotoxin-resistant channels (TTX-R).

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Rapid entry of sodium ions into cells causes depolarization and generation of the action potential. Such entry of sodium ions through sodium channels in response to a voltage change on the plasma membrane in excitable cells plays a functional role in control of neuronal excitability in the central nervous system (CNS) and peripheral nervous system (PNS).

An increase in the rate of spontaneous firing in neurons is often observed in peripheral sensory ganglia following nerve injury (Ochoa and Torebjork, Brain1980; 103(4):835-53.; Nordin et al., Pain 1984; 20(3):231-45; Matzner et al., J Neurophysiol 1994;72(1):349-59; Woolf, Drugs 1994; 47 Suppl 5:1-9; discussion 46-7). It has been suggested that this hyperexcitability in neurons is due to altered sodium channel expression in some chronic pain syndromes (Tanaka et al., Neuroreport 1998; 9(6):967-72). Increased numbers of sodium channels leading to inappropriate, repetitive firing of the neurons have been reported in the tips of injured axons in various peripheral nervous tissues such as the DRG, which relay signals from the peripheral receptors to the central nervous system (Waxman and Brill, Biophys J 1978; 21(2):147-60; Devor et al., Neurosci Lett 1989;102(2-3):149-54; Matzner and Devor, Brain Res 1992; 597(1):92-98). Transcripts encoding the αΠ subunit, which are present at only very low levels in control DRG neurons, are expressed at moderate to high levels in axotomized DRG neurons together with elevated levels of αI and αII mRNAs (Waxman et al, Brain Res Mol Brain Res 1994; 22(1-4):275-89). Conversely, transcripts of sodium channel α subnits in the sensory nervous system are down-regulated in DRG neurons following axotomy (Dib-Hajj et al., Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A. 1996; 93(25):14950-4). Furthermore, the partial efficacy of sodium blocking agents is well documented in patients treated for neuropathic pain (Omana-Zapata et al., Pain 1997; 7 2(1-2):41-9; Rizzo, J Neurophysiol 1997; 77(1):236-46), providing an important link between increased sodium channel expression and

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neuropathic pain. Therefore, alterations in sodium channel expression and subsequent function may be a key molecular event underlying the pathophysiology of pain after peripheral nerve injury.

The partial type III isoform (α-subunit) of the human sodium channel gene, SCN3A, isolated from placenta, was first described by Malo et al. (Proc Natl Acad Sci U SA 1994; 91(8):2975-9; GenBank Accession No. S69887). Two alternative isoforms, neonatal and adult forms, of SCN3A were thereafter identified in human brain tissue by Lu and Brown (J Mol Neurosci 1998;10(1):67-70; GenBank Accession Nos. AF035685 and AF035686, respectively). These isoforms contained a 92 amino acid insert within a region containing putative splice sites (identified through sequence homology with the rat type III brain sequence). The complete coding sequences for human SCN3A genomic DNA and mRNA (and the corresponding protein sequence) also cloned from human brain, was described by Clare et al. (Ann NY Acad Sci. 1999;868:80-3; GenBank Accession Nos. AJ251507 (SEQ ID NO: 3-Figure 3) and AF225987 (SEQ ID NO: 4-Figure 4, respectively).

Most recently, in 2000, Jeong et al. submitted to GenBank an mRNA sequence encoding a splice variant of human SCN3A (Accession No. AF225987; SEQ ID NO: 5-Figure 5). The amino acid sequence of this splice variant contained a 49-amino acid insert from residues 624 to 673 (SEQ ID NO: 6 - Figure 6), when compared with the sequence described by Clare et al. (*supra*).

There remains a need in the art to identify and characterize additional human sodium channels and variants thereof, in order to assist in the identification of drug candidates that can be used to treat conditions involving or associated with over-or under-expression, or over- or under-activated sodium channels.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention provides a novel splice variant of human sodium channel III α subunit, designated herein as "hNaIII18", having the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 2 (Figure 2).

The present application also provides an isolated nucleic acid having a nucleotide sequence encoding the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 2. In one embodiment, the nucleic acid has the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 (Figure

1). In another embodiment, the nucleic acid has a nucleotide sequence that is a degenerate variant of SEQ ID NO: 1. In yet another embodiment, the invention provides an isolated nucleic acid that hybridizes under stringent conditions to a nucleic acid having the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1, and preferably encodes a protein having the same function as a protein having the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 2.

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The isolated nucleic acid encoding hNaIII18 can be a part of a recombinant vector, e.g., for cloning, expression, and/or expansion. An expression vector comprises the nucleic acid encoding hNaIII18 operably associated with an expression control sequence. The invention further provides host cells containing such a vector, and methods for producing the hNaIII18 subunit polypeptide using such host cells.

In addition, the invention provides an isolated nucleic acid oligonucleotide, such as a primer or probe, of at least 10 bases, more particularly of at least 20, and more particularly of at least 30 bases, which oligonucleotide has a nucleotide sequence identical to a corresponding nucleotide sequence of the same number of contiguous bases in SEQ ID NO: 1, or its complement, which nucleotide sequence is unique and specific to the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1, and/or different from corresponding oligonucleotide sequences encoding known sodium channel subunits. The invention also provides an antibody that preferentiallyh binds the hNaIII18 subunit protein of the invention compared to other known sodium channel subunits.

The present invention further provides a method for detecting expression of hNaIII18 in a cell or sample derived from a cell, which method comprises: (i) detecting mRNA encoding hNaIII18 in a cell or in a sample derived from a cell suspected of expressing hNaIII18; or (ii) detecting hNaIII18 protein in a cell or in a sample derived from a cell with an antibody of the invention.

The present invention further provides an assay system for identifying modulators of hNaIII18 subunit containing sodium channels. The assay system comprises at least one cell genetically engineered to express or overexpress hNaIII18 as part of a functional sodium channel, which can be used to screen for and thereby identify modulators of a hNaIII18-containing sodium channel. In a preferred

embodiment, cells useful in conducting the assay are mammalian cells useful in such screening methods including, e.g., human embryonic kidney cells such as HEK293 cells, or cells such as *Xenopus* cells

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

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Figure 1 shows the cDNA sequence of hNaIII18 of the present invention.

Figure 2 shows the amino acid sequence of hNaIII18 of the present invention.

Figure 3 shows the cDNA sequence of human SCN3A of Clare et al. (supra) (GenBank Accession No. AJ251507).

Figure 4 shows the amino sequence of human SCN3A of Clare et al. (supra) (GenBank Accession No. AJ251507).

Figure 5 shows the cDNA of a human sodium channel α -subunit variant by Jeong et al. (GenBank Accession No. AF225987).

Figure 6 shows the amino acid sequence a human sodium channel α -subunit variant by Jeong et al. (GenBank Accession No. AF225987).

Figure 7 shows a cDNA alignment of the hNaIII18 of the present invention, with that of the human SCN3A of Clare et al. (supra), and that of Jeong et al. (supra)

Figure 8 shows the amino acid alignment of the hNaIII18 of the present invention, with that of the human SCN3A of Clare et al. (supra), and that of Jeong et al. (supra)

Figure 9A-D shows results of electrophysiology of hNaIII18-transfected HEK293 cells. Figure 9A demonstrates the activation threshold voltage; Figure 9B, the steady state V $\frac{1}{2}$ inactivation voltage; Figure 9C, the recovery time after inactivation; and Figure 9D, the inactivation kinetics.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The present invention is based, in part, on the discovery of a splice variant of the human NaIII channel α subunit. The human NaIII α subunit isoform, designated herein as "hNaIII18", was cloned by RT-PCR from human embryonic

brain total RNA (Clontech, Palo Alto, CA), using human NaIII specific primers. Primers were designed from a sequence identified by searching the NCBI Human Genome database, using the human NaIII mRNA sequence (GenBank accession no. AJ251507) using reverse-transcriptase PCR (RT-PCR). PCR fragments were cloned into the mammalian expression vector and the complete DNA sequence was determined.

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The hNaIII18 sequence of the invention contains an additional 147 nucleotides that do not appear in the human NaIII cDNA mentioned above (SEQ ID NO: 3). Splicing in this region (nucleotides +9 to +96) had been described for the rat NaIII sodium channel, but not for the human NaIII channel when this work was initiated. The nucleotide sequence of Jeong et al. 2000, *supra*, also containing the 147 nucleotide insert and encoding an amino acid sequence similar to that of SEQ ID NO: 2, was deposited in GenBank (Accession No. AF225987, SEQ ID NO: 5), and is described in International PCT publication WO 01/96552 (in Japanese). The novel sequence (SEQ ID NO: 1) presented herein differs from that of SEQ ID NO:5 by 37 nucleotides out of 6093 aligned. None of the differences are found within the 147-nucleotide insertion. The amino acid sequence presented herein in SEQ ID NO: 2, differs from the SEQ ID NO:5 amino acid sequence by 12 amino acids out of 2000, with none of the differences being found in the region containing the 49 amino acid insert.

Transient transfection of the novel splice variant of the invention (SEQ ID NO: 1) results in expression of functional sodium channels in mammalian cells (cell line HEK293). Stable transfection and expression of the hNaIII18 also was achieved in HEK293 cells.

Protein expression was confirmed in the stably transfected HEK293 cells by immunocytochemistry and Western blotting. A protein having a size of about 220 kD protein, corresponding to the expected molecular weight of hNaIII18 was identified. Functional hNaIII18 activity was confirmed by electrophysiology.

Thus, the present invention advantageously provides hNaIII18 protein, including fragments and derivatives thereof; hNaIII18-encoding nucleic acids, and portions thereof including oligonucleotide primers and probes surrounding and within the region containing the 147 nucleotide insert, and hNaIII18 regulatory sequences;

hNaIII18-specific antibodies; and related methods of using these materials to detect the presence of hNaIII18 proteins or nucleic acids.

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The present invention also provides an assay method for screening to identify selective modulators of hNaIII18-containing sodium ion channel activity. The method involves detecting whether a test compound increases or decreases the activity of the sodium channel, as determined, e.g., by measuring current phase (electrophysiology) and ion selectivity. The assay method is preferably conducted using at least one host cell that expresses or overexpresses a functional sodium channel comprising hNaIII18, or a membrane preparation prepared therefrom. In one embodiment, the test compound inhibits (antagonizes) the activity of the sodium channel. In another embodiment, the test compound potentiates (agonizes) the activity of the sodium channel. The test system preferably involves the use of an appropriate cell culture medium to permit cell growth and viability, as well as tissue culture plates or arrays containing the host cells in the cell culture medium. In specific embodiments, host cells are mammalian cell lines such as, e.g., the HEK293 cell line, although appropriate cells from other organisms, such as, e.g., Xenopus cells, can alternatively be utilized.

The specification and figures include the following nucleotide or amino acid sequences: hNaIII18 polynucleotide (SEQ ID NO:1); hNaIII18 amino acid sequence (SEQ ID NO:2); SCN3A nucleotide sequence (SEQ ID NO:3; Clare et al., supra; GenBank AJ251507); SCN3A amino acid sequence (SEQ ID NO:4; Clare et al., supra; GenBank AJ201507); SCN3A splice variant nucleotide sequence (SEQ ID NO:5; Jeong et al., supra; GenBank AF225987); SCN3A splice variant amino acid sequence (SEQ ID NO:6; Jeong et al., supra; GenBank AF225987); forward primer utilized in Example 1 (SEQ ID NO:7); and reverse primer utilized in Example 1 (SEQ ID NO:8).

General Definitions

The following definitions are provided for clarity and illustrative purposes only, and are not intended to limit the scope of the invention.

As used herein, the term "isolated" means that the referenced material is removed from the environment in which it is normally found. Thus, an isolated

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biological material can be free of cellular components, i.e., components of the cells in which the material is found or produced in nature. In the case of nucleic acid molecules, an isolated nucleic acid includes a PCR product, an mRNA, a cDNA, or a restriction fragment. In another embodiment, an isolated nucleic acid is preferably excised from the chromosome in which it may be found, and more preferably is no longer joined to non-regulatory, non-coding regions, or to other genes, located upstream or downstream of the gene contained by the isolated nucleic acid molecule when found in the chromosome. In yet another embodiment, the isolated nucleic acid lacks one or more naturally occurring introns. Isolated nucleic acid molecules include sequences inserted into plasmids, cosmids, artificial chromosomes, phages and the like. Thus, in a specific embodiment, a recombinant nucleic acid is an isolated nucleic acid. An isolated protein may be associated with other proteins or nucleic acids, or both, with which it associates in the cell, or with cellular membranes if it is a membrane-associated protein. A protein expressed from a vector in a cell, particularly a cell in which the protein is normally not expressed, is also a regarded as isolated. An isolated organelle, cell, or tissue is removed from the anatomical site in which it is found in a cell or an organism. An isolated material may be, but need not be, purified. As used herein to refer to nucleic acids, the term "isolated" does not encompass man-made genomic or cDNA libraries.

The term "purified" as used herein refers to material that has been isolated under conditions that reduce or eliminate the presence of unrelated materials, *i.e.*, contaminants, including native materials from which the material is obtained. For example, a purified protein is preferably substantially free of other proteins or nucleic acids with which it is associated in a cell; a purified nucleic acid molecule is preferably substantially free of proteins or other unrelated nucleic acid molecules with which it can be found within a cell. As used herein, the term "substantially free" is used operationally, in the context of analytical testing of the material. Preferably, purified material substantially free of contaminants. Purity can be evaluated by chromatography, gel electrophoresis, immunoassay, composition analysis, biological assay, and other methods known in the art.

Methods for purification are well-known in the art. For example, nucleic acids can be purified by precipitation, chromatography (including preparative

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solid phase chromatography, oligonucleotide hybridization, and triple helix chromatography), ultracentrifugation, and other means. Polypeptides and proteins can be purified by various methods including, without limitation, preparative disc-gel electrophoresis, isoelectric focusing, HPLC, reversed-phase HPLC, gel filtration, ion exchange and partition chromatography, precipitation and salting-out chromatography, extraction, and countercurrent distribution. For some purposes, it is preferable to produce the protein in a recombinant system so that it contains an additional sequence tag that facilitates purification, such as, but not limited to, a polyhistidine sequence (His®-tag; Novagen, Madison, WI), or a sequence that specifically binds to an antibody, such as the FLAG® tag (Sigma, St. Louis, MO), HA-tag (Roche Diagnostics, Indianapolis, IN), or that can be column-purified such as via the use of glutathione-S-transferase (GST). The polypeptide can then be purified from a crude lysate of the host cell by chromatography on an appropriate solid-phase matrix. Alternatively, antibodies produced against the protein or against peptides derived therefrom can be used as purification reagents. Cells can be purified by various techniques, including centrifugation, matrix separation (e.g., nylon wool separation), panning and other immunoselection techniques, depletion (e.g., complement depletion of contaminating cells), and cell sorting (e.g., fluorescence activated cell sorting (FACS)). Other purification methods are possible. A purified material may contain less than about 50%, preferably less than about 75%, and most preferably less than about 90%, by weight of the cellular components with which it was originally associated. The "substantially pure" indicates the highest degree of purity that can be achieved using conventional purification techniques known in the art.

In a specific embodiment, the term "about" or "approximately" means plus or minus 10% of the stated numerical value or range.

As use herein, the term "ion channel" refers to a transmembrane pore that presents a hydrophilic channel for ions to cross a lipid bilayer down their electrochemical gradients. In a preferred embodiment, the ion channel is a voltage-gated sodium ion channel. A "sodium channel" is an ion channel that is selective for sodium ions.

A "sample" as used herein refers to a biological material that can be obtained and tested for the presence or expression of: (i) an hNaIII18 subunit-containing ion channel; or (ii) an hNaIII18 subunit protein; or (iii) an hNaIII18 subunit-encoding nucleic acid. Such samples can be obtained from animal, preferably mammalian, and more preferably human subjects, and include tissue samples, especially CNS or PNS tissues, as well as cell cultures derived from such tissues. Alternatively, such samples can comprise cells genetically engineered to express or overexpress an hNaIII18 subunit-containing ion channel or an hNaIII18 subunit protein. Such cells are preferably eukaryotic, but may alternatively be prokaryotic cells. Eukaryotic cells are preferably mammalian cells, but may alternatively be *Xenopus* cells.

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Non-human animals include, without limitation, laboratory animals such as mice, rats, rabbits, hamsters, guinea pigs, etc.; domestic animals such as dogs and cats; and farm animals such as sheep, goats, pigs, horses, and cows.

The term "modulator" refers to a compound that binds to an ion channel comprising the hNaIII18 subunit protein of the invention and differentially affects the activity of the ion channel in response to a stimulus that normally activates the function of that ion channel when compared to the activity of the ion channel not contacted with the compound. Ion channel activity can be measured, *e.g.*, using electrophysiological techniques, or according to other known methods in the art. In a preferred embodiment, the ion channel is a sodium channel.

The terms "inhibitor" and antagonist refer to a compound that binds to the ion channel comprising hNaIII18, and blocks, inhibits, impedes or reduces the activity of that ion channel.

An "agonist" is defined as a compound that binds to the ion channel comprising hNaIII18, and promotes, enhances, stimulates or potentiates the normal biological function of the sodium channel. A "partial agonist" binds as to the ion channel or a subunit thereof, as does a full agonist, but promotes only partial function.

As used herein the term "transfected cell" or "transformed cell" refers to a host cell that has been genetically engineered to express or overexpress a nucleic acid encoding a hNaIII18 subunit, preferably in combination with one or more β subunits such as, e.g., β -subunits 1-3 as described in GenBank Accession Nos.

U87445, AF007783, AH005825, AF007783, AF04948, L10338 and L16242, among others. Any cell can be used, preferably a eukaryotic cell, and more preferably a vertebrate cells, preferably a mammalian cell, or a *Xenopus* cell. Such cells additionally can be genetically engineered to coexpress or overexpress a different sodium channel subunit. Such genetically engineered cells include those cells into which one or more heterologous hNaIII18-encoding nucleic acids have been introduced and are expressed or overexpressed. Such genetically engineered cells also include those cells engineered to express or overexpress one or more endogenous hNaIII18 subunits, for example, by gene activation technology.

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Such cells are particularly suitable to conduct an assay to screen for compounds that modulate the function of the hNaIII18 subunit-containing sodium channel in response to an appropriate stimulus (e.g., TTX). An "assay method" typically makes use of one or more such cells, e.g., in a microwell plate or some other culture system. The effects of a test compound can be determined on a single cell or on a collection of cells sufficient to allow measurement of ionic current, activation threshold, or ionic permeability characteristics of the hNaIII18 subunit-containing sodium channels. For example, single cells can be tested, e.g., by use of patch clamp or other appropriate electrophysiological techniques.

A "test compound" or "candidate compound" is any molecule that can be tested for its ability to bind to the hNaIII18 subunit-containing sodium channel, or to a subunit thereof, and preferably modulate on the activity of the hNaIII18 subunit-containing sodium channel. A compound that binds and modulates a hNaIII18 subunit-containing sodium channel is a "lead compound" suitable for further testing and development.

The term "ligand" can alternatively be used to refer to any compound or peptide or polypeptide that binds to and modulates the activity of a hNaIII18 subunit, or a sodium channel comprising hNAIII18.

The term "pain disorder" includes chronic pain, defined as pain lasting longer than one month (Bonica, Semin Anesth 1986, 5:82-99), and is characterized by unrelenting persistent pain that is not amenable to routine pain control methods. The term "pain disorder" also includes neuropathic pain and nociceptive pain.

"Chronic pain" can be defined as pain lasting longer than one month (Bonica, Semin Anesth 1986, 5:82-99), and is characterized by unrelenting persistent pain that is not amenable to routine pain control methods. Chronic pain includes, but is not limited to, inflammatory pain, postoperative pain, cancer pain, osteoarthritis pain associated with metastatic cancer, trigeminal neuralgia, acute herpetic and postherpetic neuralgia, diabethic neuropathy, causalgia, brachial plexus avulsion, occipital neuralgia, reflex sympathetic dystrophy, fibromyalgia, gout, phantom limb pain, burn pain, pain associated with spinal cord injury, multiple sclerosis, reflex sympathetic dystrophy and lower back pain and other forms of neuralgia, neuropathic, and idiopathic pain syndromes.

"Neuropathic pain" can be caused by injury or infection of peripheral sensory nerves. It includes, but is not limited to pain from peripheral nerve trauma, herpes virus infection, diabetes mellitus, causalgia, plexus avulsion, neuroma, limb amputation, and vasculitis. Neuropathic pain is also caused by nerve damage from chronic alcoholism, human immunodeficiency virus infection, hypothyroidism, uremia, or vitamin deficiences. Neuropathic pain includes but is not limited to pain caused by nerve injury such as, for example, the pain from which diabetics suffer.

Chronic and neuropathic types of pain generally arises from injury to the peripheral or central nervous tissue.

"Nociceptive pain" is due to activation of pain-sensitive nerve fibers, either somatic or visceral. Nociceptive pain generally results as a response to direct tissue damage. The initial trauma causes the release of several chemicals including bradykinin, serotonin, substance P, histamine, and prostaglandin. When somatic nerves are involved, the pain is typically experienced as aching or pressure-like.

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Molecular Biology Definitions

In accordance with the present invention there may be employed conventional molecular biology, microbiology, and recombinant DNA techniques within the skill of the art. See, e.g., Sambrook, Fritsch & Maniatis, Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual, Second Edition (1989) Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Cold Spring Harbor, New York (herein "Sambrook et al., 1989"); DNA Cloning: A Practical Approach, Volumes I and II (D.N. Glover ed. 1985);

Oligonucleotide Synthesis (M.J. Gait ed. 1984); Nucleic Acid Hybridization [B.D. Hames & S.J. Higgins eds. (1985)]; Transcription And Translation [B.D. Hames & S.J. Higgins, eds. (1984)]; Animal Cell Culture [R.I. Freshney, ed. (1986)]; Immobilized Cells And Enzymes [IRL Press, (1986)]; B.Perbal, A Practical Guide To Molecular Cloning (1984); F.M. Ausubel et al. (eds.), Current Protocols in Molecular Biology, John Wiley & Sons, Inc. (1994).

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"Amplification" of DNA as used herein denotes the use of exponential amplification, techniques such as polymerase chain reaction (PCR), and non-exponential amplification, such as linked linear amplification, to increase the concentration of a particular DNA sequence within a mixture of DNA sequences. For a description of PCR see Saiki et al., Science 1988, 239:487. For a description of linked linear amplification, see U.S. Patent Nos. 6,335,184 and 6,027,923 and Reyes et al. Clinical Chemistry 2001; 47: 131-40; Wu et al. Genomics 1989; 4: 560-569.

As used herein, "sequence-specific oligonucleotides" refers to related sets of oligonucleotides that can be used to detect allelic variations or mutations in the hNaIII18 gene, or can be used for amplification of an hNAIII18 encoding-nucleic acid.

The nucleic acid molecules (polynucleotides) described herein may be flanked by natural regulatory (expression control) sequences, or may be associated with heterologous sequences, including promoters, internal ribosome entry sites (IRES) and other ribosome binding site sequences, enhancers, response elements, suppressors, signal sequences, polyadenylation sequences, introns, 5'- and 3'- non-coding regions, and the like. The nucleic acid molecules may also be modified by many means known in the art. Non-limiting examples of such modifications include methylation, "caps", substitution of one or more of the naturally occurring nucleotides with an analog, and internucleotide modifications such as, for example, replacement with uncharged linkages (e.g., methyl phosphonates, phosphotriesters, phosphoroamidates, carbamates, etc.) and with charged linkages (e.g., phosphorothioates, phosphorodithioates, etc.). Polynucleotides may contain one or more additional covalently linked moieties, such as, for example, proteins (e.g., nucleases, toxins, antibodies, signal peptides, poly-L-lysine, etc.), intercalators (e.g., acridine, psoralen, etc.), chelators (e.g., metals, radioactive metals, iron, oxidative

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metals, etc.), and alkylators. The polynucleotides may be derivatized by formation of a methyl or ethyl phosphotriester or an alkyl phosphoramidate linkage. Furthermore, the polynucleotides herein may also be modified with a label capable of providing a detectable signal, either directly or indirectly. Exemplary labels include radioisotopes, fluorescent molecules, biotin, and the like.

A "coding sequence" or a sequence "encoding" an expression product, such as an RNA, polypeptide, protein, or enzyme, is a nucleotide sequence that, when expressed, results in the production of that RNA or polypeptide, *i.e.*, the nucleotide sequence encodes an amino acid sequence for that polypeptide. A coding sequence or "open reading frame (ORF)" for a polypeptide will typically include a start codon (usually ATG) and a stop codon.

The term "gene", also called a "structural gene" refers to a basic unit of hereditary material. Specifically a gene is an ordered sequence of DNA nucleotide bases that encodes one polypeptide chain (via mRNA). The gene includes regions preceding and following the coding region (such as promoter sequences, a 5'-untranslated region, and a 3'-untranslated region, which affect, for example, the conditions under which the gene is expressed) as well as (in eukaryotes) intervening sequences (introns) between individual coding segments (exons).

A "promoter sequence" is a DNA regulatory region capable of binding RNA polymerase in a cell and initiating transcription of a downstream (3' direction) coding sequence. For purposes of defining the present invention, the promoter sequence is bounded at its 3' terminus by the transcription initiation site and extends upstream (5' direction) to include the minimum number of bases or elements necessary to initiate transcription at levels detectable above background. Within the promoter sequence will be found a transcription initiation site (conveniently defined for example, by mapping with nuclease S1), as well as protein binding domains (consensus sequences) responsible for the binding of RNA polymerase. The present invention includes the hNaIII18 gene promoter found in the genome, which can be operatively associated with a hNaIII18 coding sequence with a heterologous coding sequence.

The term "host cell" means any cell of any organism that is selected, modified, transformed, grown, or used or manipulated in any way, for the production

of a substance by the cell, for example, the expression by the cell of a gene, a DNA or RNA sequence, or a polypeptide. Host cells can further be used for screening or other assays, as described *infra*.

A coding sequence is "under the control of" or "operatively associated with" transcriptional and translational control sequences in a cell when such control sequences operate to effect RNA polymerase transcription of the coding sequence into mRNA, which is then trans-RNA spliced (if it contains introns) and translated, in the case of mRNA, into the protein encoded by the coding sequence.

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The terms "express" and "expression" mean allowing or causing the information in a gene or cDNA or mRNA sequence to become manifest, for example, by producing a protein by activating the cellular functions_involved in transcription and translation of a corresponding gene, cDNA or mRNA sequence. A gene or cDNA sequence is expressed in or by a cell to form an "expression product" such as a protein. The expression product itself, e.g., the resulting protein, may also be said to be "expressed" by the cell. An expression product can be characterized as intracellular, extracellular, transmembrane, or secreted depending on the particular product. The hNaIII18 subunit protein of the invention is typically expressed as a transmembrane protein with intracellular and extracellular domains.

The term "transfection" means the introduction of a "foreign" (i.e., extrinsic or extracellular) gene, DNA or RNA sequence into a host cell so that the host cell will express the introduced gene or sequence to produce a desired substance, typically a protein encoded by the introduced gene or sequence. The introduced gene or sequence may also be called a "cloned" or "foreign" or "heterologous" gene or sequence, and may include regulatory or control sequences, such as start, stop, promoter, signal, secretion, or other sequences used by a cell's genetic machinery. The gene or sequence may include non-functional sequences or sequences with no known function.

The term "transformation" refers to the process by which DNA is introduced from the surrounding medium into a prokaryotic host cell.

The term "transduction" refers to the introduction of DNA into a prokaryotic host cell via a bacterial virus, or bacteriophage.

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A prokaryotic or eukaryotic host cell that receives and expresses introduced DNA or RNA has been "transformed" and is a "transformant" or a "clone." The DNA or RNA introduced into a host cell can come from any source, including cells of the same genus or species as the host cell, or cells of a different genus or species, or synthetic sequences.

The transformed cells of the invention are particularly suitable for an assay system for the detection of compounds that modulate the function of hNaIII18 subunit-containing sodium channels in response to activation, e.g., in response to exposure TTX. An "assay method" makes use of one or more such cells, e.g., in a microwell plate or some other culture or assay system to permit evaluation of the effects of a test compound on the cell(s), e.g., by measuring ionic current or activation threshold characteristics of the hNaIII18 subunit-containing sodium channel.

The term "recombinantly engineered cell" refers to any prokaryotic or eukaryotic cell that has been manipulated to express or overexpress the hNaIII18 subunit by any appropriate method, including transfection, transformation or transduction. This term also includes endogenous activation of a hNaIII18 gene in a cell that does not normally express hNaIII18 or that expresses the protein at a suboptimal level.

The terms "vector", "cloning vector" and "expression vector" mean the vehicle by which a DNA or RNA sequence (e.g., a foreign gene) can be introduced into a host cell, so as to transform the host and promote expression (e.g., transcription and translation) of the introduced sequence. Vectors include plasmids, cosmids, phages, viruses, etc.; they are discussed in greater detail below.

Vectors typically comprise the DNA of a transmissible agent, into which foreign DNA is inserted. A common way to insert one segment of DNA into another segment of DNA involves the use of restriction enzymes to cleave DNA at specific restriction sites. A "cassette" refers to a DNA coding sequence or segment of DNA that codes for an expression product that can be inserted into a vector at defined restriction sites. The cassette restriction sites are designed to ensure insertion of the cassette in the proper reading frame. Generally, foreign DNA is inserted at one or more restriction sites of the vector DNA, and then is carried by the vector into a host cell along with the transmissible vector DNA. A segment or sequence of DNA

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having inserted or added DNA, such as an expression vector, can also be called a "DNA construct." A common type of vector is a plasmid. A plasmid vector often contains coding DNA and promoter DNA and has one or more restriction sites suitable for inserting foreign DNA. Coding DNA is a DNA sequence that encodes a particular amino acid sequence for a particular protein. Promoter DNA is a DNA sequence that initiates, regulates, or otherwise mediates or controls the expression of the coding DNA. Promoter DNA and coding DNA may be from the same gene or from different genes, and may be from the same or different organisms. A large number of vectors, including plasmid and fungal vectors, have been described for replication and/or expression in a variety of eukaryotic and prokaryotic hosts. Nonlimiting examples include pKK plasmids (Clonetech), pUC plasmids, pET plasmids (Novagen, Inc., Madison, WI), pRSET or pREP plasmids (Invitrogen, San Diego. CA), or pMAL plasmids (New England Biolabs, Beverly, MA), and many appropriate host cells. Recombinant cloning vectors will often include one or more replication systems for cloning or expression, one or more markers for selection in the host, e.g., antibiotic resistance, and one or more expression cassettes.

The term "expression system" means a host cell and compatible vector under suitable conditions, e.g., for the expression of a protein coded for by foreign DNA carried by the vector and introduced to the host cell. Common expression systems include E. coli host cells and plasmid vectors, insect host cells and baculovirus vectors, and mammalian host cells and vectors.

The term "heterologous" refers to a combination of elements not naturally occurring. For example, heterologous DNA refers to DNA not naturally present in that cell. Alternativley, heterologous DNA refers to combinations of sequences that do not naturally occur together in that cell, e.g., promoter sequences from a gene from one cell type linked to coding sequences of a gene that is not normally controlled by that promoter or expressed by another cell type. Preferably, the heterologous DNA includes a gene foreign to the cell. A heterologous expression regulatory element is such an element operatively associated with a different gene than the one it is operatively associated with in nature. In the context of the present invention, a hNaIII18 gene is heterologous to the vector DNA in which it is inserted

for cloning or expression purposes, and is heterologous to a host cell containing such a vector in which it is expressed, e.g., a HEK cell.

The terms "mutant" and "mutation" mean any detectable change in genetic material, e.g., DNA, or any process, mechanism, or result of such a change. This includes gene mutations in which the structure (e.g., DNA sequence) of a gene is altered; any gene or DNA arising from any mutation process; and any expression product (e.g., protein or enzyme) expressed by a non-silent modification of a gene or DNA sequence. The term "variant" may also be used to indicate a modified or altered gene, DNA sequence, polypeptide, cell, etc., i.e., any kind of mutant therefrom.

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"Sequence-conservative variants" or "degenerate variants" of a polynucleotide sequence are those in which a change of one or more nucleotides in a given codon position results in no alteration in the amino acid encoded at that position.

"Function-conservative variants" are those in which a given amino acid residue in a protein has been changed without substantially altering the function of the polypeptide, including, but not limited to, replacement of an amino acid with a residue having similar properties (such as, for example, polarity, hydrogen bonding potential, acidic, basic, hydrophobic, aromatic, and the like). Amino acids with similar properties are well known in the art. For example, arginine, histidine and lysine are hydrophilic-basic amino acids and may be interchangeable. Similarly, isoleucine, a hydrophobic amino acid, may be replaced with leucine, methionine or valine. Such changes are expected to have little or no effect on the apparent molecular weight, isoelectric point, or function of the protein. Amino acid residues may be varied in a protein so that the percent amino acid sequence identity between the original protein and the variant may be, for example, at least 70%, 80%, 90%, 95% or 99%, as determined according to a default alignment scheme such as by the Cluster Method, wherein similarity is based on the MEGALIGN algorithm, or BLAST. A "functionconservative variant" of the present invention includes those polypeptides having the above-described amino acid sequence identities, and having the same or substantially similar functions as the native or parent hNaIII18 subunit protein of the invention

As used herein, the term "homologous" refers to the relationship between proteins that possess a "common evolutionary origin," including proteins

from superfamilies (e.g., the immunoglobulin superfamily) and homologous proteins from different species (e.g., myosin light chain, etc.) (Reeck et al., Cell 1987, 50:667). Such proteins (and their encoding genes) have sequence homology, as reflected by their sequence similarity or sequence identity, whether in terms of percent similarity or the presence of specific residues or motifs at conserved positions.

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Accordingly, the term "sequence similarity" or "sequence identity" refers to the degree of identity or correspondence between nucleic acid or amino acid sequences of proteins that may or may not share a common evolutionary origin (see Reeck et al., *supra*). However, in common usage and in the instant application, the term "homologous," when modified with an adverb such as "highly," may refer to sequence similarity and may or may not relate to a common evolutionary origin.

In a specific embodiment, two DNA sequences are "substantially homologous" or "substantially similar" when at least about 80%, and most preferably at least about 90, 95% or 99% of the nucleotides match over the defined length of the DNA sequences, as determined by sequence comparison algorithms, such as BLAST, FASTA, DNA Strider, etc. An example of such a sequence is an allelic or species variant of the specific hNaIII18 gene of the invention. Sequences that are substantially homologous can be identified by comparing the sequences using standard software available in sequence data banks, or in a Southern hybridization experiment under, for example, stringent conditions as defined for that particular system.

Similarly, in a particular embodiment, two amino acid sequences are "substantially homologous" or "substantially similar" when greater than 80%, 90%, 95% or 99% of the amino acids are identical. Preferably, the similar or homologous sequences are identified by alignment using, for example, the GCG (Genetics Computer Group, Program Manual for the GCG Package, Version 7, Madison, Wisconsin) pileup program, or any of the programs described above (BLAST, FASTA, etc.).

A nucleic acid molecule is "hybridizable" to another nucleic acid molecule, such as a cDNA, genomic DNA, or RNA, when a single stranded form of the nucleic acid molecule can anneal to the other nucleic acid molecule or its complement under the appropriate conditions of temperature and solution ionic

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strength (see Sambrook et al., supra). The conditions of temperature and ionic strength determine the "stringency" of the hybridization. For preliminary screening for homologous nucleic acids, low stringency hybridization conditions, using a Tm (melting temperature) in the range of about 55°C with low salt and/or denaturant concentrations, can be used, e.g., 5x SSC, 0.1% SDS, 0.25% milk, and no formamide; or 30% formamide, 5x SSC, 0.5% SDS. Moderate stringency hybridization conditions correspond to use of a higher Tm, and higher concentrations of salt and/or denaturants, e.g., 40% formamide, with 5x or 6x SSC. High stringency hybridization conditions correspond to the highest Tm and concentrations of salt/and/or denaturants, e.g., 68°C, 50% formamide, 5x or 6x SSC. SSC is a 0.15M NaCl, 0.015M Na-citrate buffer. Hybridization requires that the two nucleic acids contain complementary sequences, although depending on the stringency of the hybridization, mismatches between bases are possible. The appropriate stringency for hybridizing nucleic acids depends on the length of the nucleic acids and the degree of complementation, as known in the art. The greater the degree of similarity or homology between two nucleotide sequences, the higher the value of Tm for hybrids of nucleic acids having those sequences. The relative stability (corresponding to higher Tm) of nucleic acid hybridizations decreases in the following order: RNA:RNA, DNA:RNA, DNA:DNA. For hybrids of greater than 100 nucleotides in length, equations for calculating Tm have been derived (see Sambrook et al. 1989, supra, 9.50-9.51). For hybridization with shorter nucleic acids, i.e., oligonucleotides, the position of mismatches becomes more important, and the length of the oligonucleotide determines its specificity (see Sambrook et al., supra, 11.7-11.8). A minimum length for a hybridizable nucleic acid is at least about 10 nucleotides; preferably at least about 15 nucleotides; and more preferably at least about 20 nucleotides.

In a specific embodiment, the term "standard hybridization conditions" refers to a Tm of 55°C, and utilizes conditions as set forth above. In a preferred embodiment, the Tm is about 60°C; in a more preferred embodiment, the Tm is about 65°C. In a specific embodiment, "high stringency" refers to hybridization and/or washing conditions at 68°C, in 0.2 x SSC, at 42°C in 50% formamide, 4x SSC, or under conditions that afford levels of hybridization equivalent to those observed under either of these two conditions.

As used herein, the term "oligonucleotide" refers to a nucleic acid, generally of at least 10, preferably at least 15, and more preferably at least 20 nucleotides, preferably no more than 100 nucleotides, that is hybridizable to a genomic DNA molecule, a cDNA molecule, or an mRNA molecule, or other nucleic acid of interest. Oligonucleotides can be labeled, e.g., with γ³²P-nucleotides or nucleotides to which a label, such as biotin, has been covalently conjugated. In one embodiment, a labeled oligonucleotide can be used as a probe to detect the presence of a nucleic acid. In another embodiment, oligonucleotides (one or both of which may be labeled) can be used as PCR primers, either for cloning a full length nucleic acid or a fragment of a nucleic acid encoding the hNaIII18 subunit, or to detect the presence of nucleic acids encoding hNaIII18. In a further embodiment, an oligonucleotide of the invention can form a triple helix with a hNaIII18-encoding DNA molecule. Generally, oligonucleotides are prepared synthetically, preferably on a nucleic acid synthesizer. Accordingly, oligonucleotides can be prepared with non-naturally occurring phosphoester analog bonds, such as thioester bonds, etc.

The present invention also provides antisense nucleic acids, which may be used to inhibit expression of the hNaIII18 subunit protein of the invention.

Inhibition of hNaIII18 expression may be desired when upregulation of hNaIII18 expression or excessive activation of an hNaIII18-containing ion channel induces or otherwise contributes to an increase in pain or a pain disorder in a subject.

An "antisense nucleic acid" is a single stranded nucleic acid molecule, which may be DNA, RNA, a DNA-RNA chimera, or derivatives thereof, which, on hybridizing under cytoplasmic conditions with complementary bases in an RNA or DNA molecule, inhibits the expression or translation of the encoded gene. If the RNA is an mRNA transcript, the antisense nucleic acid is a counter-transcript or mRNA-interfering complementary nucleic acid. As presently used, "antisense" broadly includes RNA-RNA interactions, RNA-DNA interactions, and RNase-H mediated arrest. Antisense nucleic acid molecules can be encoded by a recombinant gene for expression in a cell (e.g., U.S. Patent No. 5,814,500; U.S. Patent No. 5,811,234), or alternatively they can be prepared synthetically (see, e.g., U.S. Patent No. 5,780,607).

In addition to antisense sequences, the present invention also provides ribozymes useful to inhibit hNaIII18 expression. Ribozyme technology is described further in Intracellular Ribozyme Applications: Principals and Protocols, Ed. Rossi and Couture, 1999, Horizon Scientific Press

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hNaIII18 Nucleic Acids

A polynucleotide molecule encoding hNaIII18, whether genomic DNA or cDNA, can be isolated from any source, particularly from a human cDNA or genomic library. Methods for obtaining specific polynucleotide molecules gene are well known in the art, as described above (see, e.g., Sambrook et al., 1989, supra). The DNA may be obtained by standard procedures known in the art from cloned DNA (e.g., a DNA "library"), and preferably is obtained from a cDNA library prepared from tissues with high level expression of the encoded protein, by chemical synthesis, by cDNA cloning, or by the cloning of genomic DNA, or fragments thereof, purified from the desired cell (See, for example, Sambrook et al., 1989, supra; Glover, D.M. (ed.), 1985, DNA Cloning: A Practical Approach, MRL Press, Ltd., Oxford, U.K. Vol. I, II). Clones derived from genomic DNA may contain regulatory and intron DNA regions in addition to coding regions. Clones derived from cDNA will not contain intron sequences. Whatever the source, the polynucleotide molecule should be cloned into a vector suitable for its propagation. Identification of a specific DNA fragment containing the desired hNaIII18-encoding sequence may be accomplished in a number of ways. For example, a portion of a hNaIII18 encoding polynucleotide molecule exemplified infra can be purified and labeled to prepare a labeled probe, and the generated DNA library may be screened by nucleic acid hybridization to the labeled probe (Benton and Davis, Science 1977, 196:180; Grunstein and Hogness, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 1975, 72:3961). Those DNA fragments with substantial homology to the probe, such as an allelic variant from another individual, will hybridize. In a specific embodiment, highest stringency hybridization conditions are used to identify a homologous hNaIII18 gene.

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Further selection can be carried out on the basis of the properties of the gene, e.g., if the gene encodes a protein product having the same physicochemical profile (i.e., isoelectric, electrophoretic, electrophysiological, amino acid composition,

partial or complete amino acid sequence, antibody binding activity, or ligand binding profile) of the hNaIII18 subunit protein disclosed herein. Thus, the presence of the nucleic acid may be detected by assays based on the physical, chemical, immunological, or functional properties of its expressed product.

Other DNA sequences which encode substantially the same amino acid sequence as a hNaIII18 gene may be used in the practice of the present invention. These include but are not limited to allelic variants, species variants, sequence conservative variants, and function conservative variants.

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Amino acid substitutions may also be introduced to substitute an amino acid with a particularly preferable property. For example, a Cys may be introduced at a potential site for disulfide bridges with another Cys.

Polynucleotide molecules encoding the hNaIII18 subunit, and the encodied polypeptide, derivatives and analogs thereof, can be produced by various methods known in the art. The manipulations which result in their production can occur at the gene or protein level. For example, the cloned hNaIII18 gene or cDNA sequence can be modified by any of numerous strategies known in the art (Sambrook et al., 1989, supra). The sequence can be cleaved at appropriate sites with restriction endonuclease(s), followed by further enzymatic modification if desired, isolated, and ligated in vitro. In the production of the polynucleotide molecule encoding a derivative or analog of hNaIII18, care should be taken to ensure that the modified polynucleotide sequence remains within the same translational reading frame as the hNaIII18 gene, uninterrupted by premature translational stop signals.

Additionally, the encoding nucleic acid sequence can be mutated *in vitro* or *in vivo* to create and/or destroy translation, initiation, and/or termination sequences, or to create variations in coding regions and/or form new restriction endonuclease sites or destroy preexisting ones, to facilitate further *in vitro* modification. Such modifications can be made to introduce restriction sites and facilitate cloning the polynucleotide molecule into an expression vector. Any technique for mutagenesis known in the art can be used, including but not limited to, *in vitro* site-directed mutagenesis (Hutchinson, C., *et al.*, J. Biol. Chem.1978; 253:6551; Zoller and Smith, DNA 1984; 3:479-488; Oliphant *et al.*, Gene 1986; 44:177; Hutchinson *et al.*, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A.1986; 83:710), use of TAB

linkers (Pharmacia), etc. PCR techniques are preferred for site directed mutagenesis (see Higuchi, 1989, "Using PCR to Engineer DNA", in PCR Technology: Principles and Applications for DNA Amplification, H. Erlich, ed., Stockton Press, Chapter 6, pp. 61-70).

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The identified and isolated polynucleotide molecule can then be inserted into an appropriate cloning vector. A large number of vector-host systems known in the art may be used. Possible vectors include, but are not limited to, plasmids or modified viruses, but the vector system must be compatible with the host cell used. Examples of vectors include, but are not limited to, E. coli, bacteriophages such as lambda derivatives, or plasmids such as Bluescript, pBR322 derivatives or pUC plasmid derivatives, e.g., pGEX vectors, pmal-c, pFLAG, etc. The insertion into a cloning vector can, for example, be accomplished by ligating the DNA fragment into a cloning vector that has complementary cohesive termini. However, if the complementary restriction sites used to fragment the DNA are not present in the cloning vector, the ends of the DNA molecules may be enzymatically modified. Alternatively, any restriction site desired may be produced by ligating nucleotide sequences (linkers) onto the DNA termini; these ligated linkers may comprise specific chemically synthesized oligonucleotides encoding restriction endonuclease recognition sequences. In addition, simple PCR or overlapping PCR may be used to insert a fragment into a cloning vector.

Recombinant molecules can be introduced into host cells via transformation, transfection, infection, electroporation, etc., so that many copies of the gene sequence are generated. Preferably, the cloned gene is contained on a shuttle vector plasmid, which provides for propagation in a cloning cell, e.g., E. coli, and facile purification for subsequent insertion into an appropriate expression cell line, if such is desired. For example, a shuttle vector, which is a vector that can replicate in more than one type of organism, can be prepared for replication in both E. coli and Saccharomyces cerevisiae by linking sequences from an E. coli plasmid with sequences from the yeast 2Φ plasmid.

In a preferred embodiment of the invention, the hNaIII18 sodium channel is cloned using a strategy designed to minimize mutations during cDNA

preparation, RT-PCR amplification, and growth in bacteria. This strategy is described in detail *infra*, in Example 1. The main points are summarized as follows:

First, as an alternative to conventional reverse transcriptases, which function optimally at temperatures of between 37 °C and 43 °C, this method employs an avian RNase (-) reverse transcriptase that functions optimally at temperatures between 50-65 °C. The higher temperature serves to decrease secondary structure of the RNA to produce higher cDNA yield.

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Second, for amplification of the cDNA, an enzyme mixture comprising the conventional thermostable Taq polymerase and Pwo polymerase is used. This mixture is optimized to produce very large PCR products with low error frequency, thus decreasing the mutation frequency.

Third, the number of cycles of amplification is decreased to about 28, as opposed to the typical 30-35 cycles to further reduce the possibility of mutation.

Fourth, the PCR products are electrophoresed and visualized on an agarose gel containing Crystal Violet stain, as opposed to ethidium bromide. Crystal Violet allows visualization in white light, eliminating the need for UV exposure. UV is known to induce mutations in ethidium bromide-stained DNA.

Fifth, to minimize recombination and mutation in plasmid DNA during amplification in bacteria, the PCRamplified cDNA is cloned into a low-copy number expression vector that is engineered to have limited replication cycles and contains a tetracycline-resistance gene as a selectable marker instead of an ampicillinresistance gene. Fewer replication cycles again reduces the error rate during DNA synthesis, and selection with tetracycline is less likely to induce mutations in the plasmid than is ampicillin.

Sixth, competent bacterial cells that are designed to optimize cloning of unstable inserts are selected for the transformation, and grown at a lower temperature (30-33°C versus 37°C) to decrease the growth rate and therefore, minimize the possibility of mutations. In addition, the cultures should be maintained in exponential (log) phase throughout growth, eliminating the possibility of mutations resulting from starvation, poor aeration, and accumulation of toxic metabolites.

Seventh, small tetracycline resistant colonies are chosen for evaluation rather than large ones. Human NaIII expression during growth is expected to be toxic to bacteria, thus transformed cells will yield smaller colonies.

hNaIII18 Regulatory Nucleic Acids

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Elements of the hNaIII18 promoter can be identified by scanning the human genomic region upstream of the hNaIII18 start site, e.g., by creating deletion mutants and checking for expression, or by using an algorithm. Sequences up to about 6 kilobases (kb) or more upstream from the hNaIII18 start site can contain tissue-specific regulatory elements.

The term "hNaIII18 promoter" encompasses artificial or heterologous promoters. Such promoters can be prepared by deleting non-essential intervening sequences from the upstream region of the hNaIII18 promoter, or by joining upstream regulatory elements from the hNaIII18 promoter with a heterologous minimal promoter, such as the CMV immediate early promoter.

A hNaIII18 promoter can be operably associated with a heterologous coding sequence, *e.g.*, for a reporter gene (luciferase and green fluorescent proteins are examples of reporter genes) in a construct. This construct can be used to test for conditions or reagents that normally result in expression. This construct can be used in screening assays, described below, for hNaIII18 agonists and antagonists.

hNaIII18 regulatory nucleic acids of the present invention also include non-endogenous or artificial promoter sequences or sequences that encode zinc finger proteins that may be used, e.g., in gene activation techniques, to initiate expression of hNaIII18 in cells where it is not normally expressed or to upregulate expression of the hNaIII18 subunit protein to a higher level where it would otherwise be expressed in suboptimal levels. Gene activation techniques that may be adapted to this use are described in the art, e.g., in U.S. Patent Nos. 5,968,502 and 6,214,622 to Treco et al.

Expression of hNaIII18 Polypeptides

The primary goal for establishing a stable cell line expressing functional human sodium channels is to identify antagonists to inhibit sodium currents

mediated by the sodium channels. DRG neurons transmit nociceptive signals from the peripheral nervous system to the central nervous system. TTX-S and TTX-R sodium channels mediate the DRG action potentials responsible for these signals. However, DRG neurons express several different isoforms of TTX-S and TTX-R currents, thereby making it difficult to determine specific interactions of antagonists with particular subtypes of sodium channels in these cells.

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By generating a cell line that expresses a single sodium channel subtype, e.g., hNaIII18, alone or preferably in combination with appropriate β subunits, the effect of drugs on the different sodium channel isoforms can be assessed. Previously, developing stable cell lines expressing nucleic acids containing repetitive sequences, such as those contained within sodium channel genes, has been challenging. In particular, cell lines expressing functional sodium channels have been difficult to generate due to the occurrence of inactivating mutations arising in the cDNA during the cloning process (i.e., cDNA preparation, PCR amplification, and subsequent growth in bacteria). International PCT publication WO 98/38302 (Delgado et al.) describes isolation, cloning and expression of a rat TTX-S sodium channel in Xenopus oocytes. Experiments described therein demonstrate the formation of a functional TTX-S channel after injection of cRNA into Xenopus oocytes for the α -subunit, alone or in combination with the β 1, β 2 or β 3 subunits. International PCT Publication WO 01/68681 (Aitken et al.) describes altered ion channel proteins having acquired sensitivity or refractory sensitivity to a gating agent. A rat sodium channel type II was modified by site-directed mutagenesis and PCR to contain sequences that bind \alpha-scorpion toxins, which inactivate sodium channels, for use to evaluate ion channel activity and to screen for compounds for therapeutic applications. The modified sodium channel was then stably or transiently expressed in several mammalian host cells, including HEK293 variants and CHO cells, which were used in a high-throughput, plate-based screening assay.

International PCT publication WO/02068 (Korsgaard) describes stable cloning of a splice variant of a rat α I sodium channel in HEK293 cells.

To date, there have been no reports of stable expression of a cloned human sodium type III channel in mammalian cells. The method described herein combines several procedures to facilitate the cloning and generation of stable cell

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lines containing such repetitive sequences, resulting in functional expression of such genes. In particular, the present invention describes the cloning and stable expression of a novel splice variant of human NaIII, designated hNaIII18.

The nucleotide sequence coding for hNaIII18, or an antigenic fragment, derivative or analog thereof, (including, e.g., a chimeric protein) can be inserted into an appropriate expression vector, i.e., a vector which contains the necessary elements for the transcription and translation of the inserted protein-coding sequence. Thus, a nucleic acid molecule having a nucleotide sequence encoding the hNaIII18 subunit protein of the invention can be operationally associated with a promoter in an expression vector of the invention. Either a cDNA or genomic sequence can be cloned and expressed under control of such regulatory sequences. Such vectors can be used to express functional, or functionally inactivated, hNaIII18 polypeptides.

The necessary transcriptional and translational signals can be provided on a recombinant expression vector, or they may be supplied from the native gene encoding hNaIII18 and/or its flanking regions.

Potential host-vector expression systems include but are not limited to mammalian cell systems transfected with expression plasmids or infected with virus (e.g., vaccinia virus, adenovirus, adeno-associated virus, herpes virus, etc.); insect cell systems infected with virus (e.g., baculovirus); microorganisms such as yeast containing yeast vectors; and bacteria transformed with bacteriophage, DNA, plasmid DNA, or cosmid DNA. The expression elements of vectors vary in their strengths and specificities. Depending on the host-vector system utilized, any one of a number of suitable transcription and translation elements may be used.

Expression of the hNaIII18 protein may be controlled by any promoter/enhancer element known in the art, but these regulatory elements must be functional in the host selected for expression. Promoters which may be used to control hNaIII18 gene expression include, but are not limited to, cytomegalovirus (CMV) promoter (see, e.g., U.S. Patent Nos. 5,385,839 and 5,168,062), the SV40 early promoter region (Benoist and Chambon, Nature 1981; 290:304-310), the promoter contained in the 3' long terminal repeat of Rous sarcoma virus (Yamamoto, et al., Cell, 1980; 22:787-797), the herpes thymidine kinase promoter (Wagner et al.,

Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A., 1981; 78:1441-1445), the regulatory sequences of the metallothionein gene (Brinster *et al.*, Nature, 1982; 296:39-42, prokaryotic expression vectors such as the β-lactamase promoter (Villa-Komaroff, *et al.*, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 1978; 75:3727-3731), or the tac promoter (DeBoer, *et al.*, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 1983; 80:21-25) (see also "Useful proteins from recombinant bacteria" in Scientific American, 1980, 242:74-94), promoter elements from yeast or other fungi such as the Gal 4 promoter, the ADC (alcohol dehydrogenase) promoter, PGK (phosphoglycerol kinase) promoter, alkaline phosphatase promoter, and transcriptional control regions that exhibit tissue specificity, such as, *e.g.*, endothelial cell-specific promoters.

Solubilized forms of the protein can be obtained where necessary by solubilizing inclusion bodies or reconstituting membrane components, e.g., by treatment with detergent, and if desired sonication or other mechanical processes, as described above. The solubilized protein can be isolated using various techniques, such as polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis (PAGE), isoelectric focusing, 2-dimensional gel electrophoresis, chromatography (e.g., ion exchange, affinity, immunoaffinity, and sizing column chromatography), centrifugation, differential solubility, immunoprecipitation, by any other standard technique for the purification of proteins, or by a combination of such techniques.

Since β -subunits 1-3 are known to bind the α -subunits of sodium channels, the present invention also contemplates co-expression of a β -subunit with NaIII18. While the role played by β -subunits in determining the pharmacological properties of voltage-gated sodium channels appears to be minor, at least for the commonly-studied binding sites, the β -subunits do appear to have effects on the biophysics (gating kinetics) of sodium channel function. Therefore, to the extent that biophysics and drug interactions are linked, the β -subunits may affect pharmacology of agents used to modulate sodium channel activity. Some known β -subunits that may be co-expressed with the NaIII18 subunit of the invention are described in Isom et al., Neuron 1994; 12:1183-94; International PCT publication WO 01/44293 to Plumpton et al.; International PCT publication WO 01/23570 to d'Andrea et al.; U.S. published patent application 2002/0045229 to Qin et al.; and under GenBank Accession Nos.

U87445, AF007783, AH005825, AF007783, AF04948, L10338 and L16242, among others

hNaIII18 Binding Partners

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The present invention further provides a method for identifying physiological binding partners of hNaIII18. One method for evaluating and identifying hNaIII18 binding partners is the yeast two-hybrid screen. Preferably, the yeast two-hybrid screen is performed using an cell library with yeast that are transformed with recombinant hNaIII18. Alternatively, hNaIII18 can be used as a capture or affinity purification reagent. In another alternative, labeled hNaIII18 can be used as a probe for binding, e.g., by immunoprecipitation or Western analysis. Several expected hNaIII18 binding partners are the sodium channel β subunits, as described in the section above.

Generally, binding interactions between hNaIII18 and any of its binding partners will be strongest under conditions approximating those found in the native cell, *i.e.*, physiological conditions of ionic strength, pH and temperature, and particularly those obtaining in the cell membrane. Perturbation of these conditions will tend to disrupt the stability of a binding interaction.

Antibodies to hNaIII18

Antibodies to hNaIII18 are useful, *inter alia*, for determining the presence of hNaIII18 in a cell and for cellular regulation (*i.e.*, inhibition) of hNaIII18 activity, as set forth below. According to the invention, a hNaIII18 polypeptide produced recombinantly or by chemical synthesis, and fragments or other derivatives or analogs thereof, including fusion proteins, may be used as immunogens to generate antibodies that recognize the hNaIII18 polypeptide. Such antibodies include but are not limited to polyclonal, monoclonal, chimeric, single chain, Fab fragments, and Fab expression libraries. Such an antibody binds specifically to hNaIII18, and may recognize either a mutant form of hNaIII18 or wild-type hNaIII18, or both. The antibodies of the present invention are specific for hNaIII18 and either do not recognize, or bind with lower affinity to, orthologs of hNaIII18. In one embodiment,

specific binding of such antibodies to hNaIII18 polypeptides provides the ability to detect the presence of the hNaIII18 polypeptide in a sample. In another embodiment, specific binding of such antibodies to hNaIII18 polypeptides provides the ability to preferentially inhibit the activity of hNaIII18, or an ion channel comprising hNaIII18.

Various procedures known in the art may be used for the production of antibodies against hNaIII18 polypeptides. These include but are not limited to the hybridoma technique originally developed by Kohler and Milstein (Nature 1975; 256:495-497), as well as the trioma technique, the human B-cell hybridoma technique (Kozbor *et al.*, Immunology Today 1983, 4:72; Cote *et al.*, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. 1983, 80:2026-2030), and the EBV-hybridoma technique to produce human monoclonal antibodies (Cole *et al.*, in Monoclonal Antibodies and Cancer Therapy, Alan R. Liss, Inc., 1985, pp. 77-96).

hNaIII18 Agonists and Antagonists

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The present invention also contemplates the identification of compounds that modulate hNaIII18 sodium channel activation and activity. Such compounds are useful, e.g., for inhibiting (i.e., antagonizing) or increasing (i.e., agonizing) biological activities that are associated with sodium channel activation and/or as therapeutic agents for treating disorders associated with excessive sodium channel activation.

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Compounds that modulate hNaIII18 activity or an activity associated therewith may be readily identified using screening methods of the present invention. In one embodiment, compounds identified by the screening methods of this invention bind to a hNaIII18-subunit containing ion channel. Compounds identified by the present method may antagonize or agonize hNaIII18 subunit-containing channel activity, as well as a related downstream biological effect (e.g., the ability of DRG to transmit nociceptive signals from the PNS to the CNS) that are associated with excessive sodium channel current and activity.

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In vivo or cell culture assays may be used to determine whether a test compound functions as an antagonist to inhibit hNaIII18 activity in cells. For instance, cell culture assays may be used to measure a test compound's ability to modulate an activity, such as induction, strength or duration of sodium channel

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current associated with hNaIII18 subunit-containing sodium channel activity. Such assays generally comprise contacting a cell that expresses a hNaIII18 subunit containing sodium channel with a test compound. The cell should preferably be contacted with the test compound before or during exposure to an agent or stimulus that otherwise would serve to depolarize the cell membrane and thus activate (i.e., open) the sodium channel: e.g. a high potassium chloride saline solution, or an extracellular field-stimulating electrode. The cell can then be examined to determine whether a response otherwise associated with sodium channel activation has been inhibited. In a non-limiting embodiment, the response of the cell treated with the test compound is compared to that of a control cell that has not been treated with the test compound. Cell assays include those utilizing conventional, electrode-based, electrophysiological techniques, as well as the new generation high-throughput, planar electrode (orifice) -based, electrophysiological technologies, among others. Other assays include monitoring changes in membrane potential with appropriate fluorescent, or luminescent, dyes, measuring ion flux through the sodium channel with a radiolabeled tracer, or assaying downstream consequences of sodium channel activation, such as calcium mobilization or effects on gene expression, using an appropriate reporter system.

Positive modulation (i.e., agonism) of hNaIII18 subunit-containing channels may be desirable under certain circumstances, and screening for such agonists can be conducted according to the methods of the invention.

Screening

According to the present invention, nucleotide sequences encoding hNaIII18 are useful targets to identify drugs that are effective in preventing or alleviating pain, or drugs that can be used as anti-epileptics/anticonvulsants, anesthetic antiarrythmics, and in the treatment of bipolar disorder (see section entitled Therapeutics, below), any of which may be associated with the function of the sodium channel. Examples of such drugs include without limitation: (i) isolated nucleic acids capable of altering expression of hNaIII18 (e.g., antisense or ribozyme molecules); (ii) small organic molecules that bind to and modulate the function of a hNaIII18 subunit or a hNaIII18 subunit-containing ion channel; and (iii) peptides or

peptide analogs that bind to and modulate the function of a hNaIII18 subunit or a hNaIII18 subunit-containing ion channel. In addition, the nucleotide sequences encoding hNaIII18 are useful for studying the role of the channels both in pain perception and in physiological and pathological brain functions.

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Any screening technique known in the art can be used to screen for agonists or antagonists. The present invention contemplates screens for small molecules and mimics, as well as screens for natural products that bind to and agonize or antagonize hNaIII18-containing ion channels. For example, natural product libraries can be screened using assays of the invention for molecules that agonize or antagonize hNaIII18-containing ion channel activity.

Knowledge of the primary sequence of hNaIII18, and the similarity of that sequence with proteins of known function, can provide an initial lead to inhibitors or antagonists. Identification and screening of modulators is further facilitated by determining structural features of the protein, e.g., using X-ray crystallography, neutron diffraction, nuclear magnetic resonance spectrometry, and other techniques for structure determination. These techniques provide for the rational design or identification of agonists and antagonists.

Another approach uses recombinant bacteriophage to produce large libraries. Using the "phage method" (Scott and Smith, Science 1990, 249:386-390; Cwirla, et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 1990, 87:6378-6382; Devlin et al., Science 1990, 49:404-406), very large libraries can be constructed (106-108 chemical entities). A second approach uses primarily chemical methods, of which the Geysen method (Geysen et al., Molecular Immunology 1986, 23:709-715; Geysen et al. J. Immunologic Methods 1987, 102:259-274); and the method of Fodor et al. (Science 1991, 251:767-773) are examples. Furka et al. (14th International Congress of Biochemistry 1988, Volume #5, Abstract FR:013; Furka, Int. J. Peptide Protein Res. 1991, 37:487-493), Houghton (U.S. Patent No. 4,631,211) and Rutter et al. (U.S. Patent No. 5,010,175) generally describe methods to produce a mixture of peptides that can be tested as agonists or antagonists.

In another aspect, synthetic libraries, such as those described in Needels et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 1993, 90:10700-4; Ohlmeyer et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 1993, 90:10922-10926; Lam et al., PCT Publication No. WO

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92/00252; and Kocis et al., PCT Publication No. WO 9428028, and the like, can be adapted to screen for compounds according to the present invention.

Test compounds can be screened from large libraries of synthetic or natural compounds. Numerous means are currently used for random and directed synthesis of saccharide, peptide, and nucleic acid based compounds. Synthetic compound libraries are commercially available from a variety of sources, including Maybridge Chemical Co. (Trevillet, Cornwall, UK), Comgenex (Princeton, NJ), Brandon Associates (Merrimack, NH), and Microsource (New Milford, CT). A rare chemical library is available from Aldrich (Milwaukee, WI). Alternatively, libraries of natural compounds in the form of bacterial, fungal, plant and animal extracts are available from a variety of sources including, *e.g.*, Pan Laboratories (Bothell, WA) and MycoSearch (NC), or are readily producible de novo. Additionally, natural and synthetically produced libraries and compounds are readily modified through conventional chemical, physical, and biochemical means (see, *e.g.*, Blondelle et al., TIBTech 1996, 14:60).

In Vitro Screening Methods and Activity Assays

Cell-based screening

Intact cells expressing a hNaIII18 subunit-containing ion channel can be used in screening methods to identify candidate compounds useful in modulating the activity of sodium channels containing hNaIII18. In one embodiment, a cell line is established that stably expresses or overexpresses the hNaIII18 subunit protein, either alone or in combination with one or more other sodium channel β subunits, to form a functional sodium channel. Alternatively, cells (including without limitation mammalian, invertebrate, yeast, or bacterial cells) are transiently programmed to express a hNaIII18 subunit protein by introduction of the appropriate DNA or mRNA. Identification of candidate compounds can be achieved using any suitable assay, including without limitation: (i) assays that measure binding of test compounds to hNaIII18 (alone or in combination with sodium channel β subunits described *supra*): (ii) assays that measure the ability of a test compound to modulate (*i.e.*, agonize or antagonize) a measurable activity or function of hNaIII18 or a hNaIII18 subunit-containing ion channel; and (iii) assays that measure the ability of a compound to

enhance or inhibit the transcriptional activity of sequences derived from the promoter (i.e., regulatory) regions of the hNaIII18 gene.

Any cell assay system that allows for assessment of functional activity of a hNaIII18 subunit-containing sodium channel is encompassed by the present invention. In a specific embodiment, described *infra*, the assay can be used to identify compounds that selectively modulate the hNaIII18 subunit protein, which can be determined by assessing the effects on NaIII18 subunit-expressing cells contacted with a test compound. The assay system can thus be used to identify compounds that selectively produce a functional effect through hNaIII18 sodium channels.

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Compounds that decrease activity of the sodium channel in response to activation may be useful as novel therapeutics in the amelioration of neuropathic pain mediated by DRG neurons, or as anti-epileptics/convulsants, anesthetics, antiarrythmics, or in the treatment of bipolar disorder.

Compounds that increase activity of sodium channels may be useful as cognitive enhancers, or in disorders such schizophrenia. In these instances, a subtype-selective agent would be preferable to offset the potential for proconvulsant effects and to increase cardiac contractility in individuals suffering from heart failure.

Alternatively, the change in membrane potential induced by sodium ions of the voltage-gated channel-containing cells may be monitored using fluorescence methods. When using fluorescence methods, the voltage-gated channel containing cells may be incubated with a membrane potential indicating agent that allows for a determination of changes in the membrane potential of the cells caused by the influx of sodium ions. Such membrane potential indicating agents include fluorescent indicators, such as those provided in a Molecular Devices Membrane Potential Kits for the FLIPR/Flexstation, DIBAC4(3), DiOC6(6) DiOC5(3), DiOC2(3) and fluorescence resonance energy transfer (FRET) based dyes such as JC1, and JC9, among others.

Another method that allows for assessment of functional activity of hNaIII18-containing sodium channels involves monitoring the change in membrane potential induced by sodium ions on the channel-containing cells by fluorescent methods, *e.g.*, using a FLIPR assay (Fluorescence Image Plate Reader; available from Molecular Devices)(Rose et al. Pflugers Arch. 1999 Dec;439(1-2):201-7). Another

method involves radioactive flux assays that measure the ability of radioactive tracer ions such as [²²Na] and [¹⁴C] guanidinium to pass into the cell upon channel activation (Barann M. et al. Naunyn Schmiedebergs Arch Pharmacol. 1999; 360(3):234-41). After the channel is activated, concentrations of these tracer ions increase inside the cell. Free extra-cellular tracer is washed away, cells are lysed, and radioactivity in the lysates is counted using standard scintillation counters or other radioactivity analysis instruments.

Yet another method involves measuring cell viability upon veratridine-mediated stabilization of sodium channels in their open conformation (Okuyama K. et al., Eur J Pharmacol. 2000; 398(2):209-16). Cells undergo toxic sodium overload followed by cell death. Compounds that prevent cell death, or cellular toxicity, can be assayed with standard cytoxicity kits and with standard cell viability dyes such as alamar blue.

Cell-Free Screening

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In another embodiment, an assay is a cell-free assay comprising contacting a hNaIII18 polypeptide or biologically active portion thereof with a test compound and determining the ability of the test compound to modulate (e.g., stimulate or inhibit) the activity of the hNaIII18 polypeptide or biologically active portion thereof.

In yet another embodiment, the cell-free assay comprises (i) contacting the hNaIII18 polypeptide of the invention or biologically active portion thereof with a known compound or polypeptide which binds the hNaIII18 polypeptide to form an assay complex; (ii) contacting the assay complex with a test compound; (iii) determining the ability of the test compound to interact with the hNaIII18 polypeptide by determining the ability of the test compound to modulate the effect of the known compound on the activity of the sodium channel.

More specifically, a cell-free method can involve monitoring the specific binding of a radiolabeled sodium channel selective neurotoxin, such as [³H]tetrodotoxin or [³H]batrachotoxin, or a high affinity small-molecule ligand, to a membrane preparation from cells or tissues engineered to express hNaIII18-containing sodium channels (Garritsen A. et al. Eur J Pharmacol. 1988; 145(3):261-6;

MacKinnon AC. et al. J Pharmacol. 1995; 115(6):1103-9; Bambrick L. et al., J Pharmacol Toxicol Methods. 1994; 32(3):129-38). Following techniques that are well know in the art, total binding to membranes can be measured upon incubation with the radioligand until the biomolecular reaction reaches equilibrium. Nonspecific binding is defined in the presence of an unlabelled competitor ligand. Specific binding is the subtraction of total minus nonspecific binding. Compounds that modulate specific binding can thereby be identified.

In another embodiment, modulators of expression of the hNaIII18 polypeptide of the invention are identified in a method in which a cell is contacted with a candidate compound and the expression of the mRNA or protein corresponding to hNaIII18 in the cell is determined. The level of expression of the hNaIII18 mRNA or protein in the presence of the candidate compound is compared to the level of expression of the hNaIII18 mRNA or protein in the absence of the candidate compound. The candidate compound can thereby be identified as a modulator of expression of the hNaIII18 polypeptide of the invention based on this comparison. For example, when expression of the hNaIII18 mRNA or protein is increased in the presence of the candidate compound compared to in the absence of the candidate compound, then the candidate compound is identified as a stimulator of hNaIII18 mRNA or protein expression. Alternatively, when expression of the hNaIII18 mRNA or protein is specifically reduced in the presence of the candidate compound compared to in the absence of the candidate compound, then the candidate compound is identified as an inhibitor of hNaIII18 mRNA or protein expression. In view of this disclosure, the level of the hNaIII18 mRNA or protein expression in cells can be determined by methods known in the art.

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High-Throughput Screen

Drug candidates according to the invention can be identified by screening in high-throughput assays, including without limitation cell-based or cell-free assays. It will be appreciated by those skilled in the art that different types of assays can be used to detect different types of drug candidates. Several methods of automated assays have been developed in recent years so as to permit screening of tens of thousands of compounds in a short period of time. Such high-throughput

screening methods are particularly preferred. The use of high-throughput screening assays to test for agents is greatly facilitated by the availability of the large amounts of purified hNaIII18 polypeptides provided by the invention.

Therapeutic Uses

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It is desirable to modulate the function of sodium channels in a number of clinical and therapeutic environments. Sodium channels are implicated in conditions including chronic and neuropathic pain, cardiac arrhythmias (Duch et al., Toxicol Lett 1998; 100-101:255-63), neuronal disorders associated with deficient oxygen supply or mitochondrial dysfunction (Urenjak et al., Amino Acids 1998;14(1-3):151-8), and epilepsy (Ragsdale et al., Brain Res Rev 1998;26(1):16-28). In addition, inhibition of sodium channels is an effect of local anesthetics (Li et al., Mol Pharmacol 1999; 55(1):134-41).

According to the present invention, inhibition of hNaIII18 subunit-containing sodium channel activity may be used as a treatment option in patients with a pain disorder, such as but not limited to a neuropathic pain-related disease such as, e.g., pain from peripheral nerve trauma, herpes virus infection, diabetes mellitus, causalgia, plexus avulsion, neuroma, limb amputation, and vasculitis. Neuropathic pain is also caused by nerve damage from chronic alcoholism, human immunodeficiency virus infection, hypothyroidism, uremia, or vitamin deficiencies. The neuronal hyperexcitability and corresponding molecular changes in neuropathic pain have many features in common with the cellular changes in certain forms of epilepsy. This has led to the use of anticonvulsant drugs for the treatment of neuropathic pain (Jensen, Eur J Pain 2002;6 Suppl A:61-8). Local anesthetics such as lidocaine and mexiletine have also be shown to inhibit TTX-S sodium channel activity in hyperexcitable neurons in rat (Novartis Found Symp 2002;241:189-201; discussion 202-5, 226-32).

Inhibition of the sodium channel of the present invention may also be used as a treatment option in patients with chronic pain. In chronic pain, the pain can be mediated by multiple mechanisms. This type of pain generally arises from injury to the peripheral or central nervous tissue. The chronic pain-type syndromes include pain associated with spinal cord injury, multiple sclerosis, post-herpetic neuralgia,

trigeminal neuralgia, phantom pain, causalgia, and reflex sympathetic dystrophy and lower back pain.

Inhibition of the sodium channel of the present invention may also be used as a treatment option in patients with nociceptive pain.

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Inhibition of Protein Synthesis or Sodium Channel Activity

Gene transcription and protein translation may be inhibited by administration of exogenous compounds. Exogenous compounds may interact with extracellular and/or intracellular messenger systems to regulate protein synthesis. In this embodiment, exogenous compounds that inhibit hNaIII18 protein synthesis may be used in the prevention and/or treatment for pain resulting from persistent channel activity.

Accordingly, in an exemplary embodiment, the modulatory method of the invention involves contacting a cell, tissue or subject with an agent that modulates one or more of the activities of hNaIII18 protein activity associated with the cell. An agent that modulates hNaIII18 protein activity can be an agent as described herein, such as a nucleic acid or a protein, an hNaIII18-specific antibody, an hNaIII18 agonist or antagonist, a peptidomimetic of an hNaIII8 agonist or antagonist, or other small molecule. In one embodiment, the agent stimulates one or more hNaIII18 activities. In another embodiment the agent inhibits one or more hNaIII18 activities. Examples of such inhibitory agents include antisense hNaIII18 nucleic acid molecules, antihNaIII18 antibodies, and hNaIII18 inhibitors. These modulatory methods can be performed in vitro (e.g., by culturing the cell with the agent) or, alternatively, in vivo (e.g., by administering the agent to a subject). As such, the present invention provides methods of treating an individual afflicted with a disease or disorder characterized by aberrant or unwanted expression or activity of a hNaIII18 protein or nucleic acid molecule. In one embodiment, the method involves administering an agent (e.g., an agent identified by a screening assay described herein), or combination of agents that downregulates hNaIII18 expression or activity or the activity of a hNaIII18 subunitcontaining ion channel.

In yet another embodiment, the agent enhances one or more hNaIII18 activities, such as by administering a hNaIII18 protein or nucleic acid molecule as therapy to compensate for reduced or aberrant hNaIII18 expression or activity.

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The present invention further provides antisense nucleic acids, which may be used to inhibit expression of hNaIII18 nucleotide sequences of the invention. This antisense technology has been described as inhibiting the peripheral tetrodotoxin (TTX)-resistant sodium channel, NaV1.8, found in sensory neurons, when administered intrathecally (Lai et al., Pain 2002; 95 (1-2):143-52). According to this method, the antisense nucleic acid, upon hybridizing under cytoplasmic conditions with complementary bases in an RNA or DNA molecule, inhibits the RNA or DNA. Additionally, hybridization of the antisense nucleic acid to the DNA or RNA may inhibit transcription of the DNA into RNA and/or translation of the RNA into the protein. If the RNA is a messenger RNA transcript, the antisense nucleic acid is a counter-transcript or mRNA-interfering complementary nucleic acid. Antisense nucleic acid molecules can be encoded by a recombinant gene for expression in a cell (see, e.g., U.S. Patent No. 5,814,500; U.S. Patent No. 5,811,234) or can be prepared synthetically (e.g., U.S. Patent No. 5,780,607).

Alternatively, antibody molecules or antigen-binding antibody fragments can be administered either directly or by expressing nucleotide sequences encoding antibodies or binding fragments thereof within the target cell population by utilizing, for example, techniques such as those described in Marasco *et al.* (Proc. Natl. Acad Sci. USA, 1993, 90:7889-7893).

Formulations and Administration

The drug candidate or agent that modulates hNaIII18 activity is advantageously formulated in a pharmaceutical composition by admixing the drug candidate or agent with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier. This agent may then be designated as the active ingredient, or therapeutic agent for use, for example, against chronic, neuropathic pain, or nociceptive pain

The form, amount and route of administration of the therapeutic compound envisioned for use depends on the type and severity of the disease or condition to be treated, as well as the patient's state of health, gender, weight, age,

etc., and can be determined by an attending medical practitioner in view, e.g., of the results of published clinical trials. The concentration or amount of the active ingredient depends on the desired dosage and administration regimen, as discussed below. Suitable dose ranges may include from about 1 mg/kg to about 100 mg/kg of body weight per day.

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The pharmaceutical compositions may also include other biologically active substances in combination with the NaIII18 modulatory agent. Such substances include but are not limited to opioids such as morphine, codeine, fentynyl, oxycodone, hydrocodone, and buprenorphine; and non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAID's) such as but not limited to ibuprofen and COX-2 inhibitors, among others

The phrase "pharmaceutically acceptable" refers to molecular entities and compositions that are physiologically tolerable and do not typically produce an allergic or similar untoward reaction, such as gastric upset, dizziness and the like, when administered to a human. Preferably, as used herein, the term "pharmaceutically acceptable" means that the carrier has been approved by a regulatory agency of the Federal or a state government or listed in the U.S. Pharmacopeia or other generally recognized pharmacopeia for use in animals, and more particularly in humans. The term "carrier" refers to a diluent, adjuvant, excipient, or vehicle with which the active ingredient is administered. Such pharmaceutical carriers can be sterile liquids, such as water and oils, including those of petroleum, animal, vegetable or synthetic origin, such as peanut oil, soybean oil, mineral oil, sesame oil and the like. Water or aqueous solution saline solutions and aqueous dextrose and glycerol solutions are preferably employed as carriers, particularly for injectable solutions. Suitable pharmaceutical carriers are described in "Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences" by E.W. Martin.

According to the invention, the pharmaceutical composition of the invention can be introduced parenterally, transmucosally, e.g., orally (per os), nasally, rectally, or transdermally. Parental routes include intravenous, intra-arteriole, intramuscular, intradermal, subcutaneous, intraperitoneal, intraventricular, and intracranial administration. The pharmaceutical composition may alternatively be

adapted for topical or transdermal application, such in a salve, cream, lotion, spray or transdermal patch system.

The pharmaceutical compositions may be added to a retained physiological fluid such as blood or synovial fluid. For CNS (Central Nervous System) administration, a variety of techniques are available for promoting transfer of the therapeutic across the blood brain barrier including disruption by surgery or injection, co-administration of drugs that transiently open adhesion contact between CNS vasculature endothelial cells, and co-administration of substances that facilitate translocation through such cells.

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In another embodiment, the active ingredient can be delivered in a vesicle, in particular a liposome (see Langer, Science 1990; 249:1527-1533; Treat et al., in Liposomes in the Therapy of Infectious Disease and Cancer, Lopez-Berestein and Fidler (eds.), Liss: New York 1989 pp. 353-365; Lopez-Berestein, ibid., pp. 317-327; see generally ibid.).

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In yet another embodiment, the therapeutic substance can be delivered in a controlled release formulation. For example, an active ingredient may be administered using intravenous infusion with a continuous pump, in a polymer matrix such as poly-lactic/glutamic acid (PLGA), a pellet containing a mixture of cholesterol and the active ingredient (SilasticRTM; Dow Corning, Midland, MI; see U.S. Patent No. 5,554,601) implanted subcutaneously, an implantable osmotic pump, a transdermal patch, liposomes, or other modes of administration.

Compounds identified in the screening methods described herein (i.e., modulators of sodium channel activity), may be provided to the patient in formulations that are known in the art and may include any pharmaceutically acceptable additives, such as excipients, lubricants, diluents, flavorants, colorants, and disintegrants. The formulations may be produced in useful dosage units such as tablet, caplet, capsule, liquid, or injection. In a further embodiment, these compounds are also administered in conjunction with other therapeutic agents such as the local anesthetics and anti-epileptic or anti-convulsants discussed supra.

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The form and amount of therapeutic compound envisioned for use depends on the type of disease and the severity of the desired effect, patient state, etc., and can be determined by one skilled in the art.

EXAMPLES

The present invention is also described by means of an example, presented below. The use of such an example is illustrative only and in no way limits the scope and meaning of the invention or of any exemplified term. Likewise, the invention is not limited to any particular preferred embodiments described herein. Indeed, many modifications and variations of the invention will be apparent to those skilled in the art upon reading this specification and can be made without departing from its spirit and scope. The invention is therefore encompassed by the appended claims along with the full scope of equivalents to which the claims are entitled.

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EXAMPLE 1: CLONING AND EXPRESSION OF HUMAN NaII118 Methods

Reverse transcription and amplification of hNaIII18 cDNA. Reverse transcription was carried out using ThermoScript Reverse Transcriptase (Life Technologies, Rockville, MD), at an annealing temperature of 55 °C to maximize the likelihood of obtaining a full-length mRNA, according to manufacturer's instructions.

The following primers were designed to amplify the resulting full-length hNaIII18 cDNA:

forward	5' - ATAAGAATGCGGCCGCTGAAAAGATGGCACAGGCAC-3'
primer (SEQ	
ID NO: 7)	·
reverse	5' - ATAGTTTAGCGGCCGCCTTGAAGTCCAGTTGACACA -3'
primer (SEQ	
ID NO: 8)	
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Primers were designed from the human NaIII (SCN3A) mRNA sequence previously identified (GenBank Accession # AJ251507).

Full-length cDNA (6000 base-pairs) was amplified using the Expand Long Template PCR (Boehringer Mannheim, Indianapolis, IA) according to the manufacturer's instructions. This enzyme is a mixture of thermostable Taq and Pwo

DNA polymerases. The number of cycles used for amplification was decreased to 28 cycles instead of the traditional 30-35 as an added precaution to minimize the occurrence of mutations during PCR.

Purification and cloning of PCR products into expression vectors.

PCR products resulting from the above-described reaction were visualized after electrophoresis on an agarose gel containing Crystal Violet. DNA was purified from the gel using methods well known in the art. DNA was stored in Tris-EDTA buffer, pH 7.4.

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The PCR-amplified cDNA was cloned into a low-copy number expression vector, pLCTM1 (kindly provided by Al Goldin, UCI) according to standard procedures. This vector is under the control of the origin of replication (ORI) from plasmid pACYC184, which has a limited number of replication cycles, resulting in a decreased error rate during DNA replication.

Further, the plasmid contains a tetracycline-resistance gene instead of an ampicillin-resistance gene for selection. Tetracycline is less likely to induce mutations than ampicillin during selection. The plasmid also contains a neomycin resistant gene (NeoR) for selection of stable cell lines using the neomycin analog G418.

Once cloned, the vectors were transformed into maximum efficiency STBL2 competent *E. coli* bacteria (Life Technologies, Rockville, MD), provided in the kit according to manufacturer's instructions. These cells optimize the cloning of unstable inserts. Bacteria expressing hNaIII18 were grown at 30-33°C, and maintained in exponential (log) growth phase for the duration of culture.

Small tetracycline-resistant colonies were selected and grown-up for small-scale DNA preparations and large-scale preparations. The concentration of tetracycline was kept low (15 μ g/ml) to further minimize adverse growth conditions. The cDNA was extracted using the Wizard Plus SV Minipreps DNA Purification System Kit (Promega, Madison, WI) according to the manufacturer's instructions, or Qiagen Midipreps according to manufacturer's instructions (Qiagen, Valencia, CA). cDNA was then analyzed by restriction digest, and partial sequencing. Full sequencing was performed by MWG (North Carolina). Partial sequencing was done with standard DTCS sequencing method using a commercial Beckman Coulter kit.

Clones, human embryonic kidney cells (HEK293) were transiently transfected with clones that were identified as having the correct insert, and surveyed by an electrophysiological assay (Fugene transfection reagent, according to manufacturer's recommendation). One clone, pLCTM1huNaIII-18, was determined to be functional as it gave large TTX-S currents with the expected activation and inactivation kinetics typical of NaIII channel. For example, typical activation is measured within fractions of ms at Vm=0mV (corresponding Imax). Inactivation is measured as the time constant between 1-3 ms at Vm=0mV (increasing to 20 ms at -50 mV to 0.5 ms at +40mV). Recovery from inactivation is a time constant of about 10ms at Vm=-100mV and 60 ms at -80mV (see e.g., Cummins et al., J Neurosci 2001; 21:52-5961).

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This clone was fully sequenced for confirmation. In addition, several non-functional clones were partially sequenced.

Clone pLLCTM1huNaIII-18 was used to generate a stable cell line in HEK293 cells. Fugene-mediated transfection of HEK cells was performed in 35 mm dish followed by G418 selection (300 and 500 µg/ml), colony isolation, line expansion. G418-resistant cells were then analyzed with immunocytochemistry, RT-PCR and electrophysiology according to standard techniques.

Electrophysiology. Stably transfected cells were grown on poly DL-lysine-coated glass coverslips at ~2,000 cells/slip, or Petri dishes at ~10,000 cells/dish and were then placed into the electrophysiology recording chamber and infused with an extracellular solution (140 mM NaCl, 4.7 mM KCl, 1.2 mM MgCl₂, 1 mM CaCl₂, 11 mM glucose and 5 mM HEPES, pH 7.4) at a rate of 2 ml/min. Electrodes were prepared by pulling Patch pipettes (borosilicate glass) using a Sutter P-97 electrode puller, and were filled with a solution containing 110 mM CsCl, 10 mM NaCl, 5 mM MgCl₂, 11 mM EGTA, 10 mM HEPES, 2 mM ATP and 1 mM GTP, pH 7.25, osmolarity 275-290 mOsm. When filled with this solution, the electrodes had resistances of about 1-4 MS. Currents were recorded using a whole-cell voltage clamp techniques as described in Hamill et al. (Pflugers Arch. 1981; 391; 85-100), at room temperature (21-23 °C). Briefly, currents were recorded using an Axopatch 200A amplifier (Axon Instruments, Foster City, CA) and were leak-subtracted (P/4),

low-pass filtered (3 kHz, 8-pole Bessel), digitized (20-50- μ s intervals), and stored using Digidata 1200 B interface and Pclamp6/Clampex software (Axon Instruments, Foster City, CA). Residual series access resistance was largely (75-80%) canceled using built-in amplifier circuitry. The junction potential calculated using JPCalcW software (Cell MicroControl, Virginia Beach, VA) was small (<7 mV); so, no correction of the holding voltage was made.

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To take I-V curves, cells were held at a holding voltage, $V_h = -90 \text{mV}$. A series of 16 depolarizing pulses (10ms in duration) incrementing in 10 mV steps were applied at a frequency of 0.5 Hz. The peak values of currents were plotted against corresponding voltage steps to get the I-V curve. From this plot V_{max} , *i.e.*, the voltage causing the maximal Na^+ current, as well as rising times to peak and time constant for inactivation at different voltages were determined. To get steady-state inactivation curves, cells were held at a holding voltage, $V_h = -120 \text{mV}$ to remove residual inactivation. A series of 30 depolarizing conditioning pre-pulses (each 100ms in duration) incrementing in 5 mV steps immediately followed by a 5 ms testing pulse, V_t , to V_{max} were applied at a frequency of 0.5 Hz. The peak currents in response to V_t were plotted against the size of corresponding conditioning pre-pulses, V_c , to get steady-state inactivation curve. The Boltzman fit to this curve, *i.e.*, $\{1/[1+\exp((V+V/2)/k)]\}$, returned the values of $V/_2$ (the half-inactivation voltage) and k (the slope of the curve).

To measure recovery from inactivation, cells were held at a holding voltage

 V_h = -120mV to remove residual steady-state inactivation. The depolarizing conditioning pre-pulse (100 ms in duration) was applied to V_c to cause complete inactivation of the channels (usually V_c =-10 mV). The conditioning pre-pulse was immediately followed by hyperpolarizing gap back to -120mV of a variable duration. The gap duration was incremented in subsequent cycles in varying steps (2 ms -100 ms) depending on the speed of recovery. The gap was immediately followed by the testing pulse V_t (10 ms in length) to assess the fraction of Na^+ channels available for activation. The cycle was repeated every 5 seconds while the gap duration was incremented. The peak currents to V_t were plotted against the corresponding gap

duration to get the kinetics of recovery. The mono- or double- exponential fit to the data returned the time constant, $\tau_{repr.}$, of repriming from inactivation.

Results

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Identification of a splice-variant for human NaIII (SCN3). Clone pLCM1huNaIII-18 is a novel splice variant and contains an additional 147 nucleotides corresponding to 49 amino acids in the cytoplasmic loop between domain 1S6 and IIS1 (see SEQ ID NO: 1 and SEQ ID NO: 2). Partial sequencing of several other clones that were not determined to have functional activity revealed sequences that either matched the published sequence (GenBank Accession #AJ251507) or contained an extra 9 or 96 nucleotides. The shorter splicing patterns correspond to what had been described for the rat NaIII clone (Schaller et al., *J Neurosci* 1992; 12(4):1370-81), resulting in a protein with an additional 3 (rNaIIIa) or 22 (rNaIIIb) amino acids, but had not been described for the human NaIII before.

Subsequent to the completion of the cloning of hNaIII18, it was discovered that a clone having the same 147 nucleotide insert was deposited in GenBank on February 1, 2001 (GenBank Accession # AF225986-SEQ ID NO: 5). See cDNA alignment in Figure 8. However, that encoded amino acid sequence differs from the sequence disclosed herein by 12 amino acids (between two clones), at amino acid residues 208, 475, 495, 508, 604,1163, 1576, 1614, 1741, 1743, 1862 and 1966, respectively (SEQ ID NO: 2 vs. SEQ ID NO: 6). See amino acid alignment of Figure 9.

Stable transfection of the pLCM1huNaIII-18 resulted in the generation of two cell lines that expressed the expected ~220 kDa hNaIII18 protein and exhibited functional sodium channels, designated 293/huNaIII18-300-20 and 293/huNaIII18-500-35, with appropriate TTX-S currents. 293/huNaIII18-300-20 had an activation threshold voltage of -40 mV (Figure 9A), a steady state V ½ inactivation voltage of -58 mV (Figure 9B), a recovery time after inactivation of 2.5 ms (fast component) AND 113 ms (slow component-(Figure 9C), and inactivation kinetics of 0.8 ms (Figure 9D).

The present invention is not to be limited in scope by the specific embodiments described herein. Indeed, various modifications of the invention in addition to those described herein will become apparent to those skilled in the art from the foregoing description and the accompanying figures. Such modifications are intended to fall within the scope of the appended claims.

Patents, patent applications, publications, procedures, and the like are cited throughout this application, the disclosures of which are incorporated herein by reference in their entireties.

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WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. An isolated nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding a polypeptide

having the amino acid sequence of Figure 2 (SEQ ID NO: 2).

- 2. The isolated nucleic acid of claim 1, comprising the nucleotide sequence of Figure 1 (SEQ ID NO: 1).
- 3. A recombinant vector comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding a polypeptide having the amino acid sequence of Figure 2 (SEQ ID NO:2).
 - 4. A host cell comprising the recombinant vector of claim 3.
 - 5. A host cell genetically engineered to comprise the nucleic acid of claim 1.
 - 6. The host cell of claim 5 which is eukaryotic.
- 7. A eukaryotic host cell genetically engineered to express, or overexpress, a polypeptide having the amino acid sequence of Figure 2 (SEQ ID NO: 2).
- 8. A method for expressing a polypeptide in a cell cultured *in vitro* comprising culturing the cell of claim 4, 5, 6 or 7 under conditions conducive to the expression of the polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence of Figure 2 (SEQ ID NO:2).
- 9. An isolated polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence of Figure 2 (SEQ ID NO:2).

10. A host cell genetically engineered to co-express a polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence of Figure 2 (SEQ ID NO:2) and a β -subunit of a sodium channel selected from the group consisting of β 1, β 2, and β 3.

- 11. An antibody or antigen-binding fragment that specifically binds to a polypeptide having the amino acid sequence of Figure 2 (SEQ ID NO: 2).
 - 12. The antibody of claim 11, which is a monoclonal antibody.
- 13. A method for detecting expression in a sample of a polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence of Figure 2 (SEQ ID NO:2), which method comprises detecting specific binding of the antibody or antigen-binding fragment of claim 11 to a polypeptide in the sample.
- 14. A method for identifying a test compound that binds to a sodium channel comprising a polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence of Figure 2 (SEQ ID NO:2), which method comprises:
- (i) contacting a host cell that expresses a sodium channel comprising a polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence of Figure 2 (SEQ ID NO:2) with a test compound; and
- (ii) determining whether the test compound binds to the host cell but not to a control cell that does not express a sodium channel comprising a polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence of Figure 2 (SEQ ID NO:2).
- 15. An assay method for identifying a test compound that modulates the activity of a sodium channel comprising a polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence of Figure 2 (SEQ ID NO:2), which method comprises:
- (i) providing a host cell that expresses a functional sodium channel comprising at least one polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence of Figure 2 (SEQ ID NO:2),
- (ii) contacting the host cell with a test compound under conditions that would activate sodium channel activity of said functional sodium channel in the absence of

the test compound; and

(iii) determining whether the host cell contacted with the test compound exhibits a modulation in activity of the functional sodium channel.

- 16. The assay method of claim 15, wherein the host cell has been genetically engineered to express or overexpress the functional sodium channel.
- 17. The assay method of claim 15, wherein the host cell has been genetically engineered by the introduction into the cell of a nucleic acid molecule having a nucleotide sequence encoding a polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence of Figure 2 (SEQ ID NO:2).
- 18. The assay method of claim 15, wherein the host cell has been genetically engineered to upregulate the expression of a nucleic acid encoding a polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence of Figure 2 (SEQ ID NO:2),
- 19. The assay method of claim 18, wherein the upregulated nucleic acid is endogenous to the host cell.
- 20. The assay method of claim 15, wherein the modulation of the functional sodium channel activity is antagonism of that activity.
- 21. The assay method of claim 15, wherein the modulation of the functional sodium channel activity is agonism of that activity.

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FIGURE 1: NaIII18 cDNA (SEQ ID NO: 1)

tgaaaagatgcacaggcactgttggtacccccaggacctgaaagcttccgcctttttactaga gaatctcttgctgctatcgaaaacgtgctgcagaagagaaagccaagaagcccaaaaaggaac aagataatgatgatgagaacaaaccaaagccaaatagtgacttggaagctggaaagaaccttcc atttatttatggagacattcctccagagatggtgtcagagccctggaggacctggatccctac tatatcaataagaaaacttttatagtaatgaataaaggaaaggcaattttccgattcagtgcca cctctgccttgtatattttaactccactaaaccctgttaggaaaattgctatcaagattttggt acattctttattcagcatgcttatcatgtgcactattttgaccaactgtgtatttatgaccttg agcaaccctcctgactggacaaagaatgtagagtacacattcactggaatctatacctttgagt cacttataaaaatcttggcaagaggttttgcttagaagattttacgtttcttcgtgatccatg gaactggctggatttcagtgtcattgtgatggcgtatgtaacagaatttgtaagcctaggcaat gtttcagcccttcgaactttcagagtcttgagagctctgaaaactatttctgtaattccaqqtt taaagaccattgtgggggccctgatccagtcggtaaagaagctttctgatgtgatgatcctgac tgtgttctgtctgagcgtgtttgctctcattgggctgcagctgttcatgggcaatctgaggaat aaatgtttgcagtggcccccaagcgattctgcttttgaaaccaacaccacttcctactttaatq gcacaatggattcaaatgggacatttgttaatgtaacaatgagcacatttaactggaaqqatta cattggagatgacagtcacttttatgttttggatgggcaaaaagaccctttactctgtggaaat ggctcagatgcaggccagtgtccagaaggatacatctgtgtgaaggctggtcgaaaccccaact atggctacacaagctttgacacctttagctgggctttcctgtctctatttcgactcatgactca tttgtcctggtcattttcttgggctcattttatttggtgaatttgatcctggctgtqqtqqcca tggcctatgaggagcagaatcaggccaccttggaagaagcagaacaaaaaqagqccqaatttca gcagatgctcgaacagcttaaaaagcaacaggaagaagctcaggcagttgcqqcaqcatcaqct gcttcaagagatttcagtggaataggtgggttaggagagctgttggaaagttcttcaqaaqcat gcaccttgaaggaaacaacaaggagagagagacagctttcccaaatccgaatctgaagacagc gtcaaaagaagcagcttccttttctccatggatggaaacagactgaccagtgacaaaaaattct gctcccctcatcagtctctcttgagtatccgtggctccctgttttccccaagacgcaatagcaa aacaagcattttcagtttcagaggtcgggcaaaggatgttggatctgaaaatgactttgctgat gatgaacacagcacatttgaagacagcgaaagcaggagagactcactgtttgtgccgcacagac atggagagcgacgcaacagtaacgttagtcaggccagtatgtcatccaggatggtgccagggct tccagcaaatgggaagatgcacagcactgtggattgcaatggtgtqqtttccttqqtqqqtqqa ccttcagctctaacgtcacctactggacaacttcccccagagggcaccaccacagaaacggaag tcagaaagagaaggttaagctcttaccagatttcaatggagatgctggaggattcctctggaag gcaaagagccgtgagcatagccagcattctgaccaacacaatggaagaacttgaagaatctaga cagaaatgtccgccatgctggtatagatttgccaatgtgttcttgatctggqactgctqtqatq catggttaaaagtaaaacatcttgtgaatttaattgttatggatccatttqttqatcttqccat cactatttgcattgtcttaaataccctctttatggccatggagcactaccccatgactqaqcaa ttcagtagtgttgactgtaggaaacctggtctttactgggattttcacagcagaaatggttc tcaagatcattgccatggatccttattactatttccaagaaggctggaatatctttgatggaat tattgtcagcctcagtttaatggagcttggtctgtcaaatgtggagggattgtctgtactqcqa tcattcagactgcttagagttttcaagttggcaaaatcctggcccacactaaatatgctaatta agatcattggcaattetgtgggggetetaggaaaceteacettggtgttggecatcateqtett catttttgctgtggtcggcatgcagctctttggtaagagctacaaagaatgtgtctgcaagatc



FIGURE 1 (continued)

tccgcgtgctgtgtggagagtggatagagaccatgtgggactgtatggaggtcgctggccaaac catgtgccttattgttttcatgttggtcatggtcattggaaaccttgtggttctgaacctcttt ctggccttattgttgagttcatttagctcagacaaccttgctgctactgatgatgacaatgaaa tgaataatctgcagattgcagtaggaagaatgcaaaagggaattgattatgtgaaaaataagat gcgggagtgtttccaaaaagccttttttagaaagccaaaagttatagaaatccatgaaggcaat aagatagacagctgcatgtccaataatactggaattgaaataagcaaagagcttaattatctta gagatgggaatggaaccaccagtggtgtaggtactggaagcagtgttgaaaaatacgtaatcga tgaaaatgattatatgtcattcataaacaaccccagcctcaccgtcacagtgccaattgctgtt ggagagtctgactttgaaaacttaaatactgaagagttcagcagtgagtcagaactagaagaaa agaaggtgaacaagctgaactgaacccgaagaagaccttaaaccggaagcttgttttactgaa ggatgtattaaaaagtttccattctgtcaagtaagtacagaagaaggcaaagggaagatctggt ggaatcttcgaaaaacctgctacagtattgttgagcacaactggtttgagactttcattgtgtt catgatectteteagtagtggtgeattggeetttgaagatatataeattgaacagegaaagaet tcaaatgggttgcttatggatttcaaacatatttcactaatgcctggtgctggctagatttctt gategttgatgtttctttggttageetggtageeaatgetettggetaeteagaaeteggtgee atcaaatcattacggacattaagagctttaagacctctaagagccttatcccggtttgaaggca tgagggtggttgtgaatgctcttgttggagcaattccctctatcatgaatgtgctgttggtctg tgtgttaacatgacaacgggtaacatgtttgacattagtgatgttaacaatttgagtgactgtc aggetettggeaageaageteggtggaaaaaegtgaaagtaaaetttgataatgttggegetgg gattcacgagatgttaaacttcagcctgtatatgaagaaaatctgtacatgtatttatactttg tcatctttatcatctttgggtcattcttcactctgaatctattcattggtgtcatcatagataa cttcaaccagcagaaaaagaagtttggaggtcaagacatctttatgacagaggaacagaaaaaa tattacaatgcaatgaagaaacttggatccaagaaacctcagaaacccatacctcgcccagcaa acaaattccaaggaatggtctttgattttgtaaccagacaagtctttgatatcagcatcatgat cctcatctgcctcaacatggtcaccatgatggtggaaacggatgaccagggcaaatacatgacc ctagttttgtcccggatcaacctagtgttcattgttctgttcactggagaatttgtgctgaggc tcgtctccctcagacactactacttcactataggctggaacatctttgactttgtggtggtgat tctctccattgtaggtatgtttctggctgagatgatagaaaagtattttgtgtcccctaccttg ttccgagtgatccgtettgccaggattggccgaatcctacgtctgatcaaaggagcaaagggga tecgeaegetgetetttgetttgatgatgtecetteetgegttgtttaaeateggeeteetget cttcctggtcatgtttatctatgccatctttgggatgtccaactttgcctatgttaaaaaggaa gctggaattgatgacatgttcaactttgagacctttggcaacagcatgatctgcttgttccaaa ttacaacctctgctggctgggatggattgctagcacctattcttaatagtgcaccacccgactg tgaccctgacacaattcaccctggcagctcagttaagggagactgtgggaacccatctgttggg attttcttttttgtcagttacatcatcatatccttcctggttgtggtgaacatgtacatcgcgg tgagatgttctatgaggtttgggaaaagtttgatcccgatgcgacccagtttatagagttctct aaactetetgattttgeagetgeeetggateeteetetteteatageaaaaceeaacaaagtee agettattgeeatggatetgeeeatggteagtggtgaeeggateeactgtettgatattttatt gacaggtttatggcatcaaacccctccaaagtctcttatgagcctattacaaccactttgaaac

FIGURE 1 (continued)

FIGURE 2: NaIII18 amino acid (SEQ ID NO: 2)

MAQALLVPPGPESFRLFTRESLAAIEKRAAEEKAKKPKKEQDNDDENKPKPNSDLEAG KNLPFIYGDIPPEMVSEPLEDLDPYYINKKTFIVMNKGKAIFRFSATSALYILTPLNPVR KIAIKILVHSLFSMLIMCTILTNCVFMTLSNPPDWTKNVEYTFTGIYTFESLIKILARGF CLEDFTFLRDPWNWLDFSVIVMAYVTEFVSLGNVSALRTFRVLRALKTISVIPGLKTIVG ALIQSVKKLSDVMILTVFCLSVFALIGLQLFMGNLRNKCLQWPPSDSAFETNTTSYFNGT MDSNGTFVNVTMSTFNWKDYIGDDSHFYVLDGQKDPLLCGNGSDAGQCPEGYICVKAGRN PNYGYTSFDTFSWAFLSLFRLMTQDYWENLYQLTLRAAGKTYMIFFVLVIFLGSFYLVNL ILAVVAMAYEEQNQATLEEAEQKEAEFQQMLEQLKKQQEEAQAVAAASAASRDFSGIGGL GELLESSSEASKLSSKSAKEWRNRRKKRRRREHLEGNNKGERDSFPKSESEDSVKRSSFL FSMDGNRLTSDKKFCSPHQSLLSIRGSLFSPRRNSKTSIFSFRGRAKDVGSENDFADDEH STFEDSESRRDSLFVPHRHGERRNSNVSQASMSSRMVPGLPANGKMHSTVDCNGVVSLVG GPSALTSPTGQLPPEGTTTETEVRKRRLSSYQISMEMLEDSSGRQRAVSIASILTNTMEE LEESRQKCPPCWYRFANVFLIWDCCDAWLKVKHLVNLIVMDPFVDLAITICIVLNTLFMA MEHYPMTEQFSSVLTVGNLVFTGIFTAEMVLKIIAMDPYYYFQEGWNIFDGIIVSLSLME LGLSNVEGLSVLRSFRLLRVFKLAKSWPTLNMLIKIIGNSVGALGNLTLVLAIIVFIFAV VGMQLFGKSYKECVCKINDDCTLPRWHMNDFFHSFLIVFRVLCGEWIETMWDCMEVAGOT MCLIVFMLVMVIGNLVVLNLFLALLLSSFSSDNLAATDDDNEMNNLQIAVGRMQKGIDYV KNKMRECFOKAFFRKPKVIEIHEGNKIDSCMSNNTGIEISKELNYLRDGNGTTSGVGTGS SVEKYVIDENDYMSFINNPSLTVTVPIAVGESDFENLNTEEFSSESELEESKEKLNATSS SEGSTVDVVLPREGEQAETEPEEDLKPEACFTEGCIKKFPFCQVSTEEGKGKIWWNLRKT CYSIVEHNWFETFIVFMILLSSGALAFEDIYIEQRKTIKTMLEYADKVFTYIFILEMLLK WVAYGFQTYFTNAWCWLDFLIVDVSLVSLVANALGYSELGAIKSLRTLRALRPLRALSRF EGMRVVVNALVGAIPSIMNVLLVCLIFWLIFSIMGVNLFAGKFYHCVNMTTGNMFDISDV NNLSDCQALGKQARWKNVKVNFDNVGAGYLALLQVATFKGWMDIMYAAVDSRDVKLOPVY EENLYMYLYFVIFIIFGSFFTLNLFIGVIIDNFNQQKKKFGGQDIFMTEEOKKYYNAMKK LGSKKPQKPIPRPANKFQGMVFDFVTRQVFDISIMILICLNMVTMMVETDDOGKYMTLVL SRINLVFIVLFTGEFVLRLVSLRHYYFTIGWNIFDFVVVILSIVGMFLAEMIEKYFVSPT LFRVIRLARIGRILRLIKGAKGIRTLLFALMMSLPALFNIGLLLFLVMFIYAIFGMSNFA YVKKEAGIDDMFNFETFGNSMICLFQITTSAGWDGLLAPILNSAPPDCDPDTIHPGSSVK GDCGNPSVGIFFFVSYIIISFLVVVNMY1AVILENFSVATEESAEPLSEDDFEMFYEVWE KFDPDATQFIEFSKLSDFAAALDPPLLIAKPNKVQLIAMDLPMVSGDRIHCLDILFAFTK RVLGESGEMDALRIQMEDRFMASNPSKVSYEPITTLKRKQEEVSAAIIORNFRCYLLKO RLKNISSNYNKEAIKGRIDLPIKQDMIIDKLNGNSTPEKTDGSSSTTSPPSYDSVTKPDK EKFEKDKPEKESKGKEVRENOK

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FIGURE 3: cDNA sequence of human SCN3A of Clare et al. (SEQ ID NO: 3)

```
1 taccetaace atettggatg etgggetttg ttatgetgta atteataagg etetgttta
 61 tcagagatta tggagcaaga aaactgaagc caagccacat caaggtttga cagggatgag
121 atacctgtca aggattcata gtagagtggc ttactgggaa aggagcaaag aatctcttct
181 aggqatattg taagaataaa tgagataatt cacagaaggg acctggagct tttccggaaa
241 aaggtgctgt gactatctaa ggtaattcgt atgcaagaag ctacacgtaa ttaaatgtgc
301 aggatgaaaa gatggcacag gcactgttgg tacccccagg acctgaaagc ttccgccttt
361 ttactagaga atetettget getategaaa aacgtgetge agaagagaaa gecaagaage
421 ccaaaaagga acaagataat gatgatgaga acaaaccaaa gccaaatagt gacttggaag
481 ctggaaagaa ccttccattt atttatggag acattcctcc agagatggtg tcagagcccc
541 tggaggacct ggatccctac tatatcaata agaaaacttt tatagtaatg aataaaggaa
601 aggicaattit cogaticagt gocacctotg cottgtatat titaactoca ctaaaccotg
661 ttaggaaaat tgctatcaag attttggtac attctttatt cagcatgctt atcatgtgca
721 ctattttgac caactgtgta tttatgacct tgagcaaccc tcctgactgg acaaagaatg
 781 tagagtacac attcactgga atctatacct ttgagtcact tataaaaatc ttggcaagag
 841 ggttttgctt agaagatttt acgtttcttc gtgatccatg gaactggctg gatttcagtg
 901 tcattgtgat ggcgtatgta acagaatttg taagcctagg caatgtttca gcccttcgaa
961 ctttcagagt cttgagagct ctgaaaacta tttctgtaat tccaggttta aagaccattg
1021 tgggggccct gatecagteg gtaaagaage tttetgatgt gatgateetg actgtgttet
1081 gtetgagegt gtttgetete attgggetge agetgtteat gggeaatetg aggaataaat
1141 gtttgcagtg gcccccaagc gattctgctt ttgaaaccaa caccacttcc tactttaatg
1201 gcacaatgga ttcaaatggg acatttgtta atgtaacaat gagcacattt aactggaagg
1261 attacattgg agatgacagt cactttatg ttttggatgg gcaaaaagac cctttactct
1321 gtggaaatgg ctcagatgca ggccagtgtc cagaaggata catctgtgtg aaggctggtc
1381 gaaaccccaa ctatggctac acaagctttg acacctttag ctgggctttc ctgtctctat
1441 ttcgactcat gactcaagac tactgggaaa atctttacca gttgacatta cgtgctgctg
1501 ggaaaacata catgatattt tttgtcctgg tcattttctt gggctcattt tatttggtga
1561 atttgatect ggetgtggtg gecatgget atgaggagea gaatcaggee accttggaag
1621 aagcagaaca aaaagaggcc gaatttcagc agatgctcga acagcttaaa aagcaacagg
1681 aagaagetea ggeagetegeg geageateag etgetteaag agattteagt ggaataggtg
1741 ggttaggaga gctgttggaa agttcttcag aagcatcaaa gttgagttcc aaaagtgcta
1801 aagaatggag gaaccgaagg aagaaaagaa gacagagaga gcaccttgaa ggaaacaaca
1861 aaggagagag agacagettt cecaaateeg aatetgaaga cagegteaaa agaageaget
1921 tccttttctc catggatgga aacagactga ccagtgacaa aaaattctgc tcccctcatc
1981 agtetetett gagtateegt ggeteeetgt ttteeceaag acgeaatage aaaacaagea
2041 ttttcagttt cagaggtcgg gcaaaggatg ttggatctga aaatgacttt gctgatgatg
2101 aacacagcac atttgaagac agcgaaagca ggagagactc actgtttgtg ccgcacagac
2161 atggagageg acgeaacagt aacggeacea ceaetgaaac ggaagteaga aagagaaggt
2221 taagetetta ccagatttea atggagatge tggaggatte etetggaagg caaagageeg
2281 tgagcatagc cagcattctg accaacacaa tggaagaact tgaagaatct agacagaaat
2341 gtccgccatg ctggtataga tttgccaatg tgttcttgat ctgggactgc tgtgatgcat
2401 ggttaaaagt aaaacatctt gtgaatttaa ttgttatgga tccatttgtt gatcttgcca
2461 teactatttg cattgtetta aataceetet ttatggeeat ggageactae eccatgaetg
2521 agcaattcag tagtgtgttg actgtaggaa acctggtctt tactgggatt ttcacagcag
2581 aaatggttct caagatcatt gccatggatc cttattacta tttccaagaa ggctggaata
2641 tetttgatgg aattattgte ageeteagtt taatggaget tggtetgtea aatgtggagg
2701 gattgtctgt actgcgatca ttcagactgc ttagagtttt caagttggca aaatcctggc
2761 ccacactaaa tatgctaatt aagatcattg gcaattctgt gggggctcta ggaaacctca
2821 cettggtgtt ggccatcate gtetteattt ttgetgtggt eggcatgeag etetttggta
2881 agagetacaa agaatgtgte tgcaagatea atgatgaetg taegeteeca eggtggeaca
2941 tgaacgactt cttccactcc ttcctgattg tgttccgcgt gctgtgtgga gagtggatag
3001 agaccatgtg ggactgtatg gaggtcgctg gccaaaccat gtgccttatt gttttcatgt
3061 tggtcatggt cattggaaac cttgtggttc tgaacctctt tctggcctta ttgttqaqtt
3121 catttagete agacaacett getgetaetg atgatgaeaa tgaaatgaat aatetgeaga
```

FIGURE 3 (continued)

3181 ttgcagtagg aagaatgcaa aagggaattg attatgtgaa aaataagatg cgggagtgtt 3241 tecaaaaage ettittitaga aageeaaaag ttatagaaat eeatgaagge aataagatag 3301 acagetgeat gtecaataat actggaattg aaataageaa agagettaat tatettagag 3361 atgggaatgg aaccaccagt ggtgtaggta ctggaagcag tgttgaaaaa tacqtaatcq 3421 atgaaaatga ttatatgtca ttcataaaca accccagcct caccgtcaca gtgccaattg 3481 etgttggaga gtetgaettt gaaaacttaa atactgaaga gttcagcagt gagtcagaac 3541 tagaagaaag caaagagaaa ttaaatgcaa ccagctcatc tqaagqaagc acagttqatq 3601 ttgttctacc ccgagaaggt gaacaagctg aaactgaacc cqaagaagac cttaaaccgg 3661 aagettettt taetqaaqqa tetattaaaa aettteeatt eteteaaqta aetacaqaaq 3721 aaggcaaagg gaagatctgg tggaatcttc gaaaaacctg ctacagtatt gttgagcaca 3781 actggtttga gactttcatt gtgttcatga tccttctcag tagtggtgca ttggcctttg 3841 aagatatata cattgaacag cgaaagacta tcaaaaccat gctagaatat gctgacaaag 3901 tetttaceta tatatteatt etggaaatge ttetcaaatg ggttgettat ggattteaaa 3961 catatttcac taatgcctgg tgctggctag atttcttgat cgttgatgtt tctttggtta 4021 gcctggtagc caatgctctt ggctactcag aactcggtgc catcaaatca ttacqqacat 4081 taagagettt aagaceteta agageettat eeeggtttga aggeatgagg gtgqttgtga 4141 atgetettgt tggageaatt ceetetatea tgaatgtget gttggtetgt eteatettet 4201 ggttgatctt tagcatcatg ggtgtgaatt tgtttgctgg caagttctac cactgtgtta 4261 acatgacaac gggtaacatg tttgacatta gtgatgttaa caatttgagt gactgtcagg 4321 ctcttggcaa gcaagctcgg tggaaaaacg tgaaagtaaa ctttgataat gttggcgctg 4381 gctatcttgc actgcttcaa gtggccacat ttaaaggctg gatggatatt atgtatgcag 4441 ctgttgattc acgagatgtt aaacttcagc ctgtatatga agaaaatctg tacatgtatt 4501 tatactttgt catctttatc atctttgggt cattcttcac tctgaatcta ttcattggtg 4561 tcatcataga taacttcaac cagcagaaaa agaagtttgg aggtcaagac atctttatga 4621 cagaggaaca gaaaaaatat tacaatgcaa tgaagaaact tggatccaag aaacctcaga 4681 aacccatacc tcgcccagca aacaaattcc aaggaatggt ctttgatttt gtaaccagac 4741 aaqtetttqa tateageate atgateetea tetgeeteaa eatgqteace atqatqqtqq 4801 aaacggatqa ccagggcaaa tacatgaccc tagttttgtc ccggatcaac ctagtqttca 4861 ttgttctgtt cactggagaa tttgtgctga agctcgtctc cctcagacac tactacttca 4921 ctataggctg gaacatettt gactttgtgg tggtgattet etecattgta ggtatgttte 4981 tggctgagat gatagaaaag tattttgtgt cccctacctt gttccgagtg atccqtcttg 5041 ccaggattgg ccgaatccta cgtctgatca aaggagcaaa ggggatccgc acgctgctct 5101 ttgctttgat gatgtccctt cctgcgttgt ttaacatcgg cctcctgctc ttcctggtca 5161 tgtttatcta tgccatcttt gggatgtcca actttgccta tgttaaaaag gaagctggaa 5221 ttgatgacat gttcaacttt gagacctttg gcaacagcat gatctgcttg ttccaaatta 5281 caacetetge tggetgggat ggattgetag cacetattet taatagtgea ceaecegaet 5341 gtgaccetga cacaatteae eetggcaget cagttaaggg agactgtggg aacceatetg 5401 ttgggattit ctttttcgtc agttacatca tcatatcctt cctggttgtg qtgaacatqt 5461 acategeggt cateetggag aactteagtg ttgctactga agaaagtgca gageeetga 5521 gtgaggatga ctttgagatg ttctatgagg tttgggaaaa gtttgatccc gatgcgaccc 5581 agtttataga gttctctaaa ctctctgatt ttgcagctgc cctggatcct cctcttctca 5641 tagcaaaacc caacaaagtc cagcttattg ccatggatct gcccatggtc agtggtgacc 5701 ggatccactg tottgatatt ttatttgcct ttacaaagcg tgttttgggt gagagtggag 5761 agatggatgc ccttcgaata cagatggaag acaggtttat ggcatcaaac ccctccaaag 5821 tetettatga geetattaca accaetttga aacgtaaaca agaggaggtg tetgeegeta 5881 tcattcagcg taatttcaga tgttatcttt taaagcaaag gttaaaaaat atatcaagta 5941 actataacaa agaggcaatt aaagggagga ttgacttacc tataaaacaa gacatgatta 6001 ttgacaaact aaatgggaac tccactccag aaaaaacaga tgggagttcc tctaccacct 6061 etectectic ctatgatagt gtaacaaaac cagacaagga aaagtttgag aaagacaaac 6121 cagaaaaaga aagcaaagga aaagaggtca gagaaaatca aaagtaaaaa gaaacaaaga 6181 attatctttg tgatcaattg tttacagcct atgaaggtaa agtatatgtg tcaactggac 6241 ttcaagagga ggtccatgcc aaactgactg ttttaacaaa tactcatagt cagtqcctat 6301 acaagacagt gaagtgacct ctctgtcact gcaactctgt gaagcagggt atcaacattq 6361 acaagaggtt gctgttttta ttaccagctg acactgctga ggagaaaccc aatggctacc

FIGURE 3 (continued)

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6421 tagactatag ggatagttgt gcaaagtgaa cattgtaact acaccaaaca cctttagtac 6481 agtccttgca tccattctat ttttaacttc catatctgcc atattttac aaaatttgtt 6541 ctagtgcatt tccatggtcc ccaattcata gtttattcat aatgctatgt cactattt

FIGURE 4: amino acid sequence of human SCN3A (SEQ ID NO: 4)

AND STATE SAME

MAQALLVPPGPESFRLFTRESLAAIEKRAAEEKAKKPKKEQDNDDENKPKPNSDLEAGKNLPFI YGDIPPEMVSEPLEDLDPYYINKKTFIVMNKGKAIFRFSATSALYILTPLNPVRKIAIKILVHS LFSMLIMCTILTNCVFMTLSNPPDWTKNVEYTFTGIYTFESLIKILARGFCLEDFTFLRDPWNW LDFSVIVMAYVTEFVSLGNVSALRTFRVLRALKTISVIPGLKTIVGALIQSVKKLSDVMILTVF CLSVFALIGLQLFMGNLRNKCLQWPPSDSAFETNTTSYFNGTMDSNGTFVNVTMSTFNWKDYIG DDSHFYVLDGQKDPLLCGNGSDAGQCPEGYICVKAGRNPNYGYTSFDTFSWAFLSLFRLMTQDY WENLYQLTLRAAGKTYMIFFVLVIFLGSFYLVNLILAVVAMAYEEQNQATLEEAEQKEAEFQQM LEQLKKQQEEAQAVAAASAASRDFSGIGGLGELLESSSEASKLSSKSAKEWRNRRKKRRQREHL EGNNKGERDSFPKSESEDSVKRSSFLFSMDGNRLTSDKKFCSPHQSLLSIRGSLFSPRRNSKTS IFSFRGRAKDVGSENDFADDEHSTFEDSESRRDSLFVPHRHGERRNSNGTTTETEVRKRRLSSY QISMEMLEDSSGRQRAVSIASILTNTMEELEESRQKCPPCWYRFANVFLIWDCCDAWLKVKHLV. NLIVMDPFVDLAITICIVLNTLFMAMEHYPMTEQFSSVLTVGNLVFTGIFTAEMVLKIIAMDPY YYFQEGWNIFDGIIVSLSLMELGLSNVEGLSVLRSFRLLRVFKLAKSWPTLNMLIKIIGNSVGA LGNLTLVLAIIVFIFAVVGMQLFGKSYKECVCKINDDCTLPRWHMNDFFHSFLIVFRVLCGEWI ETMWDCMEVAGQTMCLIVFMLVMVIGNLVVLNLFLALLLSSFSSDNLAATDDDNEMNNLQIAVG RMQKGIDYVKNKMRECFQKAFFRKPKVIEIHEGNKIDSCMSNNTGIEISKELNYLRDGNGTTSG VGTGSSVEKYVIDENDYMSFINNPSLTVTVPIAVGESDFENLNTEEFSSESELEESKEKLNATS SSEGSTVDVVLPREGEQAETEPEEDLKPEACFTEGCIKKFPFCQVSTEEGKGKIWWNLRKTCYS IVEHNWFETFIVFMILLSSGALAFEDIYIEQRKTIKTMLEYADKVFTYIFILEMLLKWVAYGFQ TYFTNAWCWLDFLIVDVSLVSLVANALGYSELGAIKSLRTLRALRPLRALSRFEGMRVVVNALV GAIPSIMNVLLVCLIFWLIFSIMGVNLFAGKFYHCVNMTTGNMFDISDVNNLSDCQALGKQARW KNVKVNFDNVGAGYLALLQVATFKGWMDIMYAAVDSRDVKLQPVYEENLYMYLYFVIFIIFGSF FTLNLFIGVIIDNFNQQKKKFGGQDIFMTEEQKKYYNAMKKLGSKKPQKPIPRPANKFQGMVFD FVTRQVFDISIMILICLNMVTMMVETDDQGKYMTLVLSRINLVFIVLFTGEFVLKLVSLRHYYF TIGWNIFDFVVVILSIVGMFLAEMIEKYFVSPTLFRVIRLARIGRILRLIKGAKGIRTLLFALM MSLPALFNIGLLLFLVMFIYAIFGMSNFAYVKKEAGIDDMFNFETFGNSMICLFQITTSAGWDG LLAPILNSAPPDCDPDTIHPGSSVKGDCGNPSVGIFFFVSYIIISFLVVVNMYIAVILENFSVA TEESAEPLSEDDFEMFYEVWEKFDPDATQFIEFSKLSDFAAALDPPLLIAKPNKVQLIAMDLPM VSGDRIHCLDILFAFTKRVLGESGEMDALRIQMEDRFMASNPSKVSYEPITTTLKRKQEEVSAA IIQRNFRCYLLKQRLKNISSNYNKEAIKGRIDLPIKQDMIIDKLNGNSTPEKTDGSSSTTSPPS YDSVTKPDKEKFEKDKPEKESKGKEVRENQK

FIGURE 5: cDNA of human sodium channel a-subunit variant by Jeong et al. (SEQ ID NO: 5)

1 agcgaagcgg aggcataagc agagaggatt ctggaaaggt ctctttgttt tcttatccac 61 agagaaagaa agaaaaaaaa ttgtaactaa tttgtaaacc tctgtggtca aaaaaaaaa 121 aaaaaaaaa gctgaacagc tgccagagga agacacgtta taccctaacc atcttggatg 181 ctgggctttg ttatgctgta attcataagg ctctgtttta tcagagatta tggagcaaga 241 aaactgaagc caagccacat caaggtttga cagggatgag atacctgtca aggattcata 301 gtagagtggc ttactgggaa aggagcaaag aatctcttct agggatattg taagaataaa 361 tgagataatt cacagaaggg acctggagct tttccggaaa aaggtgctgt gactatctaa 421 ggtaattegt atgeaagaag etacaegtaa ttaaatgtge aggatgaaaa gatggeacag 481 gcactgttgg tacccccagg acctgaaagc ttccgccttt ttactagaga atctcttgct 541 gctatcgaaa aacgtgctgc agaagagaaa gccaagaagc ccaaaaagga acaagataat 601 gatgatgaga acaaaccaaa gccaaatagt gacttggaag ctggaaagaa ccttccattt 661 atttatggag acattectee agagatggtg teagageeee tggaggaeet ggateeetae 721 tatatcaata agaaaacttt tatagtaatg aataaaggaa aggcaatttt ccqattcagt 781 gccacctctg ccttgtatat tttaactcca ctaaaccctg ttaggaaaat tqctatcaag 841 attttggtac attctttatt cagcatgctt atcatgtgca ctattttgac caactgtgta 901 tttatgacct tgagcaccc tcctgactgg acaaagaatg tagagtacac attcactgga 961 atctatacct ttgagtcact tataaaaatc ttggcaagag gqttttqctt aqaaqatttt 1021 acgtttette gtgatecatg gaactggetg gattteagtg teattgtgat ggeatatgtg 1081 acagagtttg tggacctggg caatgtctca gcgttgagaa cattcagagt tctccgagca 1141 etgaaaacaa tttcagtcat tccaggttta aagaccattg tggggggcct gatccagtcq 1201 gtaaagaagc tttctgatgt gatgatectg actgtgttct gtctgagcgt gtttqctctc 1261 attgggctgc agetgttcat gggcaatctg aggaataaat gtttgcagtq gcccccaaqc 1321 gattetgett ttgaaaceaa caccacttee taetttaatg geacaatgga tteaaatgg 1381 acatttgtta atgtaacaat gagcacattt aactggaagg attacattgq agatgacagt 1441 cacttttatg ttttggatgg gcaaaaagac cctttactct gtggaaatgg ctcagatgca 1501 ggccagtgtc cagaaggata catctgtgtg aaggctggtc qaaaccccaa ctatqqctac 1561 acaagctttg acacctttag ctgggctttc ctgtctctat ttcgactcat qactcaaqac 1621 tattgggaaa atctttacca gttgacatta cgtgctgctg ggaaaacata catgatattt 1681 tttgtcctgg tcattttctt gggctcattt tatttggtga atttgatcct ggctgtggtg 1741 gccatggcct atgaggagca gaatcaggcc accttggaag aagcagaaca aaaagaggcc 1801 gaatttcagc agatgctcga acagcttaaa aagcaacagg aagaagctca ggcagttgcg 1861 gcagcatcag ctgcttcaag agatttcagt ggagtaggtg ggttaggaga gctgttggaa 1921 agttcttcag aagcatcaaa gttgagttcc aaaggtgcta aagaatggag gaaccqqaqq 1981 aagaaaagaa gacagagaga gcaccttgaa ggaaacaaca aaggagagag agacagcttt 2041 cccaaatccg aatctgaaga cagcgtcaaa agaagcagct tccttttctc catggatgga 2101 aacagactga ccagtgacaa aaaattctgc tcccctcatc agtctctctt gagtatccgt ·2161 ggctccctgt tttccccaag acgcaatagc aaaacaagca ttttcagttt cagaqqtcqq 2221 gcaaaggatg ttggatctga aaatgacttt gctgatgatg aacacagcac atttgaagac 2281 ggcgaaagca ggagagactc actgtttgtg ccgcacagac atggagagcg acgcaacagt 2341 aacgttagtc aggccagtat gtcatccagg atggtgccag ggcttccagc aaatgggaag 2401 atgcacagca ctgtggattg caatggtgtg gtttccttgg tgggtggacc ttcaqctcta 2461 acgtcaccta ctggacaact tcccccagag ggcaccacca ctgaaacgga agtcagaaag 2521 agaaggttaa gctcttacca gatttcaatg gagatgctgg aggattcctc tggaaggcaa 2581 agagccgtga gcatagccag cattctgacc aacacaatgg aagaacttga agaatctaga 2641 cagaaatgtc cgccatgctg gtatagattt gccaatgtgt tcttgatctg ggactgctgt 2701 gatgcatggt taaaagtaaa acatcttgtg aatttaattg ttatggatcc atttgttgat 2761 cttgccatca ctatttgcat tgtcttaaat accctcttta tggccatgga gcactacccc 2821 atgactgage aattcagtag tgtgttgact gtaggaaacc tggtctttac tgggattttc 2881 acagcagaaa tggttctcaa gatcattgcc atggatcctt attactattt ccaagaaggc 2941 tggaatatet ttgatggaat tattgtcage etcagtttaa tggagettgg tetgtcaaat 3001 gtggagggat tgtctgtact gcgatcattc agactgctta gagttttcaa gttggcaaaa 3061 tectggecca cactaaatat getaattaag ateattggea attetgtggg ggetetagga 3121 aacctcacct tggtgttggc catcatcgtc ttcatttttg ctgtggtcgg catqcaqctc



FIGURE 5 (continued)

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3181 tttggtaaga gctacaaaga atgtgtctgc aagatcaatg atgactgtac gctcccacgg 3241 tggcacatga acgacttett ceacteette etgattgtgt teegegtget gtgtggagag 3301 tggatagaga ccatgtggga ctgtatggag gtcgctggcc aaaccatgtg ccttattgtt 3361 ttcatgttgg tcatggtcat tggaaacctt gtggttctga acctctttct ggccttatta 3421 ttgagttcat ttagctcaga caaccttgct gctactgatg atgacaatga aatgaataat 3481 ctgcagattg cagtaggaag aatgcaaaag ggaattgatt atgtgaaaaa taagatgcgg 3541 gagtgtttcc aaaaagcctt ttttagaaag ccaaaagtta tagaaatcca tgaaggcaat 3601 aagatagaca gctgcatgtc caataatact ggaattgaaa taagcaaaga gcttaattat 3661 cttagagatg ggaatggaac caccagtggt gtaggtactg gaagcagtgt tgaaaaatac 3721 gtaatcgatg aaaatgatta tatgtcattc ataaacaacc ccagcctcac cgtcacagtg 3781 ccaattgctg ttggagagtc tgactttgaa aacttaaata ctgaagagtt cagcagtgag 3841 tcagaactag aagaaagcaa agagaaatta aatgcaacca gctcatctga aggaagcaca 3901 gttgatgttg ttctaccccg agaaggtgaa caagctgaaa ctgaacccga agaagacttt 3961 aaaccggaag cttgttttac tgaagggtgt attaaaaagt ttccattctg tcaagtaagt 4021 acagaaqaag gcaaagggaa gatctggtgg aatcttcgaa aaacctgcta cagtattqtt 4081 gagcacaact ggtttgagac tttcattgtg ttcatgatcc ttctcagtag tggtgcattg 4141 gcctttgaag atatatacat tgaacagcga aagactatca aaaccatgct agaatatgct 4201 gacaaagtet ttacctatat atteattetg gaaatgette teaaatgggt tgettatgga 4261 tttcaaacat atttcactaa tgcctggtgc tggctagatt tcttgatcgt tgatgtttct 4321 ttggttagcc tggtagccaa tgctcttggc tactcagaac tcggtgccat caaatcatta 4381 cggacattaa gagctttaag acctctaaga gccttatccc ggtttgaagg catgagggtg 4441 gttgtgaatg ctcttgttgg agcaattece tetateatga atgtgetgtt ggtetgtete 4501 atcttctggt tgatctttag catcatgggt gtgaatttgt ttgctggcaa gttctaccac 4561 tgtgttaaca tgacaacggg taacatgttt gacattagtg atgttaacaa tttgagtgac 4621 tgtcaggctc ttggcaagca agctcggtgg aaaaacgtga aagtaaactt tgataatgtt 4681 ggcgctggct atcttgcact gcttcaagtg gccacattta aaggctggat ggatattatg 4741 tatgcagetg ttgattcacg agatgttaaa ettcageetg tatatgaaga aaatetgtac 4801 atgtatttat actttqtcat ctttatcatc tttqqqtcat tcttcactct qaatctattc 4861 attggtgtca tcatagataa cttcaaccag cagaaaaaga agtttggagg tcaagacatc 4921 tttatqacag aggaacagaa aaaatattac aatgcaatga agaaacttgg atccaagaaa 4981 cctcaqaaac ccatacctcg cccaqcaaac aaattccaag gaatggtctt tgattttqta 5041 accagacaag tetttgatat cagcateatg atecteatet geeteaacat ggteaceatg 5101 atggtggaaa cggatgacca gggcaaatac atgaccctag ttttgtcccg gatcaaccta 5161 gtgttcattg ttctgttcac tggagaattt gtgctgaagc tcgtttccct cagacactac 5221 tacttcacta taggctggaa catctttgac tttgtggtgg tgattctctc cattgtaggt 5281 atgtttctgg ctgagatgat agaaaagtat tctgtgtccc ctaccttgtt ccgagtgatc 5341 cgtcttgcca ggattggccg aatcctacgt ctgatcaaag gagcaaaggg gatccgcacg 5401 ctgetetttg etttgatgat gteeetteet gegttgttta acateggeet cetgetette 5461 ctggtcatgt ttatctatgc catctttggg atgtccaact ttgcctatgt taaaaaggaa 5521 gctqqaattg atqacatgtt caactttgag acctttggca acagcatgat ctgcttgttc 5581 caaattacaa cctctqctqq ctqqqatqga ttqctagcac ctattcttaa taqtqcacca 5641 cccqactqtq accctqacac aattcaccct ggcagctcag ttaagggaga ccqtqqqqac 5701 ccatctqttq qqattttctt ttttqtcagt tacatcatca tatccttcct qqttqtqqtq 5761 aacatgtaca togoggtcat cotggagaac ttcagtgttg ctactgaaga aagtgcagag 5821 cccctgagtg aggatgactt tgagatgttc tatgaggttt gggaaaagtt tgatcccgat 5881 gcgacccagt ttatagagtt ctctaaactc tctgattttg cagetgccct ggatcctcct 5941 cttctcatag caaaacccaa caaagtccag cttattgcca tggatctgcc catggtcagt 6001 ggtgaccgga tccactgtct tgatatttta tttgccttta caaagcgtgt tttgtgtgag 6061 agtggagaga tggatgcct tcgaatacag atggaagaca ggtttatggc atcaaaccc 6121 tocaaagtot ottatgagoo tattacaaco actttgaaac gtaaacaaga ggaggtgtot 6181 gccgctatca ttcagcgtaa tttcagatgt tatcttttaa agcaaaggtt aaaaaatata 6241 tcaagtaact ataacaaaga ggcaattaaa gggaggattg acttacctat aaaacaagac 6301 atgattattg acaaactaaa tgggaactcc actccagaaa aaacagatgg gagttcctct 6361 accaccctc ctccttccta tgatagtgta acaaaaccag acaaggaaaa gtttgagaaa

FIGURE 5 (continued)

6421 gacaaaccag aaaaagaaag caaaggaaaa gaggtcagag aaaatcaaaa gtaaaaagaa 6481 acaaaqaatt atctttqtqa tcaattqttt acagcctatg aaggtaaagt atatgtgtca 6541 actggacttc aagaggaggt ccatgccaaa ctgactgttt taacaaatac tcatagtcag 6601 tgcctataca agacagtgaa gtgacctctc tgtcactgca actctgtgaa gcagggtatc 6661 aacgttgaca agaggttgct gtttttatta ccagctgaca ctgctgagga gaaacccaat 6721 ggctacctag actataggga tagttgtgca aagtgaacat tgtaactaca ccaaacacct 6781 ttagtacagt ccttgcatcc attctatttt taacttccat atctgccata tttttacaaa 6841 atttgttcta gtgcatttcc atggtcccca attcatagtt tattcataat gctatgtcac 6901 tatttttgta aatgaggttt acgttgaaga aacagtatac aagaaccctg tctctcaaat 6961 gatcagacaa aggtgttttg ccagagagat aaaatttttg ctcaaaacca gaaaaagaat 7021 tgtaatggct acagtttcag ttacttccat tttctagatg gctttaattt tgaaagtatt 7081 ttagtctgtt atgtttgttt ctatctgaac agttatgtgc ctgtaaagtc tcctctaata 7141 tttaaaggat tatttttatg caaagtattc tgtttcagca agtgcaaatt ttattctaag 7201 tttcaqaqct ctatatttaa tttaggtcaa atgctttcca aaaagtaatc taataaatcc 7261 attctagaaa aatatatcta aagtattgct ttagaatagt tgttccactt tctgctgcag 7321 tattgctttg ccatcttctg ctctcagcaa agctgatagt ctatgtcaat taaataccct 7381 atqttatgta aatagttatt ttatcctgtg gtgcatgttt gggcaaatat atatatagcc 7441 tgataaacaa cttctattaa atcaaatatg taccacagtg tatgtgtctt ttgcaagctt 7501 ccaacaggga tgtatcctgt atcattcatt aaacatagtt taaaggctat cactaatgca 7561 tgttaatatt gcctatgctg ctctatttta ctcaatccat tcttcacaag tcttggttaa 7621 agaatgtcac atattggtga tagaatgaat tcaacctgct ctgtccatta tgtcaagcag 7681 aataatttga agctatttac aaacaccttt acttttgcac ttttaattca acatgagtat 7741 catatggtat ctctctggat ttcaaggaaa cacactggat actgcctact gacaaaacct 7801 attcttcata ttttgctaaa aatatgtcta aaacttgttt aaatataaat aatgtaaaaa 7861 tataatcaac tttatttgtc agcattttgt acataagaaa attattttca ggttgatgac 7921 atcacaattt attttacttt atgcttttgc ttttgatttt taatcacaat tccaaacttt 7981 tgaatccata agatttttca atggataatt tcctaaaata aaagttagat aatgggtttt 8041 atggatttct ttgttataat atattttcta ccattccaat aggagataca ttggtcaaac 8101 actcaaacct agatcatttt ctaccaacta tggttgcctc aatataacct tttattcata 8161 gatgtttttt tttattcaac ttttgtagta tttacgtatg cagactagtc ttatttttt 8221 aattootgot goactaaago tattacaaat ataacatgga otttgttott tttagocatg 8281 aacaaagtgg caaagttgtg caattaccta acatgatata aatttttgtt ttttgcacaa 8341 accaaaagtt taatgttaat totttttaca aaactattta otgtagtgta ttgaagaact 8401 gcatgcaggg aattgctatt gctaaaaaga atggtgagct acgtcattat tgagccaaaa 8461 gaataaattt catttttat tgcatttcac ttattgggct ctggggtttt ttgttttgt 8521 tttttgctgt tggcagttta aaatatatat aattaataaa acctgtgctt gatctgacat 8581 ttgtatacat aaaagtttac atgaatttta caacaaacta gtgcatgatt caccaagcag 8641 tactacaqaa caaaggcaaa ttaaaagcag ctttgtgaac ttttatgtgt gcaaaggatc 8701 aagttcacat gttccaactt tcaggtttga taataatagt agtaaccacc tacaatagct 8761 ttcaatttca attaactccc ttggctataa gcatctaaac tcatcttctt tcaatataat 8821 tgatgctatc tcctaattac ttggtggcta ataaatgtta cattctttgt tacttaaatg 8881 cattatataa actcctatgt atacataagg tattaatgat atagttattg agaatttata 8941 ttaacttttt tttcaagaac ccttggattt atgtgaggtc aaaaccaaac tcttattctc 9001 aqtggaaaac tccagttgta atgcatattt ttaaagacaa tttggatcta aatatgtatt 9121 aaa

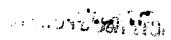
FIGURE 6: amino acid sequence of human sodium channel α -subunit variant by Jeong et al. (SEQ ID NO: 6)

MAQALLVPPGPESFRLFTRESLAAIEKRAAEEKAKKPKKEQDNDDENKPKPNSDLEAGKNLPFI YGDIPPEMVSEPLEDLDPYYINKKTFIVMNKGKAIFRFSATSALYILTPLNPVRKIAIKILVHS LFSMLIMCTILTNCVFMTLSNPPDWTKNVEYTFTGIYTFESLIKILARGFCLEDFTFLRDPWNW LDFSVIVMAYVTEFVDLGNVSALRTFRVLRALKTISVIPGLKTIVGALIOSVKKLSDVMILTVF CLSVFALIGLQLFMGNLRNKCLQWPPSDSAFETNTTSYFNGTMDSNGTFVNVTMSTFNWKDYIG DDSHFYVLDGQKDPLLCGNGSDAGQCPEGY I CVKAGRNPNYGYTSFDTFSWAFLSLFRLMTQDY WENLYOLTLRAAGKTYMIFFVLVIFLGSFYLVNLILAVVAMAYEEQNQATLEEAEQKEAEFQQM ·LEQLKKQQEEAQAVAAASAASRDFSGVGGLGELLESSSEASKLSSKGAKEWRNRRKKRROREHL EGNNKGERDSFPKSESEDSVKRSSFLFSMDGNRLTSDKKFCSPHQSLLSIRGSLFSPRRNSKTS IFSFRGRAKDVGSENDFADDEHSTFEDGESRRDSLFVPHRHGERRNSNVSOASMSSRMVPGLPA NGKMHSTVDCNGVVSLVGGPSALTSPTGQLPPEGTTTETEVRKRRLSSYQISMEMLEDSSGRQR AVSIASILTNTMEELEESRQKCPPCWYRFANVFLIWDCCDAWLKVKHLVNLIVMDPFVDLAITI CIVLNTLFMAMEHYPMTEOFSSVLTVGNLVFTGIFTAEMVLKIIAMDPYYYFOEGWNIFDGIIV SLSLMELGLSNVEGLSVLRSFRLLRVFKLAKSWPTLNMLIKIIGNSVGALGNLTLVLAIIVFIF AVVGMQLFGKSYKECVCKINDDCTLPRWHMNDFFHSFLIVFRVLCGEWIETMWDCMEVAGQTMC LIVFMLVMVIGNLVVLNLFLALLLSSFSSDNLAATDDDNEMNNLOIAVGRMOKGIDYVKNKMRE CFQKAFFRKPKVIEIHEGNKIDSCMSNNTGIEISKELNYLRDGNGTTSGVGTGSSVEKYVIDEN DYMSFINNPSLTVTVPIAVGESDFENLNTEEFSSESELEESKEKLNATSSSEGSTVDVVLPREG EQAETEPEEDFKPEACFTEGCIKKFPFCQVSTEEGKGKIWWNLRKTCYSIVEHNWFETFIVFMI LLSSGALAFEDIYIEQRKTIKTMLEYADKVFTYIFILEMLLKWVAYGFQTYFTNAWCWLDFLIV DVSLVSLVANALGYSELGAIKSLRTLRALRPLRALSRFEGMRVVVNALVGAIPSIMNVLLVCLI FWLIFSIMGVNLFAGKFYHCVNMTTGNMFDISDVNNLSDCQALGKQARWKNVKVNFDNVGAGYL ALLQVATFKGWMDIMYAAVDSRDVKLQPVYEENLYMYLYFVIFIIFGSFFTLNLFIGVIIDNFN QQKKKFGGQDIFMTEEQKKYYNAMKKLGSKKPQKPIPRPANKFQGMVFDFVTRQVFDISIMILI CLNMVTMMVETDDQGKYMTLVLSRINLVFIVLFTGEFVLKLVSLRHYYFTIGWNIFDFVVVILS IVGMFLAEMIEKYSVSPTLFRVIRLARIGRILRLIKGAKGIRTLLFALMMSLPALFNIGLLLFL VMFIYAIFGMSNFAYVKKEAGIDDMFNFETFGNSMICLFQITTSAGWDGLLAPILNSAPPDCDP DTIHPGSSVKGDRGDPSVGIFFFVSYIIISFLVVVNMYIAVILENFSVATEESAEPLSEDDFEM FYEVWEKFDPDATOFIEFSKLSDFAAALDPPLLIAKPNKVQLIAMDLPMVSGDRIHCLDILFAF TKRVLCESGEMDALRIOMEDRFMASNPSKVSYEPITTTLKRKQEEVSAAIIQRNFRCYLLKORL KNISSNYNKEAIKGRIDLPIKQDMIIDKLNGNSTPEKTDGSSSTTPPPSYDSVTKPDKEKFEKD KPEKESKGKEVRENOK

								— Section 1
•	(1)	1	10	2	20	30		48
ClareAJ251507	(1)							
huNaIII18 (AK) JeongAF225987	(1)		GAAGCGGAG					
Consensus	(1)	MGC	SAAGCGGAG(CATAAG	JAGAGAG	GATTCTG	SAAAGGTC	TCTTTGT
							·	_ Section 2
	(49)	49	,60		,70	80		96
ClareAJ251507	(1)							
huNaIII18 (AK) JeongAF225987	(1) (49)		CTTATCCAC					
Consensus	(49)	TTT	CTTATCCAC	AAADADA	JAAAGAA	TAAAAAAT	TGTAACTA	ATTTGTA
								- Section 3
	(97)			110	,120		130	144
ClareAJ251507	(1)							
huNall118 (AK) JeongAF225987	(1)	770	CTCTGTGGT	~~~~~			~	
Consensus	(97)	AAC	CICIGIGGI	JAMAMAN	AAAAAA	MAAAAAA	AGCTGAAC	AGCTGCC
								Section 4
	(145)	145	,150	,160		70	,180	192
ClareAJ251507	(1)			TAG	CHARC	ATCHTGG	ateches	serrogrif
huNall118 (AK) JeongAF225987			GGAAGACAC				a misionica i	indiana in in
	(145)							SCTTTGTT
								— Section 5
Ot A 1054507	(193)		200	210		220	230	240
ClareAJ251507 huNaIII18 (AK)	(33) (1)	ATIG	CAUTA ATTC	ATAAGGQ	Kereni	HANGAGA	GATTATE	BAGGAAGA
JeongAF225987			CHOTAATHO	ATAAGGC	nangaya	MATCAGA	GATTATE	GAGRAGA
Consensus			CTGTAATTC.					GAGCAAGA
								Section 6
ClareAJ251507	(241)		250		260	270	~*************************************	288
huNaIII18 (AK)	(1)	Diriy.	otgaageca	ngcenen			CGASCAG	
JeongAF225987	(241)	MA	CAN NATE OF A	ACCOR	We water	THE REAL PROPERTY.	GCATIGAG	NUMBER
Consensus	(241)	AAA	CTGAAGCCA	AGCCACA	TCAAGG'	PTTGACAG	GGATGAG	
	(000)			00	240	20/	`	— Section 7
ClareAJ251507	(289) (129)			00 2011-10:20	310	320 320		336
huNall118 (AK)	(123)) — — —	GEATWEATE				~~~~~~	
JeongAF225987	(289)	1313	GGAVITOATIA					
Consensus	(289)	CAA	GGATTCATA	GTAGAGT	GGCTTA	CTGGGAAA	.GGAGCAA	AGAATCTC

										Secti	on 8
	(337)	337		35	50		360	3	70		384
	(177)	THE T	AUGGA	PATTG	TAAGI	ATTA	ANGAG	TYAKIT	CACAGA	AGEGA	CCT
huNaIII18 (AK)	(1)	~									
JeongAF225987	(337)	WILCHT	AGGGA	PATTE	TANG	ATATA	ATGAG.	OT A AUTO	CACAGA	aggga	CCT
									CACAGA		
										Sect	ion 9
	(385)	385	390		400		410		420		432
ClareAJ251507	(225)	nana	caren in	ADDOD		ende	TGTGA	CTATC	ATODAAT	ATTICC	TAT
huNall118 (AK)	(1)										
JeongAF225987	(385)	CGAG	Carrin	ĆĆĞĞA	AAAA	drge	TGTGA	CTATC	PANGGTA	ATTEC	TAT
Consensus	(385)	GGAG	CTTTT	CCGGA	AAAA	GTGC	TGTGA	CTATC	PAAGGTA	ATTCG	TAT
										Section	
	(433)	433	440)	45	0	46	60	470		480
ClareAJ251507	(273)	777 A'SA							GAAAAGA	TGGCA	CAG
huNaIII18 (AK)	(1)						***********************		GAAAAGA	TGGC	CAG
JeongAF225987	(433)		area and a	TARRA	GUAG			ACCAT	GAAAAGA	TGGC	CAG
Consensus	(433)	GCAA	CAAGC	тасал Тасас	'GTAA'	гтааа	TGTGC	AGGAT	GAAAAGA	TGGC	CAG
00113011343	(450)		Omic							Section	on 11
	(481)	181		490		500		510			528
ClareAJ251507	(321)	GCAC	ጥርጥጥር	GTACC	CCCA		TGAAA		CGCCTTT	TTAC1	
huNallI18 (AK)	(17)	GCAC	TGIIG TGTTG	CTACC	CCCA	GGACC	TGAAA	GCTTC	CGCCTT	יים אריים	PAGA
JeongAF225987	(481)	GCAC	ጥርጥጥር	CTACC	CCCA	GGACC	TGAAA	GCTTC	CGCCTT	ттас	rAGA
Consensus	(481)	GCAC	ሚሞሞር	CTACC	CCCA	GGACC	TGAAA	GCTTC	CGCCTT	rTTAC	rAGA
00113011303	(401)									Secti	on 12
	(529)	529		540		55	0	.560)		576
ClareAJ251507	(360)	GAAT	יכייכייים		ንጥ ል ጥር				GAAGAG	AAAGC	
huNalli18 (AK)	(65)	CVVI	CTCTT	CCTG	ייים ארכ ייים ארכ	CAAAA	A A C G T G	CTGCA	GAAGAG	AAAGC	CAAG
JeongAF225987	(529)	GAAT	ירידטידטי ירידטידטי	COTO	ТАТС	GAAA	AACGTG	CTGCA	GAAGAG	AAAGC	CAAG
Consensus	(529)	GAAT	ירייטייטיי	СТС	татс	GAAA	AACGTO	CTGCA	GAAGAG	AAAGC	CAAG
	(020)										on 13
	(577)	577			590		600		610		624
ClareAJ251507	(417)	AAGO	CCAAZ	•		CATA			AACAAA	CCAAA	
huNall118 (AK)	(113) AAGO		A A A G G		CATA	ΑΤGΑΤC	ATGAG	AACAAA	CCAAA	GCCA
JeongAF225987	(577)) AAG		A A A G G	AACAA	GATA	ATGATO	ATGAG	AACAAA	CCAAA	GCCA
Consensus	(577) AAG	ממססכ	AAAGG	AACAA	GATA	ATGATO	ATGAG	AACAAA	CCAAA	GCCA
00/136/1303	(511	ARGO									ion 14
	1625) 625	630		640		.650		.660		672
ClareAJ251507	(465) <u>325</u>	<u>, сот</u>	TTTGG	AAGCT	GGAA		TTTCCA	TTATT	TATGG	
huNall118 (AK)									TTATT		
JeongAF225987	(625	, AAT	4 O T O A	CTTOG	AAGCI	GGAA	AGAAC	CTTCC	TTATT	TATGG	AGAC
Consensus	(625	maa (A O T O A	c_{TTCC}	AAGCT	GGAA	AGAAC	CTTCC	TTATT!	TATGG	AGAC
Consensus	, (020	, 227	TO TOW	C1100							

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									- Section	115
	(673)		,680		690		,700	,710		720
ClareAJ251507	(513)	ATTC	CTCCAG	AGATG	GTGTCA	GAGCC	CCTGGAC	GACCTG	ATCCCI	AC
huNallI18 (AK)	(209)	ATTC	CTCCAG	AGATG	GTGTCA	GAGCC	CCTGGAG	GACCTG	SATCCCI	CAC
JeongAF225987	(673)	ATTC	CTCCAG	AGATG	GTGTCA	GAGCC	CCTGGA	GACCTG	SATCCCI	ra'c
Consensus	(673)	ATTC	CTCCAG	AGATG	GTGTCA	GAGCC	CCTGGA	GACCTG	SATCCCI	rac
						<u> </u>			Section	
	(721)	721	.7.	30	740)	750			768
ClareAJ251507			CAATA	AGAAA	ACTTTT	ATAGT	CAADTAA	AAAGGAA	AGGCAI	
huNaIII18 (AK)	(257)	TATAT	ГСААТА	AGAAA	АСТТТТ	ATAGT	AATGAA	AAAGGAA	AGGCAA	ነጥጥ
JeongAF225987	(721)	TATA	ГСААТА	AGAAA	ACTTTT	ATAGT	AATGAAT	RAAGGA	AGGCAR	ላጥጥ ላጥጥ
Consensus	(721)	TATA	ГСААТА	AGAAA	АСТТТТ	ATAGT	AATGAA	AAAGGA	AGGCA	ነ ጥጥ
									Section	
	(769)	769		.780		790	.80	O	00001	816
ClareAJ251507			GATTCA	GTGCC				TTAACTO	САСТА	
huNaIII18 (AK)	(305)	TTCC	GATTCA	GTGCC	ACCTCT	GCCTT	GTATATI	TTAACTO	ית בטונט. יע מידים מידי	AAC
JeongAF225987	(769)	TTCC	GATTCA	GTGCC	ACCTCT	GCCTT	GTATAT	TTAACTO	CACTA	220
Consensus	(769)	TTCC	GATTCA	GTGCC	ACCTCT	GCCTT	GTATAT	TTAACTO	יה ארט אנט ב ז מ שיט מ טיי	1 A C
									Section	
	(817)	817		830		840		850	- 00000	864
ClareAJ251507			TTAGGA				TTTGGT	ACATTCTT	nm n mm C i	
huNaIII18 (AK)	(353)	CCTG	TTAGGA	ል a a ጥጥ	CCTATC	AAGAT	ጥጥጥር GT	CATTCT	ויהשתיהרו	1GC
JeongAF225987	(817)	CCTG	TTAGGA	A A A TT	GCTATC	AAGAT	ጥጥጥር ርጥን	ACATTCT	ነ ጉጥ ተ ነ ር የ	1GC
Consensus								ACATTCT		
									Section	
	(865)	865	.870		880	.89	90	.900	00000	912
ClareAJ251507								TGTATTT?	A T C A C C C	
huNaIII18 (AK)	(401)	ATGC	ͲͲΑͲϹϷ	TGTGC	ACTATT	TTGAC	CAACTG	rGTATTT?	ATGACC.	ነ I G
JeongAF225987	(865)	ATGC	TTATCA	TGTGC	АСТАТТ	TTGAC	CAACTG	GTATTT?	1 1 0 A C C . 1 7 6 A C C 1	րդու Մարա
Consensus	(865)	ATGC	TTATCA	TGTGC	АСТАТТ	TTGAC	CAACTG	GTATTT	T GILCC:	ኮጥር
									Section	
	(913)	913	920		930		.940	.950		960
ClareAJ251507				CTGAC		AAGAA		GTACACA:		
huNall118 (AK)	(449)	AGCA	ACCCTC	CTGAC	TGGACA	AAGAA	TGTAGA	GTACACA:	7 7 CAC 1 (CCA
JeongAF225987	(913)	AGCA	A C C C T C	CTGAC	TGGACA	AAGAA	TGTAGA	GTACACA:	7 T CAC 1 (G C A
Consensus								TACACA:		
									— Section	
	(961)	961	c	70	980	```	990			1008
ClareAJ251507								GGCAAGA		
huNaIII18 (AK)	(407)	ATC1	\mathbf{v}	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	T CWC I I	עעעשע י אטאדט	D D WCWW.	GGCAAGA(CCCMMM	1.GC
JeongAF225987	(961)	ንጥርጥ 131 C 1	21 ACC 1	0 α 0 α α α	407044 107011	<i>ναιπ</i> Ω Αλαιτ	$mm \circ m \land \Delta$	GGCAAGA(CCCDDDD	1 G C
Consensus	(961)	· አጥርጥ	A T A C C 1	. I I GAG	TCACII	<i>גממ</i> חמי מממנה	መመጋጥል <u>ለ</u>	GGCAAGA GGCAAGA	CCCMmm	166
Contochiqua	(001)	*** ()	AIACC	TIGNO	100011	MINNA	MAICIT	GULANGA	GGGTTT	160

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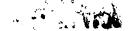
									Section 22
	(1009)	1009	_10	20	,10:	30	,1040		1056
ClareAJ251507	(849)	TTAGAA	GATTTT	ACGTT	TCTTCC	TGATC	CATGGAA	CTGGCT	GGATTTC
huNallI18 (AK)	(545)	TTAGAA	GATTTT	ACGTT	TCTTCC	TGATC	CATGGA	CTGGCT	GGATTTC
JeongAF225987	(1009)	TTAGAA	GATTTT	ACGTT	TCTTCG	TGATC	CATGGA	CTGGCT	GGATTTC
Consensus	(1009)	TTAGAA	GATTTT	ACGTT	TCTTC	TGATC	CATGGA	CTGGCT	GGATTTC
									- Section 23
	(1057)	1057		1070		.1080	10	90	1104
ClareAJ251507	(897)	AGTGTC	ATTGTG	ATGGC	GTATGT	AACAG	AATTTGT	ANGCCT	AGGCAAT
huNalli18 (AK)	(593)	AGTGTO	ATTGTG	ATGGC	GTATGT	AACAG	AATTTG	AAGCCT	AGGCAAT
JeongAF225987	(1057)	AGTGTC	ATTGTG	ATGGC	ATATGT	GACAG	AGTTTGT	CG A CCT	GGGCAAT
Consensus	(1057)	AGTGTC	ATTGTG	ATGGC	GTATGT	PAACAG	AATTTGT	PAGCCT	AGGCAAT
									- Section 24
	(1105)	1105 ,1	110	112	20	,1130		1140	1152
ClareAJ251507									
huNallI18 (AK)	(641)	GTOTOL	CCONTIN	CAAC	MITTO AC	2 V C L C L	TENGAGO	MC T G A A	AACRATT
JeongAF225987	(1105)	GTCTC2	100 6 24 1 6 2	ACAAC BCMAC	$\mathbf{E}_{\mathbf{L}}$	SVC JUNG SVO TENE		. WCIGAA	AACAATT
Consensus	(1105)	CTTTTT	10001101		መመመር አረ	2 Y CW CW	MC A C A C C	ACTGAA	AACTATT
	(1100)	GITICE	1000011	CGAAC	IIICA	SAGICI	TGAGAGC		- Section 25
	/11E2\	1152	1160		1170		400		
Clara A 1251507	(1153)	most on	1160	00000	,1170	,1	180	,1190	1200
ClareAJ251507	(993)	TCMGT	ATTCCA	GGTTT	AAAGA	CATTG	TGGGGG	CCTGAT	CCAGTCG
huNallI18 (AK) JeongAF225987	(009)	TONGT	ATTCCA	GGTTT	AAAGA	CATTG	TGGGGG	CCTGAT	CCAGTCG
Concension	(1155)	TCAGTO	CATTCCA	GGTTT	AAAGA	CATTG	TGGGGG	CCTGAT	CCAGTCG
Consensus	(1155)	TCTGT	AATTCCA	GGTTT	AAAGA	CATTG	reeeec		CCAGTCG
	(4004)	4004	4640						Section 26
01 4 105 (505	(1201)		1210		,1220		,1230		1248
ClareAJ251507	(1041)	GTAAAC	BAAGCTT	TCTGA	TGTGA	PGATCC	TGACTG	GTTCTG	STCTGAGC
huNalii18 (AK)	(/3/)	GTAAAC	SAAGCTT	TCTGA	TGTGA	PGATCC	TGACTG	rgrrcre	STCTGAGC
JeongAF225987	(1201)	GTAAAC	SAAGCTT	TCTGA	TGTGA	rgatcc	TGACTG	rgrrcre	TCTGAGC
Consensus	(1201)	GTAAAC	SAAGCTT	TCTGA	TGTGA	rgatcc	TGACTG	rgrrcre	STCTGAGC
									- Section 27
_	(1249)	1249	12	260	,12	70	1280		1296
ClareAJ251507	(1089)	GTGTTT	rgctctc.	ATTGG	GCTGC	AGCTGT	TCATGG	CAATCI	GAGGAAT
huNall118 (AK)	(785)	GTGTT	PGCTCTC	ATTGG	GCTGC	AGCTGT	TCATGG	GCAATCI	GAGGAAT
JeongAF225987	(1249)	GTGTT	PGCTCTC	ATTGG	GCTGC	AGCTGI	TCATGG	SCAATCI	GAGGAAT
Consensus	(1249)	GTGTT	rgctctc.	ATTGG	GCTGC	AGCTGT	TCATGG	CAATCI	GAGGAAT
									- Section 28
	(1297)	1297		1310		1320	,13	30	1344
ClareAJ251507	' (1137 <u>)</u>	AAATG	TTTGCAG	TGGCC	CCCAA	GCGATI	CTGCTT	TTGAAAC	CCAACACC
huNall118 (AK)	(833) (AAATG	TTTGCAG	TGGCC	CCCAA	GCGATI	CTGCTT	TTGAAAC	CAACACC
JeongAF225987	(1297)	AAATG	TTTGCAG	TGGCC	CCCAA	GCGATT	CTGCTT	TGAAAC	CAACACC
Consensus	(1297)	AAATG	TTTGCAG	TGGCC	CCCAA	GCGATI	CTGCTT	TGAAAC	CCAACACC
	•								

(1345) 1345 1350							- Section 29
Dengar 1345 ACTTCCTACTTTAATGGCACAATGGATTCAAATGGGACATTTGTTAAT 1360 1345 ACTTCCTACTTTAATGGCACAATGGATTCAAATGGGACATTTGTTAAT 1360 1345 ACTTCCTACTTTAATGGCACAATGGATTCAAATGGGACATTGTTAAT 1360 1393 1393 1400 1410 1420 1430 1440 1430 1440	(1345) 1345	1350	1360	1370	1380	1392
JeongAF225987	ClareAJ251507 (1185) ACTTC	CTACTTTA	ATGGCACA	ATGGATTC	AAATGGGACAT	TAATTOTT
JeongAF225987	huNall118 (AK) (881) ACTTC	CTACTTTA	ATGGCACA	ATGGATTC	AAATGGGACAT	TTGTTAAT
Consensus (1345) ACTTCCTACTTTAATGGCACAATGGATTCAAATGGGACATTTGTTAAT	JeongAF225987 (1345) ACTTC	CTAÇTTTA	ATGGCACA	ATGGATTC	AAATGGGACAT	TTGTTAAT
(1393) 1393	Consensus (1345) ACTTC	CTACTTTA	ATGGCACA	ATGGATTC	AAATGGGACAT	ттсттаат
(1393) 1393		·					
ClareAJ251507 (1233) GTAACAATGAGCACATTTAACTGGAAGGATTACATTGGAGTGACAGT	(1393	1393	.1400	.1410	.142	0 1430	
Hundili18 (AK) (929) GTAACAATGAGCACATTTAACTGGAAGGATTACATTGGAGATGACAGT							TOACACAC
JeongAF225987 (1393) GTAACAATGAGCACATTTAACTGGAAGGATTACATTGAGATTGACAGT Consensus (1393) GTAACAATGAGCACATTTAACTGGAAGGATTACATTGGAGATGACAGT	huNall118 (AK) (929) GTAAC	AATGAGCA	CATTTAAC	TGGAAGGAT	TTACATTCCAC	ATCACACT
Consensus (1393) GTAACAATGAGCACATTTAACTGGAAGGATTACATTGGAGATGACAGT	JeongAF225987 (1393) GTAAC	AATGAGCA	CATTA AC	TGGAAGGAT	TTACATIOGAG	ATCACACT
ClareAJ251507 (1281) 1441 1450	Consensus (1393) GTAAC	AATGAGC		TOGMAGGA	TACATIGAA TURKALAGAG	AUGACAGI
(1441) 1441 1450		, 0111110				INCALIGUAG	
ClareAJ251507 (1281) CACTTTTATGTTTTGGATGGCAAAAAGACCCTTTACTCTGTGGAAAT huNalli18 (AK) (977) CACTTTTATGTTTTGGATGGCAAAAAGACCCTTTACTCTGTGGAAAT Consensus (1441) CACTTTTATGTTTTGGATGGCAAAAAGACCCTTTACTCTGTGGAAAT Consensus (1441) CACTTTTATGTTTTGGATGGCAAAAAGACCCTTTACTCTGTGGAAAT	(1441	1441	1450	14	60	1470	
HuNaiii							
JeongAF225987	huNalli18 (AK) (977) CACII	TTMTCTT	. 100A1000			COCCANA
Consensus (1441) CACTTTTATGTTTTGGATGGCAAAAAGACCCTTTACTCTGTGGAAAT	JeongAF225987 (1441) CACTI	\mathbf{T}	TGGATGGC			CHCCARAT
(1489) 1489) CACII	\mathbf{u} \mathbf{u} \mathbf{v} \mathbf{u} \mathbf{v} \mathbf{u} \mathbf{v}	I TOGAT GGG		CCCTTTACTCT	GTGGAAAT
(1489) 1489 1500 1510 1520 1536	Consensus (144)	CACII	IIAIGIII	TGGATGG	CAAAAAGA	CCTTTACTCT	
ClareAJ251507 (1329) GGCTCAGATGCAGGCCAGTGTCCAGAAGGATACATCTGTGTGAAGGCT huNall118 (AK) (1025) GGCTCAGATGCAGGCCAGTGTCCAGAAGGATACATCTGTGTGAAGGCT JeongAF225987 (1489) GGCTCAGATGCAGGCCAGTGTCCAGAAGGATACATCTGTGTGAAGGCT Consensus (1489) GGCTCAGATGCAGGCCAGTGTCCAGAAGGATACATCTGTGTGAAGGCT Consensus (1489) GGCTCAGATGCAGGCCAGTGTCCAGAAGGATACATCTGTGTGAAGGCT Section 33 (1537) 1537 ,1550 ,1560 ,1570 1584 ClareAJ251507 (1377) GGTCGAAACCCCAACTATGGCTACACAAGGCTTTGACACCTTTAGCTGG huNall118 (AK) (1073) GGTCGAAACCCCAACTATGGCTACACAAGCTTTGACACCTTTAGCTGG GCONSENSUS (1537) GGTCGAAACCCCAACTATGGCTACACAAGCTTTGACACCTTTAGCTGG Consensus (1537) GGTCGAAACCCCAACTATGGCTACACAAGCTTTGACACCTTTAGCTGG Consensus (1537) GGTCGAAACCCCAACTATGGCTACACAAGCTTTGACACCTTTAGCTGG Section 34 (1585) 1585 ,1590 ,1600 ,1610 ,1620 1632 ClareAJ251507 (1425) GCTTTCCTGTCTCTATTTCGACTCATGACTCAAGATTATTGGGGAAAAT AUNall118 (AK) (1121) GCTTTCCTGTCTCTATTTCGACTCATGACTCAAGATTATTGGGAAAAT Consensus (1585) GCTTTCCTGTCTCTATTTCGACTCATGACTCAAGACTACTGGGAAAAT Consensus (1585) GCTTTCCTGTCTCTATTTCGACTCATGACTCAAGACTACTGTATATTT huNall118 (AK) (1169) CTTTACCAGTTGACATTACGTGCTGCTGGGAAAACATACAT	(4.400	. 4400	. 45	00	4540	4500	
huNalli18 (AK) (1025) GGCTCAGATGCAGGCCAGTGTCCAGAAGGATACATCTGTGTGAAGGCT JeongAF225987 (1489) GGCTCAGATGCAGGCCAGTGTCCAGAAGGATACATCTGTGTGAAGGCT Consensus (1489) GGCTCAGATGCAGGCCAGTGTCCAGAAGGATACATCTGTGTGAAGGCT Section 33 (1537) 1537 ,1550 ,1560 ,1570 1584 ClareAJ251507 (1377) GGTCGAAACCCCAACTATGGCTACACAAGCTTTGACACCTTTAGCTGG huNalli18 (AK) (1073) GGTCGAAACCCCAACTATGGCTACACAAGCTTTGACACCTTTAGCTGG JeongAF225987 (1537) GGTCGAAACCCCAACTATGGCTACACAAGCTTTGACACCTTTAGCTGG Consensus (1537) GGTCGAAACCCCAACTATGGCTACACAAGCTTTGACACCTTTAGCTGG Consensus (1537) GGTCGAAACCCCAACTATGGCTACACAAGCTTTGACACCTTTAGCTGG Consensus (1537) GGTCGAAACCCCAACTATGGCTACACAAGCTTTGACACCTTTAGCTGG ClareAJ251507 (1425) GCTTTCCTGTCTCTATTTCGACTCATGACTCAAGATTATTGGGAAAAT huNalli18 (AK) (1121) GCTTTCCTGTCTCTATTTCGACTCATGACTCAAGATTATTGGGAAAAT Consensus (1585) GCTTTCCTGTCTCTATTTCGACTCATGACTCAAGATTATTGGGAAAAT Consensus (1585) GCTTTCCTGTCTCTATTTCGACTCATGACTCAAGACTACTGGGAAAAT ClareAJ251507 (1473) CTTTACCAGTTGACATTACGTGCTGCTGGGAAAACATACAT		1489	,15	00			
JeongAF225987 (1489) GGCTCAGATGCAGGCCAGTGTCCAGAAGGATACATCTGTGTGAAGGCT Consensus (1489) GGCTCAGATGCAGGCCAGTGTCCAGAAGGATACATCTGTGTGAAGGCT Section 33 (1537) 1537 ,1550 ,1560 ,1570 1584 ClareAJ251507 (1377) GGTCGAAACCCCAACTATGGCTACACAAGCTTTGACACCTTTAGCTGG huNaill18 (AK) (1073) GGTCGAAACCCCAACTATGGCTACACAAGCTTTGACACCTTTAGCTGG Consensus (1537) GGTCGAAACCCCAACTATGGCTACACAAGCTTTGACACCTTTAGCTGG Consensus (1537) GGTCGAAACCCCAACTATGGCTACACAAGCTTTGACACCTTTAGCTGG Consensus (1537) GGTCGAAACCCCAACTATGGCTACACAAGCTTTGACACCTTTAGCTGG ClareAJ251507 (1425) GCTTTCCTGTCTCTATTTCGACTCATGACTCAAGATTATTTGGAAAAT huNaill18 (AK) (1121) GCTTTCCTGTCTCTATTTCGACTCATGACTCAAGATTATTTGGAAAAT Consensus (1585) GCTTTCCTGTCTCTATTTCGACTCATGACTCAAGATTATTTGGAAAAT Consensus (1585) GCTTTCCTGTCTCTATTTCGACTCATGACTCAAGATTATTTGGAAAAT Consensus (1585) GCTTTCCTGTCTCTATTTCGACTCATGACTCAAGATTATTTGGGAAAAT Consensus (1585) GCTTTCCTGTCTCTATTTCGACTCATGACTCAAGATTATTTGGGAAAAT Consensus (1585) GCTTTCCTGTCTCTATTTCGACTCATGACTCAAGATTATTTGGGAAAAT Consensus (1585) GCTTTCCTGTCTCTATTTCGACTCATGACTCAAGATTATTTGGGAAAAT Consensus (1585) GCTTTCCTGTCTCTATTTCGACTCATGACTCAAGATTATTTGGGAAAAC ClareAJ251507 (1473) CTTTACCAGTTGACATTACGTGCTGCTGGGAAAACATACAT	ClareAJ251507 (1329) GGCTC	AGATGCAC	GCCAGTGT	CCAGAAGG	ATACATCTGTG	TGAAGGCT
Consensus (1489) GGCTCAGATGCAGGCCAGTGTCCAGAAGGATACATCTGTGTAAGGCT Section 33 (1537) 1537 ,1550 ,1560 ,1570 1584 ClareAJ251507 (1377) GGTCGAAACCCCAACTATGGCTACACAAGCTTTGACACCTTTAGCTGG huNall118 (AK) (1073) GGTCGAAACCCCAACTATGGCTACACAAGCTTTGACACCTTTAGCTGG huNall118 (AK) (1073) GGTCGAAACCCCAACTATGGCTACACAAGCTTTGACACCTTTAGCTGG Consensus (1537) GGTCGAAACCCCAACTATGGCTACACAAGCTTTGACACCTTTAGCTGG Consensus (1537) GGTCGAAACCCCAACTATGGCTACACAAGCTTTGACACCTTTAGCTGG Section 34 (1585) 1585	nuivalii18 (AK) (1028) GGCTC	AGATGCAC	GCCAGTGI	CCAGAAGG	ATACATCTGTG	TGAAGGCT
ClareAJ251507 (1425) GCTTTCCTGTCTCTATTTCGACTCATGACTCAAGATTATTTGGAAAAATACATGAATATTTThuNall118 (AK) (1169) CTTTACCAGTTGACACTTTCGAAAACTACAGTTGACACTAAGAAAACTAACATGATATTTTLGACACTTAGAAAACTACAAGAAACTAAAAACTAAAAAAAA) GGCTC	AGATGCA	GCCAGTGT	CCAGAAGG	ATACATCTGTG	TGAAGGCT
(1537) 1537	Consensus (1489) GGCTC	AGATGCAG	GCCAGTG	CCAGAAGG	ATACATCTGTG	
ClareAJ251507 (1377) GGTCGAAACCCCAACTATGGCTACACAAGCTTTGACACCTTTAGCTGG huNalli18 (AK) (1073) GGTCGAAACCCCAACTATGGCTACACAAGCTTTGACACCTTTAGCTGG JeongAF225987 (1537) GGTCGAAACCCCAACTATGGCTACACAAGCTTTGACACCTTTAGCTGG Consensus (1537) GGTCGAAACCCCAACTATGGCTACACAAGCTTTGACACCTTTAGCTGG Consensus (1537) GGTCGAAACCCCAACTATGGCTACACAAGCTTTGACACCTTTAGCTGG ClareAJ251507 (1425) GGTCGCAAACCCCAACTATGGCTACACAAGCTTTGACACCTTTAGCTGG ClareAJ251507 (1425) GCTTTCCTGTCTCTATTTCGACTCATGACTCAAGACTACTGGGAAAAT AuNalli18 (AK) (1121) GCTTTCCTGTCTCTATTTCGACTCATGACTCAAGACTACTGGGAAAAT Consensus (1585) GCTTTCCTGTCTCTATTTCGACTCATGACTCAAGACTACTGGGAAAAT Consensus (1585) GCTTTCCTGTCTCTATTTCGACTCATGACTCAAGACTACTGGGAAAAT ClareAJ251507 (1473) CTTTACCAGTTGACATTACGTGCTGCTGGGAAAACATACAT	(1527	1 1537		1660	1560	1570	
huNaiii18 (AK) (1073) GGTCGAAACCCCAACTATGGCTACACAAGCTTTGACACCTTTAGCTGG JeongAF225987 (1537) GGTCGAAACCCCAACTATGGCTACACAAGCTTTGACACCTTTAGCTGG Consensus (1537) GGTCGAAACCCCAACTATGGCTACACAAGCTTTGACACCTTTAGCTGG Section 34 (1585) 1585 1590 1600 1610 1620 1632 ClareAJ251507 (1425) GCTTTCCTGTCTCTATTTCGACTCATGACTCAAGATTATTGGGAAAAT huNaiii18 (AK) (1121) GCTTTCCTGTCTCTATTTCGACTCATGACTCAAGATTATTGGGAAAAT Consensus (1585) GCTTTCCTGTCTCTATTTCGACTCATGACTCAAGATTATTGGGAAAAT Consensus (1585) GCTTTCCTGTCTCTATTTCGACTCATGACTCAAGACTACTGGGAAAAT ClareAJ251507 (1473) 1633 1640 1650 1660 1670 1680 ClareAJ251507 (1473) CTTTACCAGTTGACATTACGTGCTGCTGGGAAAACATACAT			7770000		1000		
JeongAF225987 (1537) GGTCGAAACCCCAACTATGGCTACACAAGCTTTGACACCTTTAGCTGG Consensus (1537) GGTCGAAACCCCAACTATGGCTACACAAGCTTTGACACCTTTAGCTGG Consensus (1537) GGTCGAAACCCCAACTATGGCTACACAAGCTTTGACACCTTTAGCTGG Section 34 (1585) 1585 ,1590 ,1600 ,1610 ,1620 1632 ClareAJ251507 (1425) GCTTTCCTGTCTCTATTTCGACTCATGACTCAAGACTACTGGGAAAAT huNaili18 (AK) (1121) GCTTTCCTGTCTCTATTTCGACTCATGACTCAAGACTACTGGGAAAAT JeongAF225987 (1585) GCTTTCCTGTCTCTATTTCGACTCATGACTCAAGACTACTGGGAAAAT Consensus (1585) GCTTTCCTGTCTCTATTTCGACTCATGACTCAAGACTACTGGGAAAAT Section 35 (1633) 1633 ,1640 ,1650 ,1660 ,1670 1680 ClareAJ251507 (1473) CTTTACCAGTTGACATTACGTGCTGCTGGGAAAACATACAT	bullall19 (AV) (1073) GGTCG	AAACCCCA	AACTATGGC	TACACAAG	CTTTGACACCT	TTAGCTGG
Consensus (1537) GGTCGAAACCCCAACTATGGCTACACAAGCTTTGACACCTTTAGCTGG Section 34 (1585) 1585 1590 1600 1610 1620 1632 ClareAJ251507 (1425) GCTTTCCTGTCTCTATTTCGACTCATGACTCAAGATTATTGGGAAAAT huNaill18 (AK) (1121) GCTTTCCTGTCTCTATTTCGACTCATGACTCAAGATTATTGGGAAAAT JeongAF225987 (1585) GCTTTCCTGTCTCTATTTCGACTCATGACTCAAGATTATTGGGAAAAT Consensus (1585) GCTTTCCTGTCTCTATTTCGACTCATGACTCAAGACTACTGGGAAAAT Section 35 (1633) 1633 1640 1650 1660 1670 1680 ClareAJ251507 (1473) CTTTACCAGTTGACATTACGTGCTGCTGGGAAAACATACAT	100000 (1073	N COMOC	AAACCCC	AACTATGG	TACACAAG	CTTTGACACCT	TTAGCTGG
Section 34 (1585) 1585 1590 1600 1610 1620 1632 ClareAJ251507 (1425) GCTTTCCTGTCTCTATTTCGACTCATGACTCAAGATTATTGGGAAAAT huNaill18 (AK) (1121) GCTTTCCTGTCTCTATTTCGACTCATGACTCAAGATTATTGGGAAAAT JeongAF225987 (1585) GCTTTCCTGTCTCTATTTCGACTCATGACTCAAGATTATTGGGAAAAT Consensus (1585) GCTTTCCTGTCTCTATTTCGACTCATGACTCAAGACTACTGGGAAAAT Section 35 (1633) 1633 1640 1650 1660 1670 1680 ClareAJ251507 (1473) CTTTACCAGTTGACATTACGTGCTGCTGGGAAAACATACAT		O GGTCG	AAACCCCC	AACTATGG	CTACACAAG	CTTTGACACCT	TTAGCTGG
(1585) 1585 1590 1600 1610 1620 1632 ClareAJ251507 (1425) GCTTTCCTGTCTCTATTTCGACTCATGACTCAAGATTATTGGGAAAAT huNall18 (AK) (1121) GCTTTCCTGTCTCTATTTCGACTCATGACTCAAGATTATTGGGAAAAT JeongAF225987 (1585) GCTTTCCTGTCTCTATTTCGACTCATGACTCAAGATTATTGGGAAAAT Consensus (1585) GCTTTCCTGTCTCTATTTCGACTCATGACTCAAGACTACTGGGAAAAT Section 35 (1633) 1633 1640 1650 1660 1670 1680 ClareAJ251507 (1473) CTTTACCAGTTGACATTACGTGCTGCTGGGAAAACATACAT	Consensus (1537) GGTCG	AAACCCC	AACTATGG	TACACAAG	CTTTGACACCT	
ClareAJ251507 (1425) GCTTTCCTGTCTCTATTTCGACTCATGACTCAAGAGTAGTTAGGGAAAAT huNalil18 (AK) (1121) GCTTTCCTGTCTCTATTTCGACTCATGACTCAAGAGTTAGTGGGAAAAT JeongAF225987 (1585) GCTTTCCTGTCTCTATTTCGACTCATGACTCAAGAGTTAGTGGGAAAAT Consensus (1585) GCTTTCCTGTCTCTATTTCGACTCATGACTCAAGACTACTGGGAAAAT Section 35 (1633) 1633	4450	. 4505	4500	4000	4046		
huNail18 (AK) (1121) GCTTTCCTGTCTCTATTTCGACTCATGACTCAAGATTATTGGGAAAAT JeongAF225987 (1585) GCTTTCCTGTCTCTATTTCGACTCATGACTCAAGATTATTGGGAAAAT Consensus (1585) GCTTTCCTGTCTCTATTTCGACTCATGACTCAAGACTACTGGGAAAAT Section 35 (1633) 1633 1640 1650 1660 1670 1680 ClareAJ251507 (1473) CTTTACCAGTTGACATTACGTGCTGCTGGGAAAACATACAT							
JeongAF225987 (1585) GCTTTCCTGTCTCTATTTCGACTCATGACTCAAGA TATTGGGAAAAT Consensus (1585) GCTTTCCTGTCTCTATTTCGACTCATGACTCAAGA TATTGGGAAAAT Section 35 (1633) 1633 1640 1650 1660 1670 1680 ClareAJ251507 (1473) CTTTACCAGTTGACATTACGTGCTGCTGGGAAAACATACAT	ClareAJ251507 (1425	S) GCTTT	CCTGTCT	CTATTTCGA	ACTCATGAC'	TCAAGA TA T	GGGAAAAT
Consensus (1585) GCTTTCCTGTCTCTATTTCGACTCATGACTCAAGACTACTGGGAAAAT Section 35 (1633) 1633							
Section 35 (1633) 1633 ,1640 ,1650 ,1660 ,1670 1680 ClareAJ251507 (1473) CTTTACCAGTTGACATTACGTGCTGCTGGGAAAACATACAT		S) GCTTT	CCTGTCT	CTATTTCG	ACTCATGAC	TCAAGA TATT	GGGAAAAT
(1633) 1633 ,1640 ,1650 ,1660 ,1670 1680 ClareAJ251507 (1473) CTTTACCAGTTGACATTACGTGCTGCTGGGAAAACATACAT	Consensus (1585	5) GCTTT	CCTGTCT	CTATTTCG	ACTCATGAC	TCAAGACTACT	
ClareAJ251507 (1473) CTTTACCAGTTGACATTACGTGCTGCTGGGAAAACATACAT							Section 35
huNall18 (AK) (1169) CTTTACCAGTTGACATTACGTGCTGGGGAAAACATACATGATATTT JeongAF225987 (1633) CTTTACCAGTTGACATTACGTGCTGCTGGGAAAACATACAT							
huNall18 (AK) (1169) CTTTACCAGTTGACATTACGTGCTGGGGAAAACATACATGATATTT JeongAF225987 (1633) CTTTACCAGTTGACATTACGTGCTGCTGGGAAAACATACAT	ClareAJ251507 (1473	3) СТТТА	CCAGTTG	ACATTACG	PGCTGCTGG	GAAAACATACA	TGATATTT
JeongAF225987 (1633) CTTTACCAGTTGACATTACGTGCTGCTGGGAAAACATACAT	huNall118 (AK) (1169	3) CTTTA	CCAGTTG	ACATTACG	PGCTGCTGG	GAAAACATACA	TGATATTT
Consensus (1633) CTTTACCAGTTGACATTACGTGCTGCTGGGAAAACATACAT	JeongAF225987 (1633	3) СТТТА	CCAGTTG	ACATTACG	FGCTGCTGG	GAAAACATACA	TGATATTT
	Consensus (163:	3) СТТТА	CCAGTTG	ACATTACG	POTTOTTGG	GAAAACATACA	TGATATTT

									_ Section 36
OL 4105150	(1681)	1681	169	90	,170	00	1710		1728
ClareAJ251507	(1521)	TTTGT	CCTGGT	CATTT	PCTTG	GGCTCA	TTTTTT	TTGGTGA.	ATTTGATC
RUNAIII 18 (AK)	(1217)	TTTTGTC	CCTGGT	ጉጉ ጥጥጥ ል ጉ	ኮሮጥጥር	CCCTCA	ጥጥጥጥአጣነ	T O M O O M O	~~~~~
ocorigat 220307	(1001)	TTTGT	CCTGGT	'CAT''''	じとかから	GGCTCA	ጥጥጥጥአጥ	የመረረመሪ ነ	~ MMM/~ ~ M/~
Consensus	(1681)	TTTGT	CCTGGT	CATTT	rcttg	GGCTCA	TTTTAT	TTGGTGA.	ATTTGATC ATTTGATC
									- Section 37
	(1729)	1729		1740		1750	,176	0	1776
ClareAJ251507	(1569)	CTGGC	TGTG.GT	GGCCA	rggcc	TATGAG	GAGCAG	AATCAGG	CCACCTTG
HUNAIII 10 (AK)	(1200)	CTGGC	TGTGGT	'GGCCA'	יההככ	ͲΑͲϾΑϾ	CACCAC	1 1 mc 1 cc	α
JeongAF225987	(1729)	CTGGC	${ t rgrggr}$	GGCCA	r_{GGCC}	TATGAG	GAGCAG	DODAOTA	$C \cap V \cap C \cap W \cap C$
Consensus	(1729)	CTGGC	TGTGGT	GGCCA	rggcc	TATGAG	GAGCAG	AATCAGG	CCACCTTG
									- Section 38
	(1777)	1777		1790		1800		1810	1824
ClareAJ251507	(1617)	GAAGA	AGCAGA	ACAAA	AAGAG	GCCGAA	ጥጥጥርልር	CAGATEC	TCCAACAC
nunaiii18 (AK)	(1313)	GAAGA	AGCAGA	ACAAA	AAGAG	GCCGAA	TTTCAG	CAGATGC	TCGAACAG
JeongAF225987	(1777)	GAAGA	AGCAGA	ACAAA	AAGAG	GCCGAA	TTTCAG	CAGATGC	TCGDACAG
Consensus	(1777)	GAAGA	AGCAGA	ACAAA	AAGAG	GCCGAA	TTTCAG	CAGATGC	PCGAACAG
									Section 39
	(1825)	1825	1830	.18	40	,185	50	1860	4070
ClareAJ251507	(1665)	CTTAA	AAAGCA	ACAGG	AAGAA	GCTCAG	GC A CTT	CCCCAC	CAMCACOM
nuivaiii 18 (AK)	(1361)	CTTAA	AAAGCA	ACAGG	AAGAA	GCTCAG	GCAGTT	CGGCAG	$^{\circ}$ A T $^{\circ}$ A C $^{\circ}$
JeongAF225987	(1825)	CTTAA	AAAGCA	ACAGG	AAGAA	GCTCAG	GCAGTT	CGGCAG	CATCAGCT
Consensus	(1825)	CTTAA	AAAGCA	ACAGG	AAGAA	GCTCAG	GCAGTT	GCGGCAG	CATCAGCT
									- Section 40
	(1873)	1873	,1880		1890		,1900	.1910	1020
ClareAJ251507	(1713)	GCTTC	AAGAGA	TTTCA	TGGA	ETAGGT	GGGTTA	CACACC	PCMMCC A A
nuNaiii18 (AK)	(1409)	GCTTC	AAGAGA	TTTCA	GTGGA	M TAGGT	GGGTTAG	GAGAGC	$\mathbf{r}_{\mathbf{G}}\mathbf{r}_{\mathbf{T}}\mathbf{G}_{\mathbf{G}}\mathbf{r}_{\mathbf{A}}\mathbf{r}_{\mathbf{A}}$
JeongAF225987	(1873)	GCTTC	AAGAGA	TTTCA	STGGA	GTAGGT	GGGTTAG	GAGAGC	TCTTCC A A
Consensus	(1873)	GCTTC	AAGAGA	TTTCA	STGGA	ATAGGT	GGGTTA	GAGAGC	TGTTGGAA
									Section 41
	(1921)	1921	,193	30	,194	10	.1950		1968
ClareAJ251507	(1761)	AGTTC!	TTCAGA	AGCATO	CAAAG	TTGAGT	TCCAAA	CTCCTA	1900
huNallI18 (AK)	(1457)	AGTTC	TTCAGA	AGCAT	CAAAG	TTGAGT	TCCAAA	CTCCTA	ANGMATGG
JeongAF225987	(1921)	AGTTC	TTCAGA	AGCATO	CAAAG	TTGAGT	TCCAAA	GCTGCTA CTGCTA	AAGAATGG
Consensus	(1921)	AGTTC!	TTCAGA	AGCAT	CAAAG	TTGAGT	ТССВАВ	AGTGCTA:	AAGAATGG AAGAATGG
								AGIGCIA.	- Section 42
	(1969)	1969		,1980		1990	200	n	2016
ClareAJ251507	(1809)	AGGAA	CCGRAG	GAAGA	AAAGA	AGACEG	AGAGAG	CACCTTC	2010 NACCANAC
huNall118 (AK)	(1505)	AGGAA	CCGAAG	GAAGA	AAAGA	AGACGC	AGAGAG		AAGGAAAC
JeongAF225987	(1969)	AGGAA	CCGGAG	GAAGA	AAAGA	AGACEG	AGAGAG	CACCITG	AAGGAAAC
Consensus	(1969)	AGGAA	CCGAAG	GAAGA	ADAGA	AGACAG	AGAGAG	~ACCIIG,	AAGGAAAC AAGGAAAC
	/					u.cau	TONGWO	CACCITG,	CAAADDAAA

41.

				<u> </u>							:	Section 43
	(2017)	2017		2	2030		2040			2050		2064
ClareAJ251507	(1857)	AACAA	AGGA	GAGA	GAGAC	AGCI			ATCC	GAATCT	GAA	AGACAGC
huNaIII18 (AK)	(1553)	AACAA	AGGA	GAGA	GAGAC	AGCT	TTC	CCAA	ATCC	GAATCT	GA	AGACAGC
JeongAF225987	(2017)	AACA	AGGA	GAGA	GAGAG	CAGCT	TTC	CCAA	ATCC	GAATCT	GA	AGACAGC
Consensus	(2017)	AACA	AGGA	GAGA	GAGA	CAGC	TTC	CCAA	ATCC	GAATCT	GA	AGACAGC
												Section 44
	(2065)	2065	2070		208	0		2090		2100		2112
ClareAJ251507	(1905)	GTCAZ	AAAGA	AGCA	GCTT	CCTT	$\Gamma T C T$	CCAT	GGAI	GGAAAC	AG	ACTGACC
huNaIII18 (AK)	(1601)	GTCA	AAAGA	AGCA	GCTT	CCTT	TTCT:	CCAT	GGAI	GGAAAC	AG	ACTGACC
JeongAF225987	(2065)	GTCA	AAAGA	AGCA	GCTT	CCTT	TTCT	CCAT	GGAI	GGAAAC	AG.	ACTGACC
Consensus	(2065)	GTCA	AAAGA	AGCA	GCTT	CCTT	TTCT	CCAT	GGAI	GGAAAC	AG.	ACTGACC
												Section 45
	(2113)	2113	212	20	;	2130		214	10	21	50	2160
ClareAJ251507	(1953)	AGTG	ACAAA	AAAT	TCTG	CTCC	CCTC	ATCA	GTCI	CTCTTC	AG	TATCCGT
huNall118 (AK)	(1649)	AGTG.	ACAAA	AAAT	TCTG	CTCC	CCTC	ATCA	GTCI	CTCTTC	BAG	TATCCGT
JeongAF225987	(2113)	AGTG.	ACAAA	TAAA	TCTG	CTCC	CCTC	ATCA	GTC	TTTTTT	DA:	TATCCGT
Consensus	(2113)	AGTG.	ACAAA	TAAA	TCTG	CTCC	CCTC	ATCA	GTC	CTCTTC	SAG	TATCCGT
												Section 46
	(2161)	2161		2170		218	0		2190			2208
ClareAJ251507	(2001)	GGCT	CCCTG	тттт	CCCC	AAGA	CGCA	ATAC	CAA	AACAAG	TAC	TTTCAGT
huNalil18 (AK)	(1697)	GGCT	CCCTG	TTTT	cccc	AAGA	CGCA	ATAC	CAA	AACAAG	TAC	TTTCAGT
JeonaAF225987	(2161)	GGCT	CCCTG	TTTT	CCCC	AAGA	CGCA	ATAC	CAA	AACAAG	TAC	TTTCAGT
Consensus	(2161)	GGCT	СССТС	STTTT	cccc	AAGA	CGCA	ATA	CAA	AACAAG	TAC	TTTCAGT
												Section 47
	(2209)	2209		222	20		2230			240		2256
ClareAJ251507	(2049	TTCA	GAGGI	CGGG	CAAA	GGAT	GTTG	GAT	TGA.	AAATGA	CTT	TGCTGAT
huNaIII18 (AK)	(1745	ТТСА	GAGGT	CGGG	CAAA	GGAT	GTTG	GAT	TGA.	AAATGA	СТТ	TGCTGAT
JeonaAF225987	(2209	TTCA	GAGGT	CGGG	CAAA	GGAT	GTTG	GAT	CTGA.	AAATGA	CTT	TGCTGAT
Consensus	(2209	TTCA	GAGG	CGGG	CAAA	GGAT	GTTG	GAT	CTGA	AAATGA	СТІ	TGCTGAT
												Section 48
	(2257) 2257			2270		22			2290		2304
ClareAJ251507	7 (2097	GATO	AACA	CAGCA	ACATI	TGAA	GAC	GCG	AAAG	CAGGAG	AGA	CTCACTG
huNall118 (AK) (1793) GATO	BAACA	CAGC	ACATI	TGAA	GAC	GCG	AAAG	CAGGAG	AG?	CTCACTG
JeongAF225987	(2257) GATO	BAACA	CAGC	ACATI	TGAA	GAC	GCG.	AAAG	CAGGAG	AGA	CTCACTG
Consensu	s (2257) GATO	SAACA	CAGC	ACATI	TGAA	GAC	AGCG.	AAAG	CAGGAG	AG?	CTCACTG
		·										Section 49
	(2305) 2305	2310		23	20		2330		2340		2352
ClareAJ25150	7 (2145) TTTC	TGCC	GCAC	AGACA	ATGG!	GAG	CGAC	GCAA	CAGTAA	.CG	
huNall118 (AK	() (1841	TTTC	STGCC	GCAC	AGAC	TGG	AGAG	CGAC	GCAA	CAGTAA	CG	PRACTICALS
JeongAF225987	(2305) TTT(STGCC	GCAC.	AGAC	ATGGA	AGAG	CGAC	GCAA	CAGTAA	CG	PTAGTCAC
Consensu	s (2305	5) TTT(GTGCC	GCAC.	AGAC	ATGG	AGAG	CGAC	GCAA	CAGTAA	CG	TAGTCAG



									Section 50
	(2353)		2360		2370	2380)	2390	2400
ClareAJ251507	(2185)								
huNallI18 (AK) JeongAF225987	(1889)	GCCAG	(Atgrei	(TCCAG(ATCCT	eccagge	CTTCCA	CAAA	rcegaac
JeongAF225987	(2353)	GCCAG	PATGTC	TCCAG	ATECT	GCCAGGG	CTTCCA	(P.V.)	ILC CIC AVAC
Consensus	(2353)	GCCAG	PATGTC!	ATCCAG	GATGGT	GCCAGGG	CTTCCA	GCAAA	TGGGAAG
							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Section 51
+	(2401)	2401	2410)	2420	2	430		2448
ClareAJ251507							. = = = = = =		
huNaIII18 (AK)			AGCAC	GTGGA.	rtgcaa	rggrere	ദ്രസസസ്യ	nincani	nonnec'h
JeongAF225987	(2401)	ATCCA	BAGCAC	CTGGA	TTGCAA	тостстс	GTTTCO	nneen	CCCTCCA
Consensus	(2401)	ATGCA	CAGCAC	rgrgga	PTGCAA	тсстстс	CTTTCO	いいりつけん	CCCTCC A
									Section 52
	(2449)	2449		2460	247	n	2480		2496
ClareAJ251507							2400		
huNaIII18 (AK)	(1985)	Name of the last	ran extensive		NATION STATE	my salasa			GCACC
JeongAF225987	(2440)	ROMM'S						34.71	GGGCACC
Consensus	(2443) (2440)	CCTTC	A C C T C T C						GGGCACC
Consensus	(2443)	CC11C.	AGC 1 C 17	AACGTC	ACCTAC	TGGACAA	CTTCCC	CCAGA	
	(0.407)	0407		0540		2500	0.00		Section 53
	(2497)			2510		2520	2530		2544
ClareAJ251507	(2190)	ACCAC	GAAAC	GAAGT	CAGAAA	GAGAAGG	TTAAGC	TCTTA	CCAGATI
huNaill18 (AK) JeongAF225987	(2000) (2407)	ACCAC.	AGAAAC	GAAGT	CAGAAA	GAGAAGG	TTAAGC	TCTTA	CCAGATI
Canada	(2497)	ACCAC	EGAAACC	GAAGT	CAGAAA	GAGAAGG	TTAAGC	TCTTA	CCAGATI
Consensus	(2497)	ACCAC	I'GAAAC(GAAGT	CAGAAA	GAGAAGG	TTAAGC		
	·								Section 54
01 - 4 105 (507	(2545)	2545	2550	256	0	2570	25	580	2592
ClareAJ251507	(2238)	TCAAT	GGAGAT	GCTGGA	GGATTC	CTCTGGA	AGGCAA	AGAGC	CGTGAGC
huNall118 (AK)	(2081)	TCAAT	GGAGAT	GCTGGA	GGATTC	CTCTGGA	AGGCAA	AGAGC	CGTGAGC
JeongAF225987	(2545)	TCAAT	GGAGAT	GCTGGA	GGATTC	CTCTGGA	AGGCAA	AGAGC	CGTGAGC
Consensus	(2545)	TCAAT	GGAGAT	GCTGGA	GGATTC	CTCTGGA	AGGCAA		
									Section 55
	(2593)	2593	2600		2610	2620)	2630	2640
ClareAJ251507	(2286)	ATAGC	CAGCAT	PCTGAC	CAACAC	AATGGAA	GAACTT	GAAGA	ATCTAGE
huNallI18 (AK)	(2129)	ATAGC	CAGCAT	TCTGAC	CAACAC	AATGGAA	GAACTT	GAAGA	ATCTAGA
JeongAF225987	(2593)	ATAGC	CAGCAT	TCTGAC	CAACAC	AATGGAA	GAACTT	GAAGA	ATCTAGE
Consensus	(2593)	ATAGC	CAGCAT	TCTGAC	CAACAC	AATGGAA	GAACTT	GAAGA	ATCTAGA
									Section 56
			265	Λ	2660	5	2670		2688
	(2641)	2641	∠65	U	2000				
					CTGGTA	TAGATፓባ	rGCCAAT	GTGTT	CTTGATC
ClareAJ251507	(2334)	CAGAA	ATGTCC	GCCATG	CTGGTA	TAGATTI	GCCAAT	GTGTT GTGTT	CTTGATO
ClareAJ251507 huNaIII18 (AK)	(2334) (2177)	CAGAA CAGAA	ATGTCC ATGTCC	GCCATG GCCATG	CTGGTA CTGGTA	TAGATT1 TAGATT1	GCCAAT GCCAAT	GTGTT	CTTGATO

														- Section	on 57
(26 ClareAJ251507 (23	689)	2689			2700)		271	0		272	20			2736
ClareAJ251507 (23	382)	TGGGA	СТС	SCTG	TGA	TGC	ATG	зтт	AAAA	GTA	AAA	CAT	CTTG	rgaar	ATTT
huNall118 (AK) (22	225)	TGGGA	CTC	GCTG	TGA	TGC	ATG	ЭТТ	AAAA	GTA	AAA	CAT	CTTG	rgaar	ATTT
JeongAF225987 (26	689)	TGGGA	СТС	GCTG	TGA	TGC	ATG	зтт	AAAA	GTA	AAA	CAT	CTTG'	rgaar	ATTT
Consensus (26	689)	TGGGA	CTC	GCTG	TGA	TGC	ATG	зтт	AAAA	GTA	AAA	CAT	CTTG'	TGAA!	ATTT
<u> </u>														_ Secti	on 58
(2) ClareAJ251507 (24	737)	2737			2	750			2760			2770			2784
ClareAJ251507 (24	430)	ATTGT	TAT	rgga	TCC	TTA:	TGT	TGA	TCTI	GCC	ATC	ACT	TTTA	GCAT	TGTC
huNaIII18 (AK) (2:	273)	ATTGT	TAT	rgga	ATCO	TTA:	TGT	TGA	TCTI	GCC	ATC	ACT	TTTA	GCAT	rgrc
		ATTGT													
Consensus (2'															
<u>`</u>														_ Secti	
(2)	785)	2785	279	0		28	00		28				320		2832
ClareAJ251507 (2	478)	TTAAA	TA	ccci	CTI	rati	GGC	CAT	GGAG	3CAC	TAC	ccc	ATGA	CTGA	GCAA
huNallI18 (AK) (2	321)	TTAAA	TA	ccci	гстя	rati	GGC	CAT	GGAC	GCAC	TAC	CCC	ATGA	CTGA	GCAA
JeongAF225987 (2	785)	TTAAA	ATA	ccci	CTI	rat1	GGC	CAT	GGAC	GCAC	TAC	CCC	ATGA	CTGA	GCAA
Consensus (2	785)	TTAAA	TA	CCCI	rcT?	ra T	GGC	CAT	GGAC	GCAC	TAC	ccc	ATGA	CTGA	GCAA
														Section	ion 60
		2833		2840			2850			2860			2870		2880
ClareAJ251507 (2	2526)	TTCAC	ATE	GTG	rgr:	rgac	TGT	AGG	AAA	CCTC	GTC	ттт	ACTG	GGAT	TTTC
huNall118 (AK) (2	369)	TTCAC	AT	GTG	rgr	rgac	TGT	AGG	SAAA	ССТС	GTC	TTT	ACTG	GGAT	TTTC
JeongAF225987 (2	2833)	TTCAC	ATE	GTG:	rgr	TGAC	TGT	AGG	AAA	CCTC	GTC	TTT	ACTG	GGAT	TTTC
Consensus (2	2833)	TTCAC	ATE	GTG	rgr	rgac	TGT	AGG	AAA	CCTC	GTC	TTT	ACTG	GGAT	TTTC
	<u> </u>													— Sect	ion 61
(2	2881)	2881		28	90			900			2910				2928
ClareAJ251507 (2	2574)	ACAGO	CAG	AAA	rgg'	TTC	CAA	GAT	CAT	rgco	CATO	GAI	CCTT	ATTA	СТАТ
huNallI18 (AK) (2	2417)	ACAG	CAG	AAA'	TGG'	TTC	rcaa	GAT	CAT	TGC	CATO	GAT	CCTT	ATTA	СТАТ
JeongAF225987 (2	2881)	ACAG	CAG	AAA'	TGGʻ	TTC	TCAA	GAT	CAT	TGC	CATO	GAI	CCTT	ATTA	СТАТ
Consensus (2	2881)	ACAG	CAG	AAA'	TGG	TTC	rcaa	GA7	CAT	TGC	CATO	GAI	CCTT	ATTA	CTAT
														Sect	ion 62
(2	2929)	2929			294	0		29	50		29				2976
ClareAJ251507 (2															
huNalll18 (AK) (2	2465)	TTCC	AAG	AAG	GCT	GGA	TATA	CTT	TGA	TGG	TAA	ran	GTCA	GCCT	CAGT
JeongAF225987 (2	2929)	TTCC	AAG	AAG	GCT	GGA	TATA	CT	rtga'	TGG	TAA	r TA T	CTCA	GCCT	CAGT
Consensus (2	2929)	TTCC	AAG	AAG	GCT	GGA.	PATA	CT:	TGA:	TGG	RAT	r T A7	GTCA	GCCT	CAGT
														Sect	tion 63
(2 ClareAJ251507 (2	2977)	2977				2990			3000			3010)		3024
ClareAJ251507 (2	2670)	TTAA	rgg	AGC	ТTG	GTC	TGTC	AAS	ATGT	GGA	GGG	TTA	STCTO	TACT	GCGA
huNall!18 (AK) (2	2513)	TTAA	TGG	AGC	TTG	GTC	TGTC	CAA	ATGT	GGA	GGG	TTA	STCTO	TACT	GCGA
		TTAA													
Consensus (2	2977)	AATT	TGG	AGC	ТTG	GTC	TGTC	CAA	ATGT	GGA	GGG	TTA	STCTO	TACI	GCGA

								Section 64
(3025) ClareAJ251507 (2718)	3025	3030	3	040	,305	0	3060	3072
ClareAJ251507 (2718)	TCAT	CAGAC	TGCTTA	GAGTT	TTCAAG	TTGGC	AAAATCCT	GGCCCACA
huNalil18 (AK) (2561)	TCAT	CAGAC	\mathbf{TGCTTA}	GAGTT	TTCAAG	TTGGC	AAAATCCT	GGCCCACA
JeongAF225987 (3025)	TCAT	CAGAC	TGCTTA	GAGTT	TTCAAG	TTGGC	AAAATCCT	GGCCCACA
Consensus (3025)	TCAT	CAGAC	TGCTTA	GAGTT	TTCAAG	TTGGC	AAAATCCT	GGCCCACA
1								- Section 65
(3073)	3073	3080		3090		3100	3110	3120
ClareAJ251507 (2766)	CTAA	ATATGC	TAATT	AGATC.	ATTGGC	AATTC	TGTGGGGG	CTCTAGGA
huNall118 (AK) (2609)	CTAA	ATATGC	TAATT	AGATC.	ATTGGC	AATTC	TGTGGGGG	CTCTAGGA
JeongAF225987 (3073)	CTAA	ATATGC	TAATTA	AGATC.	ATTGGC	ААТТС	TGTGGGG	CTCTAGGA
Consensus (3073)	CTAA	ATATGC	TAATT	AGATC	ATTGGC	AATTC	TGTGGGGG	CTCTAGGA
								- Section 66
(3121)	3121	3	130	314	0	3150		3168
ClareAJ251507 (2814)	AACC'	PCACCT	TGGTGT	TGGCC	ATCATO	GTCTT	CATTTTTG	CTGTGGTC
huNall118 (AK) (2657)	AACC'	TCACCT	TGGTGT	TGGCC	ATCATO	GTCTT	CATTTTTG	CTGTGGTC
JeongAF225987 (3121)	AACC'	TCACCT	TGGTGT	TGGCC	ATCATO	GTCTT	CATTTTTG	CTGTGGTC
Consensus (3121)	AACC'	TCACCT	TGGTG	TGGCC	ATCATO	GTCTT	CATTTTTG	CTGTGGTC
								- Section 67
(3169)	3169		,3180		3190	3	200	3216
(3169) ClareAJ251507 (2862)	GGCA'	TGCAGC	TCTTT	GTAAG	AGCTAC	AAAGA	ATGTGTCT	GCAAGATC
huNall118 (AK) (2705)	GGCA'	TGCAGC	TCTTT	GTAAG	AGCTAC	AAAGA	ATGTGTCT	GCAAGATC
JeongAF225987 (3169)	GGCA	TGCAGC	TCTTT	GTAAG	AGCTAC	AAAGA	ATGTGTCT	GCAAGATC
Consensus (3169)	GGCA	TGCAGC	TCTTT	GTAAG	AGCTAC	AAAGA	ATGTGTCT	GCAAGATC
								- Section 68
(3217)	3217		323	0	3240		3250	3264
ClareAJ251507 (2910)	AATG	ATGACT	GTACG	CTCCCA	CGGTGG	CACAT	GAACGACT	TCTTCCAC
huNall118 (AK) (2753)	AATG	ATGACI	GTACG	CTCCCA	CGGTGG	CACAT	GAACGACT	TCTTCCAC
								TCTTCCAC
Consensus (3217)	AATG	ATGACI	GTACG	CTCCCA	CGGTGG	CACAI	GAACGACT	TCTTCCAC
								Section 69
(3265)		3270		3280	,32	90	3300	3312
ClareAJ251507 (2958)	TCCT	TCCTGA	TTGTG	TTCCGC	GTGCT	TGTGG	AGAGTGGA	TAGAGACC
huNall118 (AK) (2801)	TCCT	TCCTGA	TTGTG	TTCCGC	GTGCT	STGTGG	AGAGTGGA	TAGAGACC
JeongAF225987 (3265)	TCCT	TCCTGA	TTGTG	TTCCGC	GTGCT	STGTGG	AGAGTGGA	TAGAGACC
Consensus (3265)	TCCT	TCCTGA	TTGTG'	TTCCGC	GTGCT	TGTĠG	AGAGTGGA	TAGAGACC
								- Section 70
	3313	3320		3330			3350	
ClareAJ251507 (3006)								
huNall118 (AK) (2849)	ATGT	GGGACT	GTATG	GAGGTO	GCTGG	CAAAC	CATGTGCC	TTATTGTT
JeongAF225987 (3313)) ATGT	GGGACI	GTATG	GAGGTO	CGCTGG	CCAAAC	CATGTGCC	TTATTGTT
Camaana (2242)	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	CCCACO	0 m v m v	C N C C M C	2000000	20222	~ ~ ~ m ~ m ~ ~ ~ ~	TTATTGTT

	(3361)	3361		,337	0		338	0		.339	90			- Sectio	2400
ClareAJ251507	(3054)	TTCA	TGTT	GGT	CATG	GTC	ATT	GGA	AACC	mm.c		T T C T	GAA	CCTC	
nunaii118 (AK)	(2897)	TTCA	ŢGŢŢ	CGT	CATG	GTC	ATT	GGA	AACC	ጥጥር	ጥርር	ተፈር ነ ጥጥር ባ	GAA	, CCTC	ւսուս
JeongAF225987	(3361)	TTCA	1360	GOT	CATG	GTC	АТТ	GGA	AACC	ጥጥር	TGG	T	ממסי	, CC T C	ւսուսու
Consensus	(3361)	TTCA	TGTT	GGT	CATG	GTC	ATT	GGA	AACC	ጥጥር	ጥርር	T	GAA	.CCTC	ւսևս . T T 7
														- Section	
	(3409)	3409			3420		;	3430			3440				2450
ClareAJ251507	(3102)	CTGG	CCTT	TTA'	ĞTTG	AGT	TCA	TTT	AGCT	CAC	ACA	A C C II	TGC	TGCT	- OF
HUNGHIO (AN)	(2945)	CTGG	いいかか	ותיתיםי	このもつ	$\Delta C T$	ጥሮል፣	արտարում		~ ~ ~	707				
Jeungarzzoso/	(3409)	CTGG	CCTT	יייית אי	ል ጥጥር	ልርጥ	ጥሮል	լդրդուդր	$^{\circ}$	CAC	202	2000	m ~ ~	m ~ ~ m	
Consensus	(3409)	CTGG	CCTT	TTA	GTTG	AGT	TCA	TTT	AGCT	CAG	ACA	7 O O T	ጥርር	יתפכי	אכז מסמי
··														- Sectio	
	(3457)	3457			347	70		34	80		34	90			2504
ClareAJ251507	(3150)	GATG	ATGA	CAA	TGAA	ATG	AAT.	AATO	TGC	AGA	mmc.	C A C III	AGG	AAGA	3 00 0
nunam 10 (AN)	(2993)	GATG.	ATGA	CAA	ľGAA	ATG	AAT.	AATO	TGC	AGA	ጥጥር	$C \Delta C T$	ACC	מסמגי	$\lambda \Phi C$
Jeungarzzoso/	(3437)	GATG.	ATGA	CAA	ľGAA	ATG	AAT.	A A ጥ (ጉጥራር	AGA	ጥጥር	ር ል ር ጥ	ACC	מ א ת ת	A TO C
Consensus	(3457)	GATG.	ATGA	CAA	rgaa	ATG	AAT.	AAT	TGC	AGA	ጥጥ G(CAGT	AGG	AAGA	ልጥር
														- Sectio	
	(3505)	3505	3510			3520			3530			3540			2550
ClareAJ251507	(3198)	CAAA	AGGG	TAA	TGAT	ጥልጥ	GTG.	AAA	מיזי מ	ACA	ጥርርር	2007	080	- mm	~ ~ ~
HUNAIII 10 (AN)	(3041)	CAAA.	AGGG	'L'AA	I'GAT	TAT	${\tt GTG}$	AAAI	A T A	AGA	ጥርርር	SCCA	CTC	ጥጥጥር	ר א א
beurgarzzosor	(3505)	CAAA.	AGGG	TAA	IGAT	TAT	${\tt GTG}$	AAA	ATA	AGA	ጥርርር	SGGA	CTC	ጥጥጥር	ר א י
Consensus	(3505)	CAAA	AGGG	TAAT	rgar	TAT	GTG.	AAA	ATA	AGA	TGC	GGGA	GTG	TTTC	CAA
														Sectio	
	(3553)	3553	3	560		35	570		.35	580		3:	E00		0000
ClareAJ251507	(3246)	AAAG	CCTT	TTTT	TAGA	AAG	CCA	AAAC	ያ ጥጥ ል	TAC	AAA	TCC A	mc x	1000	7 7 (7)
nunam 10 (AN)	(3009)	AAAG	CCTT	$T^{*}T^{*}T^{*}$	ľAGA	AAG	CCA	AAAC	STTA	TAG	AAA	$\Gamma \cap \cap \Delta$	ጥርል	ACCC	א א תי
Jeurgar 220987	(3553)	AAAG	${\tt CCTT}$	TTT	ГAGA	AAG	CCA	AAAC	ATT	TAG	AAA	ת כים	ጥርል	ACCC	ת ת
Consensus	(3553)	AAAG	CCTT	TTT	TAGA	AAG	CCA	AAAC	TTA	TAG	AAAr	TCC A	TGA	AGGC	አአጥ
														Sectio	
•	(3601)	3601·		361	0	•	362	0		363	เก				3648
ClareAJ251507	(3294)	AAGA	TAGA	CAG	CTGC	ATG	TCC	A A T Z	ΑΤΑ	CTC	CAAC	רייים א	ת ת	7700	B D D
. nunaiii18 (AK)	(3137)	AAGA	\mathtt{TAGA}	CAG	CTGC	ATG	TCC	A A T A	ATA	CTG	מ מ מ	ת בושים	מית ת	7700	
JeongAF225987	(3601)	AAGA	TAGA	CAG	CTGC	ATG	TCC	α Τ Γ	απα	CTC	CAA.	ת משת ממשת	<i>y y u</i> u 12121	AAGC	
Consensus	(3601)	AAGA	TAGA	CAG	CTGC	ATG	TCC	A A T	ATA	CTG CTG	CAA.	עם מיים דיים מיים	7 J W W	AAGC	AAA
											OAA.	LIGA		Sectio	
	(3649)	3649		:	3660			3670			3680				2606
ClareAJ251507	(3342)	GAGC	AATT	TTA	r_{C}	AGA	C A T	GGG I	ATC	CAA	CC 2 (2020	maa	mom »	3696
hullallide (AK)	(3185)	GAGC	ТТАА	TTA	ኮርጥጥ	AGA	ርልጥ	CCCI	ነ አጥር	CVV	CCA	CAG	TGG	TGTA	GGT
HUNAIII 10 (AIL)															
huNall118 (AK) JeongAF225987	(3649)	GAGC	TTAA	TTA	гстт	AGA	GAT	gger seer	ንጥ ር	CAA	CCA	CAG	TGG	TGTA	001

						Section 78
(3697	3697	3	710	,3720	3730	3744
ClareAJ251507 (3390) ACTGGA	AGCAGTGT	TGAAAA	ATACGTA	ATCGATGAAAAT	GATTATATG
huNall118 (AK) (3233) ACTGGA	AGCAGTGI	TGAAAA	ATACGTA	ATCGATGAAAAT	GATTATATG
JeongAF225987 (3697) ACTGGA	AGCAGTGT	TGAAAA	ATACGTA	ATCGATGAAAAT	GATTATATG
Consensus (3697) ACTGGA	AGCAGTGT	TGAAA	ATACGTA	ATCGATGAAAAT	GATTATATG
					- 	Section 79
(3745	3745 3	750	3760	377	0 3780	3792
ClareAJ251507 (3438	TCATTO	ATAAACAA	CCCCAC	CCTCACC	GTCACAGTGCCA	ATTGCTGTT
huNaIII18 (AK) (3281	TCATTC	CATAAACAA	ACCCCAC	CCTCACC	GTCACAGTGCCA	ATTGCTGTT
JeongAF225987 (3745	TCATTC	CATAAACAA	ACCCCAC	SCCTCACC	GTCACAGTGCCA	ATTGCTGTT
Consensus (3745	TCATTO	CATAAACAA	CCCCA	CCTCACC	GTCACAGTGCCA	ATTGCTGTT
·						Section 80
(3793	3793	3800	3810) ;	3820 383	30 3840
ClareAJ251507 (3486) GGAGAC	STCTGACTT	TGAAA	CTTAAAT	ACTGAAGAGTTC	AGCAGTGAG
huNall118 (AK) (3329) GGAGAG	STCTGACTT	TGAAAT	CTTAAAT.	ACTGAAGAGTTC	AGCAGTGAG
JeongAF225987 (3793) GGAGAC	STCTGACTT	TGAAA	CTTAAAT.	ACTGAAGAGTTC	AGCAGTGAG
Consensus (3793) ggagad	STCTGACTT	TGAAA	CTTAAAT	ACTGAAGAGTTC	AGCAGTGAG
						Section 81
(3841) 3841	3850	3	8860	3870	3888
ClareAJ251507 (3534	TCAGA				TTAAATGCAACC	
huNaIII18 (AK) (3377	, TCAGA	CTAGAAGA	AAAGCA	AGAGAAA	TTAAATGCAACC	АССТСАТСТ
JeongAF225987 (3841) TCAGA	CTAGAAGA	AAAGCA	AGAGAAA	TTAAATGCAACC	AGCTCATCT
Consensus (3841) TCAGA	CTAGAAGA	AAAGCA	AGAGAAA	TTAAATGCAACC	AGCTCATCT
	· 			 		Section 82
(3889	3889	3900	0	3910	3920	3936
ClareAJ251507 (3582) GAAGGA	AGCACAG	TGATG	TGTTCTA	CCCCGAGAAGGT	GAACAAGCT
huNaIII18 (AK) (3425) GAAGGA	AGCACAG	TGATG	TGTTCTA	CCCCGAGAAGGT	GAACAAGCT
JeongAF225987 (3889) GAAGG	AGCACAG	TGATG	TTGTTCTA	CCCCGAGAAGGT	GAACAAGCT
Consensus (3889) GAAGG	AAGCACAG	TTGATG!	TGTTCTA	CCCCGAGAAGGT	GAACAAGCT
					<u></u>	Section 83
(3937) 3937	3	3950	3960	3970	3984
ClareAJ251507 (3630		rgaacccg	AAGAAG			AADTOATT
huNaIII18 (AK) (3473) GAAAC	rgaacccg	AAGAAG.	ACATTAAA	CCGGAAGCTTGT	TTTACTGAA
JeongAF225987 (3937) GAAAC	rGAACCCG	AAGAAG	AAATTTAAA	CCGGAAGCTTGT	TTTACTGAA
Consensus (3937) GAAAC:	rgaacccg;	AAGAAG.	ACCTTAAA	CCGGAAGCTTGT	TTTACTGAA
				·		Section 84
(3985	3985	3990	4000	401	0 4020	4032
ClareAJ251507 (3678	GGETG	TATTAAAA	AGTTTC	CATTCTGT	CAAGTAAGTACA	GAAGAAGGC
huNalli18 (AK) (3521) GGATG	TATTAAAA	AGTTTC	CATTCTGT	CAAGTAAGTACA	GAAGAAGGC
JeongAF225987 (3985) GGGTG	TATTAAAA	AGTTTC	CATTCTGT	CAAGTAAGTACA	GAAGAAGGC
Consensus (3989	GGATG'	מממתיימי	AGTTTC	САТТСТСТ	CAAGTAAGTACA	GAAGAAGGC

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										:_	- Section	า 85
ClareAJ251507	(4033)	4033-		4040		4050		4060		4070		1080
ClareAJ251507	(3726)	AAAG	GGA.	AGAT	CTGGT	'GGAAT	CTTCG	AAAA	CCTGC	TACAC	TATE	TT
Jeongal 223907	(4033)	AAAC	i G G A.	AGAT	CTGGT	GGAAT	CTTCGI	AAAAA	CCTGC	ነ ፈ ግ ፈ ጥ'	ንጥ ል ጥጥ ረ	ጉጥድ
Consensus	(4033)	AAAG	GGA	AGAT	CTGGT	'GGAAT	CTTCG	AAAA	CCTGC	TACAC	TATT	3TT
											_ Section	
	(4081)	4081		409	0	410	000	,411	10		4	1128
ClareAJ251507	(3774)	GAGC	CACA	ACTG	GTTTC	SAGACT	TTCAT	rgrgr	TCATG	ATCCT	TTCTC	AGI
HUMAHH 10 (AN)	(3017)	GAGC	JACA.	ACT'G	GTTTG	SAGACT	TTCAT	Γ G Γ G Γ	ጥሮልጥር	a ጥር ርባ	ኮጥርጥር	CT
JeongAF225987	(4081)	GAGC	CACA.	ACTG	GTTTG	BAGACT	TTCAT	$\mathbf{r}_{\mathbf{G}}\mathbf{T}_{\mathbf{G}}\mathbf{T}$	TCATG	ATCCT	ኮጥርጥር	A C T
Consensus	(4081)	GAGC	CACA	ACTG	GTTTG	AGACT	TTCAT	rgrgr	TCATG	ATCCI	TTCTC	AGI
											_ Section	
	(4129)	4129			4140		4150		4160			1176
ClareAJ251507	(3822)	AGTO	GTG	CATT	GGCCI	TTGAA	GATATA	ATACA	TTGAA	CAGCO	EAAAG	200
. nunam to (AK)	(3005)	AGTG	GTG	\mathtt{CATT}	GGCCI	TTGAA	GATATA	ATACA	ጥጥርልል	CAGCC	CAAAC	201
JeongAF225987	(4129)	AGTG	GTG	CATT	GGCCI	TTGAA	GATATA	ATACA	ΤΤΟΑΑ	CAGCO	20000	2 ~ 4
Consensus	(4129)	AGTG	GTG	CATT	GGCCI	TTGAA	GATAT	ATACA	TTGAA	CAGC	SAAAG	ייטג
- 											Section	
	(4177)	4177			4190)	4200		4210)		1224
ClareAJ251507	(3870)	ATCA	AAA	CCAT	GCTAC	TATAG	GCTGA	CAAAG	ጥርጥጥጣ	ACCTI	ימידמידמי	n m c
. nunaiii18 (AK)	(3/13)	ATCA	AAA	CCAT	GCTAG	TATAA	GCTGA	CAAAG	TCTTT	ACCTZ	מתמתמ	ኮጥር
JeongAF225987	(4 1//)	ATCA	AAA	CCAT	GCTAG	SAATAT	GCTGA	CAAAG	TCTTT	ACCT	ላ ጥ ል ጥ ል ጥ	ኮጥር
Consensus	(4177)	ATCA	AAA	CCAT	GCTAG	SAATAT	GCTGA	CAAAG	TCTTT	ACCTA	ነ ፈጥ ልጥ ል	ቦጥረ
											Section	
	(4225)	4225	423	0	4	240	.42	50	4	260		1271
ClareAJ251507	(3918)	ATTO	TGG	TAAA	GCTTC	TCAAA	тесет	recorn	ATCCA	TIPT C	N N N C N C	ת ת
huNall18 (AK)	(3761)	ATTO	TGG.	TAAA	GCTTC	TCAAA	TGGGT	rgerr	ATGGA	ጥጥጥር	AAACA	ቦልባ
JeongAF225987	(4225)	ATTC	TGG.	TAAA	GCTTC	TCAAA	TGGGT	${ t rgcr}$	ATGGA	TTTC	AAACA	דביו
Consensus	(4225)	Aጥጥር	ጉጥርር	АААТ	GCTTC	TCAAA	тесет	r_{CC}	ATGGA	ጥጥጥር፣	AAACA	רבי
											- Section	190
	(4273)	4273		4280	····	4290		4300		4310	- Section	1330
ClareAJ251507	(4273) (3966)	4273 TTCA	CTA	4280 ATGC	CTGGT	4290 GCTGG	CTAGA	,4300	ጥርልጥር	4310	A TO THE A	1320
ClareAJ251507	(4273) (3966)	4273 TTCA	CTA	4280 ATGC	CTGGT	4290 GCTGG	CTAGA	,4300	ጥርልጥር	4310	A TO THE A	1320
ClareAJ251507 huNalii18 (AK)	(4273) (3966) (3809)	4273 TTCA	CTA	4280 ATGC	CTGGT CTGGT	4290 GCTGG	CTAGA:	4300 TTTCT	TGATO	4310 GTTG2	ATGTT	1320 PC1
ClareAJ251507 huNalii18 (AK) JeongAF225987	(4273) (3966) (3809) (4273)	4273 TTCA TTCA	CTA CTA	4280 ATGC ATGC	CTGGI CTGGI CTGGI	4290 GCTGG GCTGG	CTAGAS CTAGAS	,4300 ГТТСТ ГТТСТ	TGATO	4310 GTTGA	ATGTT!	1320 PCI
ClareAJ251507 huNalii18 (AK)	(4273) (3966) (3809) (4273)	4273 TTCA TTCA	CTA CTA	4280 ATGC ATGC	CTGGI CTGGI CTGGI	4290 GCTGG GCTGG	CTAGAS CTAGAS	,4300 ГТТСТ ГТТСТ	TGATO	4310 GTTGA	ATGTTT ATGTTT ATGTTT	1320 PCI PCI PCI
ClareAJ251507 huNaliI18 (AK) JeongAF225987 Consensus	(4273) (3966) (3809) (4273) (4273)	4273 TTCA TTCA TTCA TTCA	ACTA ACTA ACTA	4280 ATGC ATGC ATGC	CTGGI CTGGI CTGGI	4290 CGCTGG CGCTGG CGCTGG	CTAGAS CTAGAS CTAGAS	4300 FTTCT FTTCT FTTCT	TGATO TGATO TGATO	4310 GTTGI GTTGI GTTGI	ATGTTTATGTTTATGTTTATGTTTATGTTTATGTTTATGTTTATGTTTATGTTTATGTTTATGTTTATGTA	1320 101 101 101 101 136
ClareAJ251507 huNallI18 (AK) JeongAF225987 Consensus	(4273) (3966) (3809) (4273) (4273)	4273 TTCA TTCA TTCA TTCA	ACTA ACTA ACTA	4280 ATGC ATGC ATGC	CTGGI CTGGI CTGGI	4290 CGCTGG CGCTGG CGCTGG	CTAGAS CTAGAS CTAGAS	4300 FTTCT FTTCT FTTCT	TGATO TGATO TGATO	4310 GTTGI GTTGI GTTGI	ATGTTTATGTTTATGTTTATGTTTATGTTTATGTTTATGTTTATGTTTATGTTTATGTTTATGTTTATGTA	1320 101 101 101 101 136
ClareAJ251507 huNalli18 (AK) JeongAF225987 Consensus ClareAJ251507	(4273) (3966) (3809) (4273) (4273) (4321) (4014)	4273 TTCA TTCA TTCA TTCA TTCA	ACTA ACTA ACTA ACTA	4280 ATGC ATGC ATGC ATGC	CTGGT CTGGT CTGGT	4290 CGCTGG CGCTGG CGCTGG	CTAGAS CTAGAS CTAGAS	4300 FTTCT FTTCT FTTCT FTTCT	TGATO TGATO TGATO TGATO	4310 GTTG! GTTG! GTTG!	ATGTTTATGTTTATGTTTATGTTTATGTTTATGTTTATGTTTATGTTTATGTTTATGTTTATGTTTATGTTTATGT	1320 101 101 101 101 1368
ClareAJ251507 huNalil18 (AK) JeongAF225987 Consensus ClareAJ251507 huNalil18 (AK)	(4273) (3966) (3809) (4273) (4273) (4321) (4014) (3857)	4273 TTC# TTC# TTC# TTC# TTC#	ACTA ACTA ACTA ACTA GTTA	4280 ATGC ATGC ATGC ATGC GCCT	CTGGT CTGGT CTGGT CTGGT	4290 CGCTGG CGCTGG CGCTGG CGCTGG	CTAGAS CTAGAS CTAGAS	4300 FTTCT FTTCT FTTCT FTTCT 438	TGATC TGATC TGATC TGATC	4310 GTTGA GTTGA GTTGA GAACT	ATGTTTATGTTATGTTATGTTATGTTTATGTTTATGTTTATGTTTATGTTTATGTTTATGTTTATGTTTATGTTTATGTTTATGTTATGTTATGTTTATGTTTATGTTTATGTTTATGTTTATGTTTATGTTTATGTTTATGTTTATGTTTATGTTATGTTATGTTATGTTTTATGTTTATGTTTATGTTTATGTTTTATGTTTATGTTTATGTTTATGTTTATGTTTTATGTTTTATGTTTTTT	1320 FCT FCT FCT 191 1360

	(4369)	4369		,4	380		.4	390		4	400			- Secti	4416
ClareAJ251507	(4062)	ATCA	ATC	ATTA	CGG	ACAT	TAA	GAG	CTT	raac	GACC	TCT	AAG	AGC	TTA
huNaIII18 (AK)	(3905)	ATCA	ATC	ATTA	CGG	ACAT	TAA	GAG	CTT	гаас	GACC	TCT	AAG	AGC	$\mathbf{T}\mathbf{T}\mathbf{P}$
JeongAF225987	(4369)	ATCAZ	ATC	ATTA	CGG	ACAT	гтаа	GAG	CTT	ΓAΑC	SACO	TTCT	AAG	SAGC	ጉጥጥጆ
Consensus	(4369)	ATCA	ATC	ATTA	CGG	ACA	r T A A	GAG	CTT	PAAC	SACO	יחכים	AAG	AGC	ጉጥጥል
														- Secti	
	(4417)	4417			443	0		444	0		44	50			4464
ClareAJ251507	(4110)	TCCCC	GTT	TGAA	GGC	ATG	AGGG	TGG	TTG	rga	A T G (יחכיו	TGT	TGG	AGCA
huNaIII18 (AK)	(3953)	TCCCC	GTT	TGAA	GGC	ATG	AGGG	TGG	TTG	rga.	ATGO	TCI	TGT	TGG	AGCA
JeongAF225987	(4417)	TCCC	GTT	TGAA	GGC	ATG	AGGG	TGG	TTG	rga	A T G (CT CT	יחפיו	ישפקי	AGCA
Consensus	(4417)	TCCC	GTT	TGAA	GGC	ATG	AGGG	TGG	TTG'	rga	ATG	TTC1	ייתGיי	TGG	AGCA
 														- Secti	
	(4465)	4465	4470			4480			4490			.4500)		4512
ClareAJ251507	(4158)	ATTC	CTC	TATO	ATG	AAT	GTGC	TGT	TGG	rcre	GTC	rcan	CTT	CTG	3 ጥ ጥ ር
huNall118 (AK)	(4001)	ATTC	CTC	TATO	CATG	AAT	GTGC	TGT	TGG	rcre	GTC	rcar	СТТ	CTG	GTT6
JeongAF225987	(4465)	ATTC	CCTC	TATO	CATG	AAT	GTGC	TGT	TGG'	гст	GTC	rcan	СТТ	CTG	3ጥጥ <i>ር</i>
Consensus	(4465)	ATTC	CTC	TATO	CATG	AAT	GTGC	TGT	TGG	rcr	GTC	rcar	СТТ	CTG	GTT6
	·													- Secti	
	(4513)			520		45	30			40			550		4560
ClareAJ251507	(4206)	ATCT	TAG	CATO	CATG	GGT	GTG?	TTA	TGT	TTG	CTG	GCA	GTI	CTA	CCAC
huNalli18 (AK)	(4049)	ATCT	ГТАG	CATO	CATG	GGT	GTGA	TTA	TGT	TTG	CTG	GCA	AGTI	ATO	CCAC
JeongAF225987	(4513)	ATCT	ГТАG	CATO	DTAC	GGT	GTGA	TTA	TGT	TTG	CTG	GCA <i>I</i>	AGTI	CTA	CCAC
Consensus	(4513)	ATCT	TAG	CATO	CATG	GGT	GTG <i>I</i>	TTA	TGT	TTG	CTG	GCA	AGTI	CTA	CCAC
														- Secti	
•	(4561)	4561		4570)		4580)		459	0				4608
ClareAJ251507	(4254)	TGTG	TAA	CATO	SACA.	ACG	GGT	ACA	TGT	TTG.	ACA'	TAC	GTG.	TGT	TAAC
huNall118 (AK)	(4097)	TGTG	TAA	CATO	GACA.	ACG	GGT	ACA	TGT	TTG.	ACA	TTA	GTG.	TGT	TAAC
JeongAF225987	(4561)	TGTG	TAA	CATO	SACA.	ACG	GGT <i>I</i>	AACA	TGT	TTG.	ACA	ГТА	GTG <i>I</i>	TGT	TAAC
Consensus	(4561)	TGTG	TAA	CATO	SACA.	ACG	GGT	ACA	TGT	TTG.	ACA!	TTAC	GTG <i>I</i>	TGT	TAAC
														- Secti	on 97
	(4609)	4609			620		4	630			4640				465
ClareAJ251507	(4302)	AATT	TGAG	TGA	TGT	CAG	GCT	TTG	GCA	AGC	AAG	CTC	GTC	GAA	AAAC
huNaIII18 (AK)	(4145)	TTAA	TGAG	TGAG	CTGT	CAG	GCT	TTG	GCA	AGC	AAG	CTC	GTC	GAA	AAAC
JeongAF225987	(4609)	TTAA	TGAG	TGA	стст	CAG	GCT	CTTG	GCA	AGC	AAG	CTC	GGTC	GAA	AAA
Consensus	(4609)	TTAA	TGAG	TGA	CTGT	CAG	GCT	CTTG	GCA	AGC	AAG	CTC	3GT(GAA	AAA
														_ Sect	
	(4657)				467	0		468	30		46	890			470
ClareAJ251507	(4350)	GTGA	AAGT	'AAA'	TTT	GAT	AAT	STTG	GCG	CTG	GCT.	ATC	TTG	CACT	GCT
huNalli18 (AK)	(4193)	GTGA.	AAGI	AAA	CTTT	GAT	AAT	GTTG	GCG	CTG	GCT.	ATC	TTG	CACT	GCT
JeongAF225987	(4657)	GTGA.	AAGI	'AAA'	CTTT	GAT	AAT	GTT G	GCG	CTG	GCT.	ATC'	rtg	CACT	GCT
_		GTGA													

														_ Section	on 99
(470	05) <u>47</u>	05	1710			4720)		4730)		4740			4752
ClareAJ251507 (439	98) C	AAGT	GGC	CAC	ATT:	LAA1	GGC	TGG.	ATGC	SATA	ATT	rgta	TGC	CAGCI	GTT
huNaIII18 (AK) (424	11) C	AAGT	GGC	CAC	ATT	raaz	AGGC	TGG.	ATG	SATA	TTAT	rgta	TG	CAGCI	GTT
JeongAF225987 (470	35) C	AAGT	GGC	CAC	ATT	raaz	AGGC	TGG	ATG	SATA	TTA	rgta	TGC	CAGCI	GTT
Consensus (470	05) C	AAGT	GGC	CAC	TTA	1AA1	AGGC	TGG.	ATG	ATA	CATT	rgta	TGC	CAGCI	GTT
														Section	100
	53) <u>47</u>		4	760		4	770			780		,47	790		4800
ClareAJ251507 (444	46) G	ATTC	ACG	AGA'	TGT!	raaz	CTT	CAG	CCTO	GTAT	ATG	AAGA	AAA	ATCTO	TAC
huNall118 (AK) (428	39) -G2	ATTC	ACG	AGA'	TGT	raa <i>i</i>	CTT	CAG	CCT	TAT	ATG	AGA	AAZ	атсто	ገልጥ
JeongAF225987 (475	53) G <i>i</i>	ATTC	ACG	AGA'	TGT:	TAA 7	CTT	CAG	CCT	STAT	ATG	AAGA	AAA	ATCTO	TAC
Consensus (475	53) G	ATTC	ACG	AGA'	TGT	raa <i>i</i>	CTT	CAG	CCT	GTAT	'ATG	AAGA	AA	ATCTO	TAC
											·			Section	
(480	01) 48	301		481	0		482	20		483	30				4848
ClareAJ251507 (449			гтт	ATA	CTT	rgro	САТС	ттт	ATC	ATCI	ጥጥርር	GTC	ATT	rcrrc	<u> </u>
huNaIII18 (AK) (433	37) A:	TGTA'	ттт	ATA	CTT	rgro	CATC	TTT	ATC	ATCI	ጥጥር	GTC	A ጥባ	\mathbf{r}	ים מי
JeongAF225987 (480	01) A	TGTA	гтт	ATA	CTT	rgro	САТС	TTT	ATC	АТСТ	ጥጥርር	GTC	Αጥባ	CTTC	7 A C T
Consensus (480	01) A	TGTA	гтт	ATA	CTT	rgro	САТС	TTT.	ATC	ATCI	ጥጥርር	GTC	A ጥባ	ኮሮጥጥር	ים תיאמי
·														Section	
(484	19) 48	349		4	4860			4870			4880				4896
ClareAJ251507 (454	12) C	TGAA	rcr	ATT	ייף גו	reer	יפייר	OT A	A TO A	4745	7 C TT	7 7 7	CCI	V C C V C	מממד
huNaIII18 (AK) (438	35) C	TGAA'	r C τ	'A ጥጥ	CMT	reen	ው T C	ል ጥር	ያ ያ ያ	מחשב מחדים	. עסטי	1 C W W	CCZ	N C C N C	1444 144
JeongAF225987 (484	49) C'	TGAA'	тст	'A ጥጥ	CATI	יפפי	የGጥር	a ጥር	ልጥል(מית מי	. ДСТ .	ממחת ממחת		AGCAC	ממממ כת תמכי
Consensus (484	49) c	TGAA'	гст	ATT	CAT	rgga	rgro	АТС	AΤAC	3ATA	ACTT	ממחת	CCI	AGCAG	מממב מממב
														Section	
(489	97) 48	397			49	10		49	920		40	30		00000	4944
ClareAJ251507 (459			GTT	TGG			GAC			A TG A			A C 2	A CAAZ	7 7 7
huNaIII18 (AK) (443	33) A	AGAA	GTT	TGG	A G G '	rca <i>i</i>	GAC	ATC	ጥጥጥ	A TG A	CAG	CCV	ACI	10222 1211	ע ע עע איטינייני
JeongAF225987 (489	97) A	AGAA	GTT	TGG	A G G '	rca <i>i</i>	AGAC	ATC	ጥጥጥ	ላጥር ል	CAG	CGA	ACI	AGAA	עעעע אטיטיני
Consensus (489	97) A	AGAA	GTT	TGG	AGG	rca?	AGAC	ATC	ጥጥጥን	A TG A	CAG	A GG A	ACI		7 Y Y Y
`												10071		Section	
(494)	45) 49	345	4950	1		4960	1		497	n		4980		00000	4992
ClareAJ251507 (463			(A A	TGC	ΔΔπα	200	2 7 7 7	CTT	CGA	DCC A	ACA:	7300	m C :	7 (7 7 7	4992
huNaIII18 (AK) (44	81) T	ፈጥጥል 14 ጥጥል	ממס	TGC.	ሊሊ 1 ነ ል ል ጥ (CAAC	3 V V V	Cuu	GGA:		ACA	3 A C C	T C I	AGAAA ACAA	ACCC
JeongAF225987 (494	45) T	Α ΤΤΑ	α	ጥርር	ጥፈፈ	2 2 2 0	2000	CMM	CCA	מ מים ת מים מים	ACA	7 A C C	mc i	AGAA.	1000
Consensus (49	45) Ծ	ልጥጥ A	ממח	ጥርር	አአጥ(AAE)	2000	CTT	CCA	מטטו	ACA		m C I	10212 1011	1000
						JAA			GGA.	CCA	INGAI	AACC		Section	
(49)	93) 49	203	5	000			5040			5020				Section	
ClareAJ251507 (46	86) 7	T N C C	TICC	1000	7.00		5010	mmc	<u> </u>	2020	mcc:	50	030		5040
huNaIII18 (AK) (453	אר 201	4777	TICE.	2000	AGC.	1 M M M	-AAA	TTC	CAAC	SGAP	TGG'	rctt	TGA	ATTTT	'GTA
JeongAF225987 (49	73/ Y	TACC	T C C		AGC.	888(888	LAAA	TTC	CAA	G A A	TGG'	rctt	TG	ATTTI	'GTA
	031 A	TACC	A C C	1000	AGC.	****	- AAA	TTTC	CAA	GAA	TTGG'	rcyr	TG	ATTT	IGTA
Consensus (49	JOJ A	LACC	T.C.C		AGC.	MAA	-AAA	TITC	CAA	GAA	T'GG'	rctt	TG	ATTTI	rgta

												\$	Section	106
	(5041)	5041	·	50	50		5060		50	70		_		5088
ClareAJ251507	(4734)	ACCA	GAC	AAGT	CTT	rgat:	ATCAC	CATC	ATG	ATCC	TCAT	CTG	CCTC	AAC
huNallI18 (AK)	(4577)	ACCA	GAC	AAGT	CTT	rgat.	ATCAC	CATC	ATG	ATCC	TCAT	CTG	CCTC	AAC
JeongAF225987	(5041)	ACCA	GAC	AAGT	CTT	CGAT	ATCAC	CATC	ATG	ATCC	TCAT	CTG	CCTC	AAC
Consensus	(5041)	ACCA	GAC	AAGT	CTT	GAT:	ATCAC	CATC	ATG	ATCC	TCAT	CTG	CCTC	'A A C
													Section	
	(5089)	5089			5100		51	10		5120		\	50000	5136
ClareAJ251507	(4782)	ATGG	TCA						GACO	AGG	GCAA	מתמ	CATO	2000
huNall118 (AK)	(4625)	ATGG	TCA	CCAT	'G A T (GTG	CAAAC	CGAT	GAC		CCAA	אתא	CAIC	יאככ
JeongAF225987	(5089)	ATGG	TCA	T A O O	יהאית	CTC	מממבי	CGGAT	GAC		CCAA	אמאי	CAIC	2200
Consensus	(5089)	ATCC	ጥርል	CCAT	ים אית מיםי	CTC	27777	CCAM	CACC	7 7 7 7	CONA	AIA	CATO	INCC
	(5555)		1 (11)	CCITI	OMI	3010	JAAA	OGAI	GAC	LAGG	GCAA			
	(5137)	5137			51	ΕΩ		5160		_	470	;	Section	
ClareAJ251507	(4020)	000		m.c.m.c	31	30		3 000			170			5184
hullalliii (AV)	(4030)	CTAG	. T. T. T.	TGTC	.000	SATC	AACCI	PAGTG	TTCA	4 T. I. C	TTCT	GTT	CACI	GGA
huNallI18 (AK) JeongAF225987	(4073)	CTAG	TTT	TGTC	CCGG	SATC	AACC'	l'AGTG	TTC	ATTG	TTCT	'GTT	CACI	rGGA
JeongAF225987	(5137)	CTAG	TTT	TGTC	CCGC	JATC.	AACC'	PAGTG	TTC	ATTG	TTCT	'GTT	CACI	rGGA
Consensus	(5137)	CTAG	TTT	TGTC	CCGG	GATC.	AACC	PAGTG	TTC	ATTG	TTCT			
												\$	Section	า 109
	(5185)	5185	519	0		5200		52	10		5220)		5232
ClareAJ251507	(4878)	GAAT	TTG	TGCI	GA	SCTC	GT T	CCTC	AGA	CACT	ACTA	CTT	CACI	ATA
huNaill18 (AK)	(4721)	GAAT	TTG'	TGCI	GAG	SCTC	GTOT	CCTC	AGA	CACT	АСТА	CTT	CACI	ATA
JeongAF225987	(5185)	GAAT	TTG	TGCI	GA	GCTC	GTTT	CCTC	AGA	CACT	ACTA	СТТ	CACT	ATA
Consensus	(5185)	GAAI	TTG	TGCI	GAA	SCTC	GTCT	CCCTC	AGA	CACT	ACTA	CTT	CACI	ATA
													Section	
	(5233)	5233	i	5240	_	52	250		5260		5	270		5280
ClareAJ251507	(4926)	GGCI	GGA.	ACAT	CTT	TGAC	TTTG	rggrg	GTG	ATTC	TCTC	CAT	TGTA	GGT
huNallI18 (AK)	(4769)	GGCI	GGA.	ACAI	CTT	rgac	TTTG	rggrg	GTG	АТТС	тстс	CAT	ጥርጥል	GGT
JeongAF225987	(5233)	GGCT	GGA	ACAI	CTT	TGAC	TTTG	rggrg	GTG	АТТС	тстс	CAT	ጥርጥ	GGT
Consensus	(5233)	GGCI	GGA	ACAI	CTT	rgac	TTTG	rggrg	GTG	АТТС	тстс	CAT	ጥርጥ	GGT
													Section	
	(5281)	5281		52	90		5300		53	10				5328
ClareAJ251507	(4974)	ATGT	TTC	TGGC	TGAG	GATG	ATAG	DAAAA	TATE	T Marc	ጥርጥር	CCC	TACC	2000
huNalII18 (AK)	(4817)	ATGT	TTTC	TGGC	TGAG	GATG	ATAG	AAAAC	יים ביי	ranc	TOT C	ccc	יישרע	שתים
JeongAF225987	(5281)	ATGT	טשישי	ጥርርር	יתהאי	OT A F	A T A C	AAAAG	יידע מייני	ב אות בי	TOT C		T A C (
Consensus	(5281)	ATGT	יחיייכ	ጥርርር	TOA	CATC	አጥአር:	סממממ	ነጥ ልጥ፣	\mathbf{r}	TOTO		MACC	TITG TMMC
							n i n G			1110	1310		Section	
	(5329)	5329			5340		53	50		5360			Section	5376
ClareAJ251507			CAC	ጥር እ ባ		TCTT	CCC N	CC M THE	3000	7000	mcca	1200	m o m	33/6
huNallI18 (AK)	(4865)	ጥጥርር	CAC	ФСУ 0		$\mathbf{r} \subset \mathbf{r} \cdot \mathbf{r}$	CCCA	CCVEC	1000	CGAA	moor	ACG	TCT	ATC
JeongAF225987	(5220)	T T C C	CAC	WC Y u		$T \subset T T$	CCCA	GGATT GGATT	1000	CGAA	TCC1	ACG	TCT	ATC
	(5328) (5320)	TICC	CAG	T GW.		TCTT	GCCA	GGA1'1	reect	CGAA	TCCI	ACG	TCTC	JATC
Consensus	(3329)	TTCC	JGAG	TGA'	r CCG	TCTT	GCCA	GGATT	GGC	CGAA	TCCI	'ACG	TCTC	SATC

												Secti	on 113
ClareAJ251507	(5377)	5377			5390		5	400		5410)		5424
ClareAJ251507	(5070)	AAAG	GAGC	AAAG	GGGA	TCCG	CACG	CTGC	TCTT	TGCT	TTGA	TGAT	GTCC
huNaIII18 (AK)	(4913)	AAAG	GAGC	AAAG	GGGA	TCCG	CACG	CTGC	TCTT	TGCT	TTGA	TGAI	GTCC
JeongAF225987	(5377)	AAAG	GAGC	AAAG	GGGA	TCCG	CACG	CTGC	тстт	TGC	TTGA	TGAT	GTCC
Consensus	(5377)	AAAG	GAGC	AAAG	GGGA	тсс	CACG	CTGC	тстт	TGC	ГТТGA	TGAT	GTCC
													on 114
	(5/25)	5425	5430		5	440		5450	1		5460		5472
ClareAJ251507	(5423)	CDDC	22700	CTTC	4 mmm	ACAT	rege	2020	mcC1	`C TT T	CTGG	TCAT	
huNaiii18 (AK)	(4061)	CIIC		CUUC	mmmy	מ מים ת	CGGG		ישים כיו	יבים	CTGG	$\Phi \cap X$	COLLY
											CCTGG		
Consensus	(5425)	CTTC	CTGC	GTTG	TTTA	ACA	regge	CTCC	TGCT	CTT			ion 115
	(5473)	5473	5	480		549			500		5510		5520
ClareAJ251507	(5166)	ATCI	PATGC	CATC	TTTG	GGA	rgrc	CAACI	TTGC	CTA	TGTTA	AAA	AGGAA
huNaIII18 (AK)													
JeongAF225987	(5473)	ATC	PATGO	CATC	TTTG	GGA	rgrc	CAACI	TTGC	CCTA	TGTTA	AAA	AGGAA
Consensus	(5473)	ATC	CATGO	CATC	TTTG	GGA!	rgrc	CAACI	TTG	CCTA	TGTTA	AAA	AGGAA
						·							ion 116
ClareAJ251507	(5521)	5521		5530)		5540		5556	0			5568
ClareA.1251507	(5214)	GCTC	GAAT	TGAT	GACA	TGT	CAA	СТТТС	SAGAG	CCTT	TGGCA	ACA	GCATG
huNall118 (AK)	(5057)	GCT(CAAR	יייהאיי	GACA	ጥርጥ	TCAA	СТТТС	BAGAG	CCTT	TGGCA	ACA	GCATG
JeongAF225987	(5521)	GCT(CAAD	$rA \cap r$	GACA	ጥርጥ	TCAA	ርጥጥጥር	AGAG	ССТТ	TGGCA	ACA	GCATG
Consensus	(5521)	CCT	CAAD	rash.	GACA	ጥርጥ	ממסיד	C	AGA	ርርጥጥ	TGGCA	ACA	GCATG
Oonsensus	(0021)	001	J 021117										ion 117
	(5569)	5569		5	580		559	0		5600			5616
ClareAJ251507			rccm			A TTT A					GGATO	GAT	
huNall118 (AK)	(5202)	א תוכי א א תוכי	reem.	ramma	זממכי	ል ጥጥ ል	C A A C	CTCT	COTO	CCTC	GGATC	CAT	тсста
JeongAF225987	(5560)	י אדכי	reem	remme	י א א סיב	7 T T T T T T	CAAC	CTCTC	SCTG(CCTC	CCATC	CAT	TGCTA
Consensus													
Consensus	(3303)	ATC	IGCI.	IGIIC	CAA	31 TV	CAAC	CICIO	3010	GCIG			tion 118
	/EC17	5617			5630			5640	-	565		- 000	5664
ClareAJ251507	(5011)	3017	0.000.0	nmcma	יטטק מי	CEC	CACC	A CCCC	CACM	CMCA	CCCTC	77.07	
ClareAJ251507	(5310	GCA	CCTA	PTCT	TAAT	AGTG	CACC	ACCC	CACT	GIGA	CCCTC	AOA	CANII
huNaIII18 (AK	(5153) GCA	CCTA	PTCT	LAATI	AGTG	CACC	ACCC	GACT	GTGA	CCCTC	AOA	CAATT
JeongAF225987	(5617	GCA	CCTA'	PTCT:	LAAL	AGTG	CACC	ACCC	GACT	GTGA	CCCT	SACA	CAATT
Consensus	s (5 6 17) GCA	CCTA'	rrcr?	raat?	AGTG	CACC	ACCC	GACT	GTGA			
												- Sec	tion 119
	(5665) 5665	567	0		5680		569		S-17°	5700		5712
ClareAJ25150	7 (5358) CAC	CCTG	GCAG	CTCA	GTTA	AGGG	AGAC	GTG	GGEA	CCCA,	rcrg	TTGGG
huNalli18 (AK	(5201) CAC	CCTG	GCAG	CTCA	GTTA	AGGG	AGAC	GTG	GGAA	CCCA,	rcrg	TTGGG
JeongAF225987	(5665) CAC	CCTG	GCAG	CTCA	GTTA	AGGG	BAGAC	CGTG	GGGA	CCCA	TCTG	TTGGG
Consensu	s (5665) CAC	CCTG	GCAG	CTCA	GTTA	AGGG	BAGAC	TGTG	GGAA	CCCA	TCTG	TTGGG

				··· -	·			Section 120
ClareAJ251507	(5713)	5713	5720	57	⁷ 30	5740	5750	5760
ClareAJ251507	(5406)	ATTTT	CTTTTTC	GTCAGT	TACATCA	TCATATCC	TTCCTGGT	TGTGGTG
huNall118 (AK)	(5249)	ATTTT	СТТТТТ 🏗	GTCAGT	TACATCA	TCATATCC	TTCCTGGT	TGTGGTG
JeongAF225987	(5713)	ATTTT	СТТТТТ	GTCAGT'	TACATCA	TCATATCC	TTCCTGGT	TGTGGTG
Consensus	(5713)	ATTTT	CTTTTTT	GTCAGT	TACATCA	TCATATCC	TTCCTGGT	TGTGGTG
								Section 121
	(5761)	5761	5770		5780	5790		5808
ClareAJ251507				GCGGTC	ATCCTGG	AGAACTTC	AGTGTTGC	
huNall118 (AK)	(5297)	AACAT	GTACATO	GCGGTC	ATCCTGG	AGAACTTC	AGTGTTGC	тастела
JeongAF225987	(5761)	AACAT	GTACATO	GCGGTC	ATCCTGG	AGAACTTC	AGTGTTGC	тастса а
Consensus	(5761)	AACAT	GTACATO	GCGGTC	ATCCTGG	AGAACTTC	AGTGTTGC	TACTOM
								Section 122
	(5809)	5809	58	320	5830	584		
ClareAJ251507	(5502)	GAAAG	TGCAGAG	ССССТС	AGTGAGG	ATGACTT	CACATCTT	CTATCAC
huNallI18 (AK)	(5345)	GAAAG	TGCAGAG	CCCCTG	AGTGAGG	ATGACTTT ATGACTTT	CACATOII	CIAIGAG O A O P A P O A
JeongAF225987	(5809)	GAAAG	TGCAGAG	CCCCTG	AGTGAGG	ATGACTTT	CACATGII	CIAIGAG COMANCAC
Consensus	(5809)	GAAAG	TGCAGAG	CCCCTG	AGTGAGG	ATGACTTT	CACATOTI	CIAIGAG
	(0000)							Section 123
	(5857)	5857		5870	588	30	5890	5904
ClareAJ251507			CCAAAAC					
huNallI18 (AK)								
JeongAF225987	(5857)	GTTTG	CCANANA	\mathbf{u}	CCCGAIG	CGACCCAG	TITATAGE	COMPOSE
	(5857)	CTTTC	CCAAAAAC	Φ	CCCGATG	CGACCCAG	TITALAGA	1G11C1C1 1C000C0C0
	(0001)	01110	JUMMANO	IIIOAI	CCCGAIG	COACCCAG		Section 124
	(5905)	5905	.5910	5920		5930	5940	5952
ClareAJ251507								
huNallI18 (AK)	(5///1)	AAACI	CTCTGAT	TIIGCA	CCTCCCC	T GGAT CCT	CCTCTTCT	rcaragea
JeongAF225987	(5905) (5905)	AAACI	CTCTGAT	ተፈርር አ ማውጥር ር አ	GCTGCCC	TGGATCCT	CCTCTTCT	rcatagea rcamacea
	(5905) (5905)	AAACT	CTCTGAT	TIIGCA TUTTCA	CCTGCCC	TGGATCCT	CCTCTTCT	I CATAGCA
	(0000)	71111101	CICIONI	ITIGCA	GCIGCC	IGGAICCI		Section 125
	(5953)	5053	5960	5	970	5980	5990	6000
ClareAJ251507								
huNaIII18 (AK)	(0040) (5490)	AAACC	CAACAAA	DACOTO.	CTTATTE	CCATGGAT	CTGCCCA	rggreagr
JeongAF225987						CCATGGAT		
•						CCATGGAT		
Consensus	(0900)	MAACC	.CAACAAA	GICCAG	CTTATTE	CCATGGAT		
	(0004)	0004	0040	·	2000	0000		Section 126
Olane A 1004 000	(6001)	0007	6010		6020	6030		6048
ClareAJ251507	(5694)	GGTGA	CCGGATC	CACTGI	CTTGATA	TTTATTI	GCCTTTA	CAAAGCGI
huNallI18 (AK)								
JeongAF225987						TTTATTT		
Consensus	5 (6001)	GGTGA	CCGGATC	CACTGI	CTTGAT	TTTATTTA	GCCTTTA	CAAAGCGI

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													s	ection	127
	(6049)	6049	·		,606	0.1		6070		8	6080				<u>6096</u>
ClareAJ251507	(5742)	GTTT	TG	GTG	ÀĠÀŒ	STGG	AGAC	ATG	SATG	CCC	TTCG	AAT	ACA	GATG	GAA
huNalli18 (AK)	(5585)	GTTT	TG	GTG	AGA(GTGG	AGAG	SATG	SATG	CCC	TTCG	AAT	ACA	GATG	GAA
JeongAF225987	(6049)	GTTT	TGT	GTG	AGAG	STGG	AGAG	SATG	GATG	CCC	TTCG	CTAA	ACA	GATG	GAA
Consensus	(6049)	GTTT	TGG	GTG	AGA	GTGG	AGA	SATG	GATG	CCC	TTC	TAA	ACA	GATG	GAA
														Section	
	(6097)					<u> 3110</u>			20		61				6144
ClareAJ251507	(5790)	GACA	GGT	TTA	rgg	CATC	AAA	CCCC	TCCA	AAG	тстс	TTA	rga	GCCT	TTA
huNalli18 (AK)	(5633)	GACA	GGT	TTA	rgg	CATC	AAA	ccc	TCCA	AAG	тстс	TTA	rga	GCCT	АТТ
JeongAF225987	(6097)	GACA	GGT	TTA	rgg	CATC	AAA	cccc	TCCA	AAG	тстс	'ATT	TGA	GCCT	АТТ
Consensus	(6097)	GACA	GGT	TTA	rgg	CATC	AAA	cccc	TCCA	AAG	тстс	TTA	rga (GCCT	TTA
													S	Section	129
	(6145)		,61			616			6170		_	6180			6192
ClareAJ251507	(5838)	ACAA	CCA	CTT	rga.	AACG	TAA	ACAA	GAGG	AGG	TGTO	CTGC	CGC	TATC	ТТА
huNall118 (AK)	(5681)	ACAA	CCA	CTT	TGA.	AACG	TAA	ACAA	GAGG	AGG	TGTC	TGC	CGC	TATC	ТТА
JeongAF225987	(6145)	ACAA	CCA	CTT	TGA.	AACG	TAA	ACAA	GAGG	AGG	TGT	TGC	CGC	TATO	TTA
Consensus	(6145)	ACAA	CCA	CTT	TGA.	AACG	TAA	ACAA	GAGG	AGG	TGT	TGC	CGC	TATO	TTA
													8	Section	130
	(6193)	6193		6200			6210		,6	220		.62	230		6240
ClareAJ251507	(5886)	CAGO	GTA	ATT	TCA	GATG	TTA	TCTT	TTA	AGC	AAA	GTT	AAA	PAAA	ATA
huNall118 (AK)	(5729)	CAGO	GTA	TTA	TCA	GATG	TTA	rctt	TTA	AAGC	AAA	GTT.	AAA	PAAA	'ATA
JeongAF225987	(6193)	CAGO	GTA	TTA	TCA	GATG	TTA	гстт	TTA	AAGC	AAA	GTT.	AAA	RAAT	ATA'
Consensus	s (6193)	CAGO	GTA	TTA	TCA	GATG	ATT	TCTT	TTAA	AAGC	AAA	GTT	AAA	PAAA	ATA
													\$	Section	131
	(6241)	6241		,62	250		62	260		627	70				6288
ClareAJ251507	7 (5934)	TCA	GTA	ACT	ATA	ACAA	AGA	GGCA	ATTA	AAAG	GGA	GGAT	TGA	CTTA	CCT
huNall118 (AK															
JeongAF225987	(6241)	TCAR	GTA	ACT	ATA	ACAA	AGA	GGCA	ATT	AAAG	GGA	GGAT	TGA	CTTA	CCT
Consensus	s (6241)	TCA	GTA	ACT	ATA	ACAA	AGA	GGCA	ATTA	AAAG	GGA	GGAT	TGA	CTT	CCI
														Section	
	(6289)	6289			630	00		6310			6320				6336
ClareAJ251507			AA	CAAG			TAT					GGAA	CTC	CACI	
huNall118 (AK															
JeongAF225987		ATA													
Consensu															
														Section	
	(6337)	6337				6350		6	360		63	370			6384
ClareAJ25150			AAA	ACAG			ንጥጥር			ACC			ጥጥር	СТАГ	
huNall118 (AK	(5873)	GAA	AAA	ACAG	ATG	GGAC	ንጥጥር	CTCT	ACC	ACC	CTC	CTCC	ጥጥር	CTA	rgan
JeongAF225987) GAA													
Consensu															
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																		_ S	ectio	n 13	34
		6385					640				641					342				64	
ClareAJ251507 (6																					
huNall118 (AK) (5921)	AGTG	TAA	CA	AAA	CCA	GAG	CAA	.GG	AAA	AG	TT	ТG	AG.	AA	ΑG	AC!	AA	ACC	AGA	A P
		AGTG																			
Consensus (6	6385)	AGTG	TAA	CAZ	AAA	CCA	GA	CAA	GG	AAA	AAG	TT	ТG	AG.	AA	AG	AC	AA	ACC	AG P	AZ
																		_ S	ectio	n 13	35
	6433)			644				<u> 3450</u>				646					6470			64	-
ClareAJ251507 (
huNall118 (AK) (5969)	AAAG	AAA	AGC	AAA	GGA	AA	AGA	.GG	rc?	AGA	GA.	AΑ	AΥ	CA	AΑ	AG?	ΓA	AAA	A G A	A.
		AAAG																			
Consensus (6433)	AAAG	SAAF	AGC.	AAA	GGA	AA	AGA	.GG'	TC?	AGA	GA	AΑ	AΤ	CA	AΑ	AG:	ra.	AAA	AG?	A2
		•																_ S	ectio	n 13	36
	6481)				<u>6490</u>				500				651							65	
ClareAJ251507 (
huNallI18 (AK) (6017)	ACA	AAG	TAF	TAT	СТІ	'TG'	TGA	TC.	AA:	ГTG	тт	ΤA	CA	GC	СT	ATO	GA	AGG	TA	A
JeongAF225987 (6481)	ACAA	AAGA	TAP	ТАТ	СТІ	TG'	TGA	TC.	AA:	ГTG	TТ	ΤА	CA	GC	СT	ATO	GA	AGG	TA	AZ
Consensus (6481)	ACA	AAGA	TAP	TAT	CTI	TG	TGA	TC.	AA:	ГTG	TT	TА	CA	GC	СT	ATO	GA.	AGG	TAZ	ΑZ
···																		<u> </u>	ectio	n 13	37
(6529)	6529			6	540			65	550				656	0					65	57
ClareAJ251507 (6222)	GTAT	TAT	GTG	TCA	ACI	'GG	ACI	TC.	AA	G Kig	GA	CC	100	CA	1 G	CC	V.V.	A COM	678	
huNall118 (AK) (
		GTAT																		GÁ	Č.
Consensus (
····································																			Section		
. ((6577)	6577				.65	90			66	00				661	0				66	62
ClareAJ251507 (6270)	NO.	POLA	NG Y	A A T	188		TAT	mr	A C	14.16	West of			A A	(T)	1	211	- F \ V	7 7 7 1	7
huNalii18 (AK) (6090)																				
				14	NA I	Ne.	(C) X	MAG	6.6	AG			ê.Ç.		77		(E) N	3.0	ZAVA		Z.
Consensus ((6577)	GTT	TTA	ACA	AAT	ACI	rCA	TAC	FTC	AG	TGC	CT	'nΩ	'nΑC	AA	GΑ	CA	GT	GAA	GT	G
																			Section		
,	(6625)	6625	66	30			664	ın			66	50				66	30				67
ClareAJ251507	(6319)	DOZO	701-761	SCHOOL STATE		OFF ST	333	75 W.P	20177	HTP	XWX.	994C9K	55.7	775Q1	ricari	753	351555	7 M		SERIE S	2. E
huNallI18 (AK)	(GO TO)	Market		ADE 3		SL(35)	-73 . 73			H-17-74	ENERN		1777		***		*** ***	AK		3,403	**
JeongAF225987	(6625)		PORTE	7728		396567	SE CONT	SSIME.	327/5	HOM:		7758	37.10								 M3
Consensus (
Consensus	(0023)	CCT	CIC	161	CAC	1.6	-AA	CT	- 1. G	1.6	MM	5 C P	10(- G1	. W T	CF	AC		Section		
	10070				20			000				~~~	~~				074		5 6 CIK		
01 1 105450	(66/3)	6673	Depte service	668	SU Succession	OHA:	*******	669	U	*****		67	UU	73	opper	THE PERSON	671	U		6	72
ClareAJ251507	(6366)	AGG	TAX		3 第 3	N K	BAR		es (S	از بردی ز			23.4	1 Qu			提及	A H	NUC		N.
huNaiii18 (AK)	(6090))																			-
	(6673)) AND	THIS	U-7 € €	ALTER S	N. P.	AVU.	D/C	6).\C	G. L	SA	TATE	35 M	-1 (s4.)	XC YA	(G)	AU	AA	E016016	42.00	ALC:
Consensus																					

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							Section 141
(6	3721)	6721	6730	6740	6750		6768
ClareAJ251507 (6	3414)	GUCL	ACCTAGACTATE	recentation	TETHERAND	PGANCATT	GTAKOT
huNaill18 (AK) (6	3090)						
JeongAF225987 (6	3721)	GGEO	VECTOVOVO BANK	VOCEDATIVE	DOTUCANNO	DOYNEADD	CUSTACT.
Consensus (6	5/21)	GGCT	ACCTAGACTAT	AGGGATAGT	TGTGCAAAG	TGAACATT	GTAACT
							Section 142
(6	3769)	6769	,6780	6790	680	00	681
ClareAJ251507 (6	5462)	CACC	AAAGACCTTTA	STACACTOC	argeateca	TOCTATOR	TTAKET
nuNalli18 (AK) (6	3090)	Name of the last				,	
JeongAF225987 (6	3769)	CARC	AAACAGCTTTA AAACACCTTTA	STACASTCC	ttgeatcea	TTETATTT	TOBACT
Consensus (6	5769)	CACC	AAACACCTTTAG	GTACAGTCC	TTGCATCCA	TTCTATTT	TTAACT'
							Section 143
(6	3817)	6817	683	0 6	840	6850	686
ClareAJ251507 (6	3510)	CC AT	683 ATTENEDIATE	COLUMNATION	value and a	ACTOCATT	accard
nuivalli18 (AK) (6	3090)	herenesses					
JeongAF225987 (6	3817)	COA	PARCELLE CONTANT	Marine Very A.	STATISTICS	PENGE VI	TOCATE
Consensus (6	0817)	CCAT	ATCTGCCATAT	TTTTACAAA	ATTTGTTCT	'AGTGCATT	TCCATG
							Section 14
(6	3865)	6865	6870	6880	,6890	6900	691
ClareAJ251507 (6	3558)	ROGO	CAAPTCATACT	THE THE PERSON NAMED IN	ELECTRAIN	CACALATION	X
JeongAF225987 (6	0090)	ACTION SE					
Conconcus (6	2002)	m C C C	CAATTCATAGT CAATTCATAGT		AUGGENIUT	CACASALATA	TGTAA.
Consensus (C	0000)	TCCC	CAATTCATAGT	TTATTCATA	ATGCTATGT	CACTATTT	'T O
16	20421	6013	6020	6030	0040	2050	Section 14:
ClareΔ (251507 (6	າອາວງ ເຂດດາ	0913	6920	0930	6940	6950	696
huNalli18 (AK) (6	รดดดา						
JeongAF225987 (6	3913)	TGAG	GTTT A CGTTCA	AGA A ACACT	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	CCCMCMCM	00000000
7001.3. " LL 0001		1 0110	GITTACGITGA	NONNACAGI	AIACAAGAA	CCCTGTCT	CTCAAA
Consensus (6	59131						
Consensus (6	5913) ——						Section 146
Consensus (6		6961	6970	6980	6000		
Consensus (6		6961	,6970	,6980	6990		
Consensus (6		6961	,6970	6980	6990		
Consensus (6 (6 ClareAJ251507 (6 huNall118 (AK) (6	5961) 6600) 6090)						700
Consensus (6 ClareAJ251507 (6 huNall118 (AK) (6 JeongAF225987 (6	6961) 6600) 6090) 6961)	GATC	6970 AGACAAAGGTG				700
Consensus (6 (6 ClareAJ251507 (6 huNall118 (AK) (6	6961) 6600) 6090) 6961)	GATC			AGAGATAAA	ATTTTTGC	700
Consensus (6 ClareAJ251507 (6 huNalli18 (AK) (6 JeongAF225987 (6 Consensus (6	6961) 6600) 6090) 6961)	GATC	AGACAAAGGTG	TTTTGCCAG	AGAGATAAA	ATTTTTGC	700 TCAAAA
Consensus (6 ClareAJ251507 (6 huNalli18 (AK) (6 JeongAF225987 (6 Consensus (6	6961) 6600) 6090) 6961)	GATC	AGACAAAGGTG	TTTTGCCAG	AGAGATAAA	ATTTTTGC	700 TCAAAA
Consensus (6 ClareAJ251507 (6 huNalli18 (AK) (6 JeongAF225987 (6 Consensus (6	6961) 6600) 6090) 6961)	GATC	AGACAAAGGTG	TTTTGCCAG	AGAGATAAA	ATTTTTGC	TCAAAA
Consensus (6 ClareAJ251507 (6 huNaill18 (AK) (6 JeongAF225987 (6 Consensus (6 ClareAJ251507 (6 huNaill18 (AK) (6	6961) 6600) 6090) 6961) 6961) 7009) 6600)	7009		7030	AGAGATAAA	ATTTTTGC	700 TCAAAA Section 147

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			· · · ·					Section 148
ClareAJ251507	(7057)	7057		,7070	,7080	<u></u>	7090	7104
huNaIII18 (AK)	(6090)							
JeongAF225987	(7057)	GATG	GCTTTA <i>I</i>	ATTTTGAAA	GTATTTT	AGTCTGT	TATGTTT	GTTTCTAT
Consensus	(7057)							Section 149
	(7105)	7105	7110	7120				
ClareAJ251507	(6600)							
huNalli18 (AK) JeongAF225987								
Consensus	(7105) (7105)	CTGA		ATGTGCCTG				
				 				Section 150
ClareAJ251507 huNallI18 (AK) JeongAF225987	(7153)	7153	,7160	717	70	7180	7190	7200
huNalli18 (AK)	(6090)							
JeongAF225987	(7153)	тттт	TATGCA	AAGTATTCT	GTTTCAG	CAAGTGC.	AAATTTT	ATTCTAAG
Consensus	(7153)							
	(7201)	7201	72	10	7220	7230		Section 151
ClareAJ251507 huNaIII18 (AK)	(6600)							1240
huNaIII18 (AK)	(6090)							
JeongAF225987 Consensus	(7201) (7201)	TTTC	AGAGCT	CTATATTA	ATTTAGG	TCAAATG	CTTTCCA	AAAAGTAA
	· ·							Section 152
ClareAJ251507 huNallI18 (AK)	(7249)	7249		,7260	,7270	,728	30	7296
huNallI18 (AK)	(0600) (0809)							
JeongAF225987	(7249)	TCTA	ATAAAT	CCATTCTAG	AAAAATA	ТАТСТАА	AGTATTG	CTTTAGAA
Consensus	(7249)							04: 450
	(7297)	7297						
ClareAJ251507	(6600)							
huNallI18 (AK)	(6090)							
JeongAF225987 Consensus	(7297) (7297)	TAGT	TGTTCC	ACTTTCTGC				
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								Section 154
ClareAJ251507 huNall118 (AK	(7345)	7345	7350	,7360	7:	370	7380	7392
huNall18 (AK	(6090) (6090)))						
JeongAF225987	(7345)) CAGC	AAAGCT	GATAGTCT	TGTCAAT	TAAATAC	CCTATGT	TATGTAAA
Consensus	s (7345))						

(7393) 7393 7400 7410 7420 7430 7440 ClareAJ251507 (6600)		(7000)	7202	7400	7440			Section 155
HuNalil18 (AK) (6090)	ClareA.1251507	(7393)	7393		,7410	,7420	,7430	7440
JeongAF225987 (7393) TAGTTATTTTATCCTGTGGTGCATGTTTGGGCAAATATATAT	huNaIII18 (AK)	(6090)						
Consensus (7393) Section 156	JeongAF225987	(7393)	TAGT	ТАТТТТАТС	CTGTGGTG	CATGTTTGGC	CAAATATAT	ATATAGCC
(7441) 7441 7450 7460 7470 7488 ClareAJ251507 (6600)	Consensus	(7393)						
HuNalil 18 (AK) (6090) TATA A A CANTTETATTA A TEAA A TATGTACCA CAGTGTATGTGTC								
NuNalii 18 (AK) (6090)	Clare A 1954507	(7441)	7441	,7450	,746	74	70	7488
JeongAF225987 (7441) TGATAAACAACTTCTATTAAATCAAATATGTACCACAGTGTATGTGTCCCOnsensus (7441) Section 157	huNall18 (AK)	(6000)						
Consensus (7441)	JeonaAF225987	(7441)	TGAT	AAACAACTT	י ב ב ב ב ב ב ב	CAAATATCT	TACCACACTO	
ClareAJ251507 (6600)	Consensus	(7441)						
HuNaill 18 (AK) (6090)								
HuNaill 18 (AK) (6090)		(7489)	7489	750	, 00	7510	,7520	7536
Consensus (7489) (7537) 7537 7550 7560 7570 7582 ClareAJ251507 (6600)	ClareAJ251507	(6600)						
Consensus (7489) (7537) 7537 7550 7560 7570 7582 ClareAJ251507 (6600)	huNaiii18 (AK)	(6090)						
Section 158	Consensus	(7489)	TTTT					
ClareAJ251507 (6600) huNallI18 (AK) (6090) JeongAF225987 (7537) AGTTTAAAGGCTATCACTAATGCATGTTAATATTGCCTATGCTGCTCT Consensus (7537) Section 159		(7400)						Section 158
huNaiii (AK) (6090)		(7537)	7537					
huNaiii (AK) (6090)	ClareAJ251507	(6600)						
Consensus (7537) (7585) 7585 7590 7600 7610 7620 7632 ClareAJ251507 (6600)	huNall118 (AK)	(6090)						
Section 159	JeongAF225987	(7537)	AGTT	TAAAGGCTA	TCACTAAT	GCATGTTAA	PATTGCCTAT	GCTGCTCT
(7585) 7585 7590 7600 7610 7620 7632 ClareAJ251507 (6600)	Consensus	(7537)						Coeffee 450
huNalil18 (AK) (6090)		(7585)	7585	7590	7600	7610	7620	- Section 159
huNalil18 (AK) (6090)	ClareAJ251507	(6600)		_,1550	,7000	,7010	,7020	7632
JeongAF225987 (7585) ATTTTACTCAATCCATTCTTCACAAGTCTTGGTTAAAGAATGTCACATCCATTCTTCACAAGTCTTGGTTAAAGAATGTCACATCCATTCTTCACAAGTCTTTGGTTAAAGAATGTCACATCCATTCTTCACAAGTCTTTGGTTAAAGAATGTCACATCCATTCTTCACAAGTCTTTGGTTAAAGAATGAAT	huNall118 (AK)	(6090)						
Section 160	JeongAF225987	(7585)	ATTT	TACTCAATO	CATTCTTC	ACAAGTCTT	GGTTAAAGAA	TGTCACAT
(7633) 7633 7640 7650 7660 7670 7680 ClareAJ251507 (6600)	Consensus	(7585)		•				
huNall18 (AK) (6090)								
huNall18 (AK) (6090)	Clare A 10E1E07	(7633)	7633	7640	,7650	,7660	,7670	7680
JeongAF225987 (7633) ATTGGTGATAGAATGAATTCAACCTGCTCTGTCCATTATGTCAAGCACCTGCTCTGTCCATTATGTCAAGCACCTGCTCTGTCCATTATGTCAAGCACCTGCTCTGTCCATTATGTCAAGCACCTGCTCTGTCCATTATGTCAAGCACCCTGCTCTGTCCATTATGTCAAGCACCCTTTATGTCAAGCACCCTTTATGTCAAGCACCCTTTAATGCAAGCACCCTTTAATGCAAGCACCCTTTAATGCAAGCCTATTTAAATGCAAGCCTTTTAATGCAAGCTTTTTAATGCAAGCCTTTTAATGCAAGCCTTTTAATGCAAGCCTTTTAATGCAAGCCTTTTTAATGCAAGCCTTTTAATGCAAGCCTTTTAATGCAAGCCTTTTTAATGCAAGCCTTTTTAATGCAAGCCTTTTTAATGCAAGCCTTTTTAATGCAAGCCTTTTTAATGCAAGCCTTTTTAATGCAAGCCTTTTTAATGCAAGCCTTTTTAATGCAAGCCTTTTTAATGCAAGCCTTTTTAATGCAAGCCTTTTTAATGCAAGCCTTTTTAATGCAAGCCTTTTTAATGCAAGCCTTTTTAATGCAAGCCTTTTTAATGCAAGCCTTTTTAATGCAAGCCTTTTTTTT	huNall118 (AK)	(6000)				- 		
Consensus (7633) (7681) 7681 7690 7700 7710 7720 ClareAJ251507 (6600)	JeonaAF225987	(7633)	ATTG	GTGATAGAZ	ATG A ATTC A	ACCTGCTCT(300000000000	TCAAGCAG
(7681) 7681 7690 7700 7710 7720 ClareAJ251507 (6600)	Consensus	(7633)					DICCHITATO	ICARGCAC
(7681) 7681 7690 7700 7710 7720 ClareAJ251507 (6600)			····					Section 161
JeongAF225987 (7681) AATAATTTGAAGCTATTTACAAACACCTTTACTTTTGCACTTTTAAAT		(7681)	7681	,7690	,770	0 ,77	10	7728
JeongAF225987 (7681) AATAATTTGAAGCTATTTACAAACACCTTTACTTTTGCACTTTTAAAT	ClareAJ251507	(6600)						
Consensus (7681) Consensus (7681)	nuNaIII18 (AK)	(6090) (7694)						
	Cancangue	(1001) (7681)	AATA	ATTTGAAG	JATTTACA	AACACCTTT	ACTTTTGCAC	TTAATT

							Section 162
ClareA.1251507	(7729) (6600)	7729	,7740		50	<u>,</u> 7760	7776
huNall118 (AK)	(6090)						
JeungAF225961	(1129)	CAACA	ATGAGTATCATA	TGGTATO	TCTCTGG	ATTTCAAGG	AACACACT
Consensus	(7729)						
							Section 163
Clare A 1251507	(7777)	7777	,7790)	7800	,7810	7824
huNalil18 (AK)	(6090)						
JeongAF225987	(7777)	GGATA	CTGCCTACTG	CAAAACC	ጉልጥጥርጥጥ		 ~ m x x x m x
Consensus	(7777)						
							_ Section 164
Clare A 1054507	(7825)	7825	,7830 ,7	840	,7850	,7860	7872
huNall18 (AK)	(6000)						
JeongAF225987	(7825)	тотст	~ A A A A C T T C T T T	·			
Consensus	(7825)				MAIAAIG	IAMAMATATA	ATCAACTI
							_ Section 165
01 4.05.555	(7873)	7873	,7880	7890	7900	,791	7920
ClareAJ251507	(6600)						
JeongAF225987	(7873)	רתיתמי	'Gጥሮ እ G C እ ጥጥጥባ				
Consensus	(7873)			OINCHIP	MUNNANI	TATTTTCAG	FITGATGAC
							_ Section 166
01 105/55	(7921)	7921	,7930 	7940	7	950	7968
ClareAJ251507	(6600)						
JeongAF225987	(7921)	ATCAC	·				
Consensus	(7921)	0110					
	<u> </u>						_ Section 167
	(7969)	7969	,7980		90	,8000	8016
ClareAJ251507	(6600)						
JeongAF225987	(7969)	7.0000					
JeongAF225987 Consensus	(7969)	ALICC	ARACITIGA	TCCATAP	GATTTTT	CAATGGATAI	ATTTCCTAA
····							- Section 168
	(8017)	8017	8030)	8040	8050	8064
ClareAJ251507	(6600)						
nunaiii18 (AK)	(6090)						
JeongAF225987 Consensus	(8017)	MATAF	MAGTTAGATAA	ATGGGTTT	TATGGAT	TTCTTTGTT	TATATATE
	/						

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	(8065)	8065	8070	8080	,8090	8100	Section 169 - 8112
ClareAJ251507 huNaIII18 (AK) JeongAF225987 Consensus	(6090) (8065)	TTTC	TACCATTCC	CAATAGGAG	- ATACATTGG		AAACCTA(
	(8113)	8113	8120	8130	8140	9150	Section 170
ClareAJ251507 huNaIII18 (AK) JeongAF225987 Consensus	(6090) (8113)	ATCA	TTTTCTACO	CAACTATGG	TTGCCTCAA		TATTCAT
	(8161)	8161	8170	.818	0 8	190	Section 171 - 820
ClareAJ251507 huNaIII18 (AK) JeongAF225987 Consensus	(6090) (8161)	GATG	 TTTTTTTTT	CATTCAACT	TTTGTAGTA	190 TTTACGTATG	CAGACTAC
ClareAJ251507	(8209) (6600)	8209	82	20	3230	8240	Section 172 825
JeongAF225987 Consensus	(8209)	TCTT	ATTTTTTA	ATTCCTGC	rgcactaaa	GCTATTACAA	ATATAAC
ClareAJ251507	(8257) (6600)	8257		8270	8280	8290	830-
huNali18 (AK) JeongAF225987 Consensus	(6090) (8257)	TGGA	CTTTGTTCT	TTTTAGCC	ATGAACAAA	GTGGCAAAGT	TGTGCAA
ClareAJ251507	(8305) (6600)	8305	<u>,8310</u>	8320	8330	8340	835
huNaIII18 (AK) JeongAF225987 Consensus	(6090) (8305)	TACC	TAACATGAT	TTTTAAATAT	rt _G ttttt		AAAGTTT
	(8353)	8353	8360	8370	8380	8390	Section 175 - 840
ClareAJ251507 huNalli18 (AK) JeongAF225987 Consensus	(6090) (8353)	ATGT				8390 GTAGTGTATT	

	(8401)	8401	8410	8420	8430	-	8448
JeongAF225987	(8401)	GCAT	GC A GGG A A TTG	~~~~~~~		COCACOO	
Consensus	(8401)	00111	ochodonai i o	JATIGCIA.	AAAAAAA C	GIGAGCT	ACGICALI
	·						
01 - 4 1054507	(8449)	8449	8460	8470	848	80	8496
huNalli18 (AK)	(6090)						
JeongAF225987	(8449)	ATTG	AGCCAAAAGAA	TAAATTTCA	TTATTTTTT	GCATTTC	ACTTATTO
Consensus	(8449)						
	(0.407)	0407	054				Section 178
Clare A. 1251507	(8497) (6600)	8497	851	0 85	520	8530	8544
huNalil18 (AK)	(6090)						
JeongAF225987	(8497)	GGCT	CTGGGGTTTTT:	TGTTTTTGT	тттттсстс	TTGGCAG	TAAAATT
Consensus	(8497)						
	(8545)	8545					Section 179
	(0373)	0040	_6000	3300	0370	0000	6394
ClareAJ251507	(6600)						
ClareAJ251507 huNall118 (AK)	(6090)						
huNall118 (AK) JeongAF225987	(6090) (8545)	ATAT					
huNall118 (AK)	(6090) (8545)	ATAT		AACCTGTGC	TTGATCTGA	CATTTGT	ATACATA
huNallI18 (AK) JeongAF225987 Consensus	(6090) (8545) (8545)	тата	AATAATTAATA	AACCTGTGC	TTGATCTGA	CATTTGT	ATACATAA
huNall118 (AK) JeongAF225987 Consensus ClareAJ251507	(6090) (8545) (8545) (8593) (6600)	8593	ATAATTAATA 0008	AACCTGTGC 8610	TTGATCTGA	8630	ATACATAA Section 180
huNall118 (AK) JeongAF225987 Consensus ClareAJ251507 huNall118 (AK)	(6090) (8545) (8545) (8593) (6600) (6090)	8593	0098,	8610	######################################	,8630	ATACATA
huNall118 (AK) JeongAF225987 Consensus ClareAJ251507 huNall118 (AK) JeongAF225987	(6090) (8545) (8545) (8593) (6600) (6090) (8593)	8593 AAGT	0098,	8610	######################################	,8630	ATACATA
huNall118 (AK) JeongAF225987 Consensus ClareAJ251507 huNall118 (AK)	(6090) (8545) (8545) (8593) (6600) (6090) (8593)	8593 AAGT	8600 TTACATGAATT	8610	8620 ACTAGTGCA	8630	ATACATAA Section 180 8640
huNall18 (AK) JeongAF225987 Consensus ClareAJ251507 huNall118 (AK) JeongAF225987 Consensus	(6090) (8545) (8545) (8593) (6600) (6090) (8593) (8593)	8593 AAGT	8600 TTACATGAATT	8610 TTACAACAA	TTGATCTGA 8620 ACTAGTGCA	8630	ATACATAA Section 180 8640 CCAAGCAC
huNall118 (AK) JeongAF225987 Consensus ClareAJ251507 huNall118 (AK) JeongAF225987 Consensus ClareAJ251507	(6090) (8545) (8545) (8593) (6600) (6090) (8593) (8593) (8641)	8593 AAGT	8600 TTACATGAATT	8610 TTACAACAA	RTGATCTGA 8620 ACTAGTGCA 8670	8630 ATGATTCA	ATACATAA Section 180 8640 CCAAGCAG Section 181
huNall118 (AK) JeongAF225987 Consensus ClareAJ251507 huNall118 (AK) JeongAF225987 Consensus ClareAJ251507 huNall118 (AK)	(8545) (8545) (8545) (8593) (6600) (8593) (8593) (8641) (6600) (6090)	8593 AAGT	8600 TTACATGAATT	8610 TTACAACAA	B620 ACTAGTGCA	8630 ATGATTCA	ATACATAA Section 180 8640 CCAAGCAC Section 181 8688
huNall118 (AK) JeongAF225987 Consensus ClareAJ251507 huNall118 (AK) JeongAF225987 Consensus ClareAJ251507 huNall118 (AK)	(8545) (8545) (8545) (8593) (6600) (8593) (8593) (8641) (6600) (6090) (8641)	8593 AAGT 8641 	8600 TTACATGAATT 8650	8610 TTACAACAA 8660 GCAAATTAA	8620 ACTAGTGCA 8670 AAGCAGCTT	8630 ATGATTCA	ATACATAA - Section 180 8640
huNall118 (AK) JeongAF225987 Consensus ClareAJ251507 huNall118 (AK) JeongAF225987 Consensus ClareAJ251507 huNall118 (AK) JeongAF225987 Consensus	(8593) (8593) (8600) (8593) (8693) (8641) (6600) (6090) (8641) (8641)	8593 AAGT 8641 	8600 TTACATGAATT 8650 ACAGAACAAAG	8610 TTACAACAA 8660 GCAAATTAA	8620 ACTAGTGCA 8670 AAGCAGCTT	8630 ATGATTCA	ATACATAA Section 180 8640 CCAAGCAG Section 181 8686 TTTTATGT
huNall118 (AK) JeongAF225987 Consensus ClareAJ251507 huNall118 (AK) JeongAF225987 Consensus ClareAJ251507 huNall118 (AK) JeongAF225987 Consensus	(8593) (8593) (8600) (8593) (8693) (8641) (6600) (6090) (8641) (8641)	8593 AAGT 8641 	8600 TTACATGAATT 8650 ACAGAACAAAG	8610 TTACAACAA 8660 GCAAATTAA	8620 ACTAGTGCA 8670 AAGCAGCTT	8630 ATGATTCA	ATACATAA Section 180 8640 CCAAGCAG Section 181 8686 TTTTATGT
huNall118 (AK) JeongAF225987 Consensus ClareAJ251507 huNall118 (AK) JeongAF225987 Consensus ClareAJ251507 huNall118 (AK) JeongAF225987 Consensus ClareAJ251507	(8593) (8593) (8593) (6600) (8593) (8593) (8641) (6600) (8641) (86841)	8593 AAGT 8641 TACT	8600 TTACATGAATT 8650 ACAGAACAAAG	8610 TTACAACAA 8660 GCAAATTAA	8620 ACTAGTGCA 8670 AAGCAGCTT	8630 ATGATTCA	ATACATAA Section 180 8640 CCAAGCAG Section 181 8686 TTTTATGT Section 182 8730
huNall18 (AK) JeongAF225987 Consensus ClareAJ251507 huNall18 (AK) JeongAF225987 Consensus ClareAJ251507 huNall18 (AK) JeongAF225987 Consensus ClareAJ251507	(8593) (8545) (8545) (8593) (6600) (8593) (8593) (8641) (6600) (8641) (8689) (6600) (6090)	8593 AAGT 8641 TACT	8600 TTACATGAATT 8650 ACAGAACAAAG	8610 TTACAACAA 8660 GCAAATTAA	8620 ACTAGTGCA 8670 AAGCAGCTT	8630 ATGATTCA	ATACATAA Section 180 8644 CCAAGCAC Section 181 8686 TTTTATGT Section 182 873

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((8737)	8737		8750	8760	8770	Section 183 — 8784
ClareAJ251507 (huNalli18 (AK) (JeongAF225987 (Consensus ((6090) (8737)				PAGCTTTCA.		CTCCCTTG(
	(8785)	8785	.8790	8800		8820	
ClareAJ251507 I	(6600) (6090) (8785)	CTAT	AAGCATCI	'AAACTCA'	CTTCTTTC.		TGCTATCT
((8833)	8833	8840	885	98, 0	360 887	Section 165 '0 888
ClareAJ251507 (huNaIII18 (AK) (JeongAF225987 (Consensus ((8833)	CTAA	TTACTTGG	STGGCTAA!	PAAATGTTA	860 887 CATTCTTTGTT	ACTTAAATO
GI 1/05/505	(8881)	8881				8910	
huNallI18 (AK) (JeongAF225987 (Consensus ((6090) (8881)	CATT	OAAATATA	TCCTATG	TATACATAA	~	TATAGTTA
	(8929)	8929	8	940	8950	,8960	897
ClareAJ251507 (huNallI18 (AK) (JeongAF225987 (Consensus ((8929)	TGAG	AATTTAT?	ATTAACTT	TTTTTCAA	8960 GAACCCTTGGA	TTTATGTG
	(8977)	8977				9010	
ClareAJ251507 (huNaIII18 (AK) JeongAF225987 Consensus	(6090) (8977)	GGTC				GAAAACTCCAG	TTGTAATG
	(9025)	9025	9030	9040	9050		Section 189 — 907.
huNalli18 (AK)	(6090)		AAATTTT				

	(9073)	9073	,9080	,9090	9100	Sec	tion 190 9120
ClareAJ251507 huNaIII18 (AK)	(6090)						
JeongAF225987 Consensus		CATAA	TAAATTATA	ATAAGGTGGA	AAAAAAAAA		AAAAAA ction 191
ClareAJ251507	(9121) (6600)					000	
huNalli18 (AK) JeongAF225987 Consensus	(9121)						

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								0 4 4
	(1)	1	,10		20		.30	Section 1 4
ClareAJ251507protein	(1)	MAQALLV	PPGPES	FRLFTR	ESTAA	TEKRA	DEEK	VKKDKK
Translation of huNaIII18 (AK)	(1)	MAQALLV	PPGPES	FRLFTR	ESTAA	TEKED	AFFK	NAKADAK.
Translation of JeongAF225987	(1)	MAQALLV	PPGPES	SFRI.FTR	EGI.AA	TEVEN	A D D K	.AKKI KK
Consensus	(1)	MAQALLV	PPGPES	977.777	FCI.AA	TEVEN	A FFF	.AKKEKK
					MALCU	TOVVE	.AEEK	- Section 2
	(41)	11	.50	•	^^			
ClareAJ251507protein					,60		.70	8
Translation of huNaIII18 (AK)	(41)	ODNDDEN	KPKPNS	DLEAGE	NLPFI	YGDIF	PEMV	'SEPLED
Translation of JeongAF225987	(41)	QDNDDEN	IKPKPNS	DLEAGK	NLPFI	YGDIF	PEMV	SEPLED
	(41)	QDNDDEN	KPKPNS	DLEAGK	NLPFI	YGD1 F	PEMV	SEPLED
Consensus	(41)	QDNDDEN	KPKPNS	FDLEAGK	NLPFI	YGDIF	PEMV	SEPLED
								Section 3
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	(81)		90		,100		,110	12
ClareAJ251507protein	(81)	DBAAINK	KTFIVM	INKGKAI	FRFSA	TSALY	ILTP	LNPVRK
Translation of huNaIII18 (AK)	(81)	DBAAINK	KTFIVN	INKGKAI	FRFSA	TSALY	ILTP	LNPVRK
Translation of JeongAF225987	(81)	DPYYINK	KTFIVM	INKGKAI	FRFSA	TSALY	ILTP	LNPVRK
Consensus	(81)	DPYYINK	KTFIVN	INKGKAI	FRFSA	TSALY	TLTP	LNPVRK
	<u> </u>							- Section 4
	(121)	121	,130		140		.150	16
ClareAJ251507protein		AIKILVH				MTT.CN		
Translation of huNaIII18 (AK)	(121)	AIKILVH	SLESMI	TMCTI.	TNCVE	MTT.CN	DDDW MAAAA	LIVIAN CEX
Translation of JeongAF225987	(121)	AIKILVH	SLESMI	TMCTTL	THOVE	MTT.CN	שמממם) שמממם)	TUNVET
Consensus	(121)	AIKILVH	SLESMI	TMCTTI	TNCVE	MTT.CN	erow Maaaa	TUNVET
					INCVE	11111111	PPDW	- Section 5
	(161)	161	,170		,180		,190	20 20
ClareAJ251507protein		FTGIYTE				FIDDE	130	
Translation of huNaIII18 (AK)	(161)	FTGIYTE	RST.TKT	7 1971AU	PEDEM	<i>E1 D D D</i>	TWMM	DESVIV
Translation of JeongAF225987	(161)	FTGIYTF	FSLTKI	LABGEC	TEDEM PEDLI	EL DDD L PKN5	TWMIW	DESVIV
Consensus	(161)	FTGIYTE	באב וסמי	TANCEC	TEDEM	ET DDE TRNE	TWMW	DESVIV
			POTITI	JAKGEC	DEUFT	FUKUP		
	(201)	201	240		000			Section 6
ClareAJ251507protein			210		220		230	24
Translation of huNaIII18 (AK)	(201)	AYVTEFV	SLGNVS	ALRTFR	VLRAL	KTISV	IBGL	KTIVGA
Translation of JeongAF225987	(201)	AYVTEFV	SLGNVS	ALRTFR	VLRAL	KTISV	IPGL	KTIVGA
	(201)	AYVTEFV	DLGNVS	SALRTFR	VLRAL	KTISV	IPGL	KTIVGA
Consensus	(201)	AYVTEFV	SLGNVS	SALRTFR	VLRAL	KTISV	IPGL	KTIVGA
								Section 7
	(241)		250		260		270	28
ClareAJ251507protein	(241)	IQSVKKI	SDVMII	TVFCLS	VFALI	GLQLF	MGNL	RNKCLO
Translation of huNaIII18 (AK)	(241)	IQSVKKL	SDVMII	TVFCLS	VFALI	GLOLF	MGNT.	RNKCLO
Translation of JeongAF225987	(241)	IQSVKKL	SDVMII	TVFCLS	VFALI	GLOLF	MGNL	RNKCLO
Consensus	(241)	IQSVKKI	SDVMII	TVFCLS	VFALI	GLQLF	MGNL	RNKCLO
•						~ -		×

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					~				- Section	on 8
	(281)			290		300		310		320
ClareAJ251507protein	(281)	PPSDS	AFET	NTTS	YFNGT	MDSNG	TFVNV	TMST	FNWKD	YIG
Translation of huNall118 (AK)	(281)	PPSDS	AFET	NTTS	YFNGT	MDSNG	TFVNV	TMST	FNWKD	YIG
Translation of JeongAF225987	(281)	PPSDS	AFETI	NTTS	YFNGT	MDSNG	TFVNV	TMST	FNWKD	YIG
Consensus	(281)	PPSDS	AFETI	RTTE	YFNGT	MDSNG	TFVNV	TMST	FNWKD	YIG
									- Section	
	(321)	321		330		340		350		360
ClareAJ251507protein		DDSHF			PLLCG		GOCPE	CVICI	KAGP	
Translation of huNall118 (AK)		DDSHF	YVLD	GOKD	PLLCG	MGSDA	CUCDE	CVIC	JKAGR	MUM
Translation of JeongAF225987	(321)	DDSHF	YVLD	SOKD	PLLCG	NGSDA	COCPE	CVICI	OK A CD	NEN
Consensus	(321)	DDSHF	YVID	GOKD.	PLLCG	иссри	COCDE	CVIC	A LOW OLV	MEM
				~			02012	.6110	- Section	
	(361)	361	:	370		380		390	00000	400
ClareAJ251507protein	(361)	YGYTS			LSLER		VWENT	VOIMI	PAAC	¥00
Translation of huNall118 (AK)	(361)	YGYTS	TDTI	SWAI	LSLER LSLER	THIT OD	T M D M T	TOTAL	DAAAG	KUN KII
Translation of JeongAF225987	(361)	YGYTS	EDTE:	CWNT.	121121	I WWUU DMI OD	7.09.5.81. T. M.D.10.7	A O I W.	DAAAG	KTI
Consensus	(361)	YGYTS	EDIL.	CWAI.	CTTD	I WWO D	IMENT	TOTAL	OAA7u	K.I. X
	(001)	10115		JWAI.	CODEK	PHIÓD	IMENT	хОрті		
	(401)	401		110		420		400	- Section	
Clare A 1251507 protein		MIFFV						430		440
ClareAJ251507protein (Translation of huNalII18 (AK)	(401)	MILLEV	7	LGSF	X LI V N L	TPWAAA	AMAYE	EQNQ	ATLEE	AEQ
Translation of JeongAF225987	(401)	MIFFV	1 01 4 E. T	r C C E.	X LI V IV LI	TLAVV.	AMAYE	EQNQA	ATLEE	AEQ
Consensus	(401)	MIFFV MIFFV	T 17 T TO 1		X T	T	AMAYE	EQNQ	ATLEE	AEQ
Conscilada	(401)	BITLLA	D A T E 1	LGSF	KTAMT	TUAVV	AMAYE			
	(441)	111		450		460			- Section	
ClareAJ251507protein					VOOD D			470		480
Translation of huNall118 (AK)	(441)	KEAEF	OOM I	EOTA:	KOODE	AVAGA	AASAA	SRDFS	SGIGG	LGE
Translation of JeongAF225987		KEAEF	OOM I	БОТИ:	KOOFE	AVAVA	AASAA	SRDFS	SGIGG	LGE
Consensus	(441)	KEAEF	ÖÖMT.	COLV.	KOORE	AVAVA	AASAA	SRDFS	SGEGG	LGE
Conscisus	(441)	KEAEF	δбиг	e Qua.	KQQEE	AVAVA	AASAA			
	(404)	404		400		500			- Section	
ClareAJ251507protein	(481)			190		500		510		520
Translation of huNaIII18 (AK)	(401)	LLESS	SEASI	KLSS.	KSAKE	WRNRR	KKRRQ	REHLI	EGNNK	GER
Translation of JeongAF225987	(401)	LLESS	SEASI	KLSS.	KSAKE	WRNRR	KKRRR	REHLI	EGNNK	GER
Consensus	(401)	LLESS	SEAS	KLSS.	KGAKE	WRNRR	KKRRQ	REHLI	EGNNK	GER
Consensus	(401)	LLESS	SEAS!	KLSS.	KSAKE	WRNRR	KKRRQ		_	
									- Section	1 14
01	(521)			530		540		550		560
ClareAJ251507protein	(521)	DSFPK	SESE	DSVK	RSSFL	FSMDG	NRLTS	DKKF	СЅРНО	\mathtt{SLL}
Translation of huNall118 (AK)	(521)	DSFPK	SESE!	DSVK	RSSFL	FSMDG	NRLTS	DKKF	CSPHQ	SLL
Translation of JeongAF225987	(521)	DSFPK	SESE	DSVK	RSSFL	FSMDG	NRLTS	DKKF	CSPHQ	SLL
Consensus	(521)	DSFPK	SESE	DSVK	RSSFL	FSMDG	NRLTS	DKKF	CSPHQ	SLL

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			·			- Section 15
	(561)	561	570	580	590	600
			PRRNSK	TSIFSFRGR	AKDVGSEND	FADDEHST
Translation of huNaIII18 (AK)	(561)	SIRGSLFS	PRRNSK	TSIFSFRGR	AKDVGSEND	FADDEHST
Translation of JeongAF225987	(561)	SIRGSLFS	PRRNSK	TSIFSFRGR	AKDVGSEND:	FADDEHST
Consensus	(561)	SIRGSLFS	PRRNSK	TSIFSFRGR	AKDVGSEND:	FADDEHST
						Section 16
	(601)	601	610	620	630	640
ClareAJ251507protein	(601)	FEDSESRR	DSLFVP	HRHĢERRNS		
					nvsqasmss:	
					NVSQASMSS:	
Consensus	(601)	FEDSESRR	DSLFVP	HRHGERRNS	REMEAGEVM	RMVPGLPA
						_ Section 17
	(641)	641	,650	660	670	680
	(624)					NGTTTETE
					TSPTGQLPP	
Translation of JeongAF225987					TSPTGQLPP	
Consensus	(641)	NGKMHSTV	DCNGVV	SLVGGPSAL	TSPTGQLPP	
						_ Section 18
·	(681)		,690	,700	,710	720
ClareAJ251507 protein					RAVSIASIL	
Translation of huNaIII18 (AK)					RAVSIASIL	
Translation of JeongAF225987					RAVSIASIL	
Consensus	(681)	VRKRRLSS	SYQISME	EMLEDSSGRO	RAVSIASIL	
						_ Section 19
•	(721)		730	,740	,750	760
					CDAWLKVKHL	
Translation of huNaIII18 (AK)					DAWLKVKHL	
Translation of JeongAF225987					CDAWLKVKHL	
Consensus	(721)	ESRQKCPI	PCWYRF	MARTIMDCO	CDAWLKVKHL	
					700	Section 20
	(761)		770	,780	790	800
ClareAJ251507protein					PMTEQFSSVI	
Translation of huNalII18 (AK)					PMTEQFSSVL	
Translation of JeongAF225987					PMTEQFSSVL	
Consensus	(101)	EADPETT.	TCTAPM.	LPLMWEHI	PMTEQFSSVL	— Section 21
	/004	004	040	000	830	
01 4 4054507	(801) <u>801</u>	810	820		840
ClareAJ251507protein					GWNIFDGIIV	
Translation of huNalII18 (AK)					GWNIFDGIIV	
Translation of JeongAF225987					GWNIFDGII\	
Consensus	(BU)) GIFTAEM	$\Lambda PKTTW$	MDEXXXXAE	GWNIFDGII <i>\</i>	O \cap O \cap O \cap O \cap O

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	(841)	841		50		860		870	- Section	on 22 880
ClareAJ251507protein					T.T.P.W		CIMDO	LUMLI	VIIC	
Translation of huNall118 (AK)								r LNML I		
Translation of JeongAF225987								rlnmli		
Consensus								LUMPI		
	(041)	DOMAR	GDSVI	IKSI K	LIDIC V.	r Kumi	COWF.	1 171414171 1	– Secti	
	(001)	001		90		900		910	– Secu	920
ClareAJ251507protein	(881)				TEAT		ECV	SYKECV	OVI	
Translation of huNaIII18 (AK)								SYKECV		
Translation of JeongAF225987								SYKECV		
Consensus								SYKECV SYKECV		
Consensus	(001)	АПСИГ	TUV	YTTAL	TLWA	v GMQ1	Jr GK:	SIKECV		
	(004)	004		20		040		050	- Secti	
Olere A 1051507	(921)			930		940		950		96
ClareAJ251507protein								TMWDCM		
Translation of huNall118 (AK)	` '							TMWDCM		
Translation of JeongAF225987								TMWDCM		
Consensus	(921)	PEKMH	WNDF.I	HSFL	TALK	V L CG	EMTE.	TMWDCM		
									- Secti	ion 25
	(961)			970		_980_		,990		100
ClareAJ251507protein								FSSDNL		
Translation of huNaIII18 (AK)	, .							FSSDNL		
Translation of JeongAF225987								FSSDNL		
Consensus	(961)	LIVFM	LVMV.	IGNLV	VLNL	FLAL:	LLSS	FSSDNL		
			·			~~~~~			_ Sect	
	(1001)			1010		_,1020		,1030		104
ClareAJ251507protein										
Translation of huNaIII18 (AK)										
Translation of JeongAF225987								QKAFFF		
Consensus	(1001)	MNNLC	PIAVG	RMQK	BIDAA	KNKM	RECF	QKAFFF		
									- Sect	
_,	(1041)			1050		1060		,1070		108
ClareAJ251507protein	(992)	EGNKI	DSCM	SNNT	GIEIS	KELN	YLRD	GNGTTS	gvgi	GSS
Translation of huNall118 (AK)										
Translation of JeongAF225987								GNGTTS		
Consensus	(1041)	EGNKI	DSCM	SNNT	GIEIS	KELN	YLRD	GNGTTS		
									- Sect	ion 28
	(1081)			1090 .		,1100		,1110		112
	1032									
ClareAJ251507protein										
Translation of huNaIII18 (AK)	(1081	EKYV)	DEND	YMSF:	INNPS	LTVT	VPIA	VGESDI	FENLI	1TEE
	(1081) (1081)	EKYV	DEND	YMSF	INNPS	LTVT	VPIA	VGESDI	FENL	NTEE

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---- Section 29 1130 (1121) 1121 ,1140 ,1150 1160 ClareAJ251507protein (1072) SERSELEESKEKLNATSSSEGSTVDVVLPREGEQAETEPE Translation of huNail118 (AK) (1127 SEELEESKEKLNATSSEGSTVDVVLPREGEQAETEPE Translation of JeongAF225987 (1121) SSESELEESKEKLNATSSSEGSTVDVVLPREGEQAETEPE Consensus (1121) SSESELEESKEKLNATSSSEGSTVDVVLPREGEQAETEPE Section 30 ,1170 ,1190 (1161) 1161 ,1180 ClareAJ251507protein (1112) EDLKPEACFTEGCIKKFPFCQVSTEEGKGKIWWNLRKTCY Translation of huNaIII18 (AK) (1161) EDLKPEACFTEGCIKKFPFCQVSTEEGKGKIWWNLRKTCY Translation of JeongAF225987 (1161) EDFKPEACFTEGCIKKFPFCQVSTEEGKGKIWWNLRKTCY Consensus (1161) EDLKPEACFTEGCIKKFPFCQVSTEEGKGKIWWNLRKTCY ,1220 (1201) 1201 ,1210 ,1230 1240 ClareAJ251507 protein (1152) SIVEHNWFETFIVFMILLSSGALAFEDIYIEQRKTIKTML Translation of huNaII118 (AK) (1201) SIVEHNWFETFIVFMILLSSGALAFEDIYIEQRKTIKTML Translation of JeongAF225987 (1201) SIVEHNWFETFIVFMILLSSGALAFEDIYIEORKTIKTML Consensus (1201) SIVEHNWFETFIVFMILLSSGALAFEDIYIEQRKTIKTML - Section 32 (1241) 1241 1250 ,1260 1270 1280 ClareAJ251507protein (1192) EYADKVFTYIFILEMLLKWVAYGFQTYFTNAWCWLDFLIV Translation of huNall118 (AK) (1241) EYADKVFTYIFILEMLLKWVAYGFQTYFTNAWCWLDFLIV Translation of JeongAF225987 (1241) EYADKVFTYIFILEMLLKWVAYGFQTYFTNAWCWLDFLIV Consensus (1241) EYADKVFTYIFILEMLLKWVAYGFQTYFTNAWCWLDFLIV - Section 33 (1281) 1281 1290 ,1300 ,1310 ClareAJ251507 protein (1232) DVSLVSLVANALGYSELGAIKSLRTLRALRPLRALSRFEG Translation of huNall118 (AK) (1281) DVSLVSLVANALGYSELGAIKSLRTLRALRPLRALSRFEG Translation of JeongAF225987 (1281) DVSLVSLVANALGYSELGAIKSLRTLRALRPLRALSRFEG Consensus (1281) DVSLVSLVANALGYSELGAIKSLRTLRALRPLRALSRFEG - Section 34 (1321) 1321 1330 1340 ,1350 1360 ClareAJ251507protein (1272) MRVVVNALVGAIPSIMNVLLVCLIFWLIFSIMGVNLFAGK Translation of huNall118 (AK) (1321) MRVVVNALVGAIPSIMNVLLVCLIFWLIFSIMGVNLFAGK Translation of JeongAF225987 (1321) MRVVVNALVGAIPSIMNVLLVCLIFWLIFSIMGVNLFAGK Consensus (1321) MRVVVNALVGAIPSIMNVLLVCLIFWLIFSIMGVNLFAGK - Section 35 (1361) 1361 ,1370 ,1380 ,1390 1400 ClareAJ251507protein (1312) FYHCVNMTTGNMFDISDVNNLSDCQALGKQARWKNVKVNF Translation of huNall118 (AK) (1361) FYHCVNMTTGNMFDISDVNNLSDCQALGKQARWKNVKVNF Translation of JeongAF225987 (1361) FYHCVNMTTGNMFDISDVNNLSDCQALGKOARWKNVKVNF Consensus (1361) FYHCVNMTTGNMFDISDVNNLSDCQALGKQARWKNVKVNF

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(1401)	1401	1410	1420	,1430	1440		
ClareAJ251507protein (1352)	DNVGAGYL	ALLQVA	TFKGWMDIMYAA	VDSRDVKL	PVYEE		
Translation of huNall118 (AK) (1401)	DNVGAGYI	ALLQVA	TFKGWMDIMYAA	VDSRDVKL	PVYEE		
Translation of JeongAF225987 (1401)	DNVGAGYI	ALLQVA	TFKGWMDIMYAA	VDSRDVKL	PVYEE		
Consensus (1401)	DNVGAGYI	ALLQVA	TFKGWMDIMYAA	VDSRDVKL	PVYEE		
				Se	ection 37		
(1441)	1441	1450	,1460	.1470	1480		
ClareAJ251507protein (1392)		VIFIIF					
Translation of huNaIII18 (AK) (1441)							
			GSFFTLNLFIGV				
			GSFFTLNLFIGV				
·					ection 38		
(1481)	1481	1490	,1500	,1510	1520		
ClareAJ251507protein (1432)							
Translation of huNall118 (AK) (1481)							
Translation of JeongAF225987 (1481)							
			AMKKLGSKKPQK				
					ection 39		
(1521)	1521	1530	.1540	1550	1560		
ClareAJ251507protein (1472)							
Translation of huNaIII18 (AK) (1521)							
			LICLNMVTMMVE				
			LICLNMVTMMVE				
					ection 40		
(1561)	1561	1570	,1580	1590	1600		
ClareAJ251507protein (1512)							
Translation of huNaIII18 (AK) (1561)	INLVFIVI	LFTGEFV	LELVSLRHYYFT	IGWNIFDF	VVVTLS		
			LKLVSLRHYYFT				
, ,			LKLVSLRHYYF7				
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					ection 41		
(1601)	1601	1610	,1620	1630	1640		
ClareAJ251507protein (1552)							
Translation of huNaIII18 (AK) (1601)							
			VSPTLFRVIRL				
			VSPTLFRVIRL				
					ection 42		
(1641)	1641	1650	,1660	1670	1680		
ClareAJ251507protein (1592)				METYATECM			
Translation of huNaIII18 (AK) (1641)	TRTLLEA	LMMSLPA	LENIGLLIFLV	METVATEGM	SNEVAAA		
Translation of JeongAF225987 (1641)	IRTLLEA	LMMSLPA	LFNIGLLLFLV	AFTYATEGM	SNEAVU		
Consensus (1641)	TRTLLEA	LMMSLPA	LFNIGLLLFLV	METVATEGM	SMEAVU		
00113011303 (1041)	,		V L	THE TRACE OF	OMT. WT A		

(1681) 1681 1690 1700 1710 1720					Sec	ction 43
ClareAJ251507protein (1632) KKEAGIDDMFNFETFGNSMICLFQITTSAGWDGLLAPILN	(1681)	1681	1690	1700	1710	1720
Translation of huNalil 18 (AK) (1881) KKEAGIDDMFNFETFGNSMICLFQITTSAGWDGLLAPILN		KKEAGIDD	MFNFETF	GNSMICLFOITT	SAGWDGLL	APILN
Translation of JeongAF225987 (1881) KKEAGIDDMFNFETFGNSMICLFQITTSAGWDGLLAPILN Consensus (1681) KKEAGIDDMFNFETFGNSMICLFQITTSAGWDGLLAPILN Section 44 (1721) 1721 1730 1740 1750 1760 1760 ClareAJ251507protein (1672) SAPPDCDPDTIHPGSSVKGDCMPSVGIFFFVSYIIISFL Translation of huNalli18 (AK) (1721) SAPPDCDPDTIHPGSSVKGDCMPSVGIFFFVSYIIISFL Consensus (1721) SAPPDCDPDTIHPGSSVKGDCMPSVGIFFFVSYIIISFL Consensus (1721) SAPPDCDPDTIHPGSSVKGDCMPSVGIFFFVSYIIISFL Consensus (1721) SAPPDCDPDTIHPGSSVKGDCMPSVGIFFFVSYIIISFL Section 45 (1761) 1760 1780 1790 1800 1800 1790 1800 1790 1800 1790 1800 1790 1800 1790 1800 1790 1800 1790 1800 1790 1800 1790 1800 1790 1800 1790 1800 1790 1800 1790 1800 1790 1800 1790 1800	Translation of huNalII18 (AK) (1681)	KKEAGIDD	MFNFETF	GNSMICLFOITT	SAGWDGLL	APILN.
Consensus (1681) KKEAGIDDMFNFETFGNSMICLFQITTSAGWDGLLAPILN						
ClareAJ251507protein (1672) Section 44						
ClareAJ251507protein (1672) SAPPDCDPDTIHPGSSVKGDCGNPSVGIFFFVSYIIISFL				·····	Se	ction 44
ClareAJ251507protein (1672) SAPPDCDPDTIHPGSSVKGDCGNPSVGIFFFVSYIIISFL	(1721)	1721	.1730	.1740	.1750	1760
Translation of huNallI18 (AK) (1721) SAPPDCDPDTIHPGSSVKGDCGNFSVGIFFFVSYIIISFL					IFFFVSYI	IISFL
Translation of JeongAF225987 (1721) SAPPDCDPDTIHPGSSVKGDRGDPSVGIFFFVSYIIISFL Consensus (1721) SAPPDCDPDTIHPGSSVKGDCGNPSVGIFFFVSYIIISFL						
Consensus (1721) SAPPDCDPDTIHPGSSVKGDCGNPSVGIFFFVSYIIISFL Section 45						
ClareAJ251507protein (1761) 1761 1770 1780 1790 1800						
ClareAJ251507protein (1712) VVVNMYIAVILENFSVATEESAEPLSEDDFEMFYEVWEKF Translation of huNallI18 (AK) (1761) VVVNMYIAVILENFSVATEESAEPLSEDDFEMFYEVWEKF Consensus (1761) VVVNMYIAVILENFSVATEESAEPLSEDDFEMFYEVWEKF Consensus (1761) VVVNMYIAVILENFSVATEESAEPLSEDDFEMFYEVWEKF Section 46						
ClareAJ251507protein (1712) VVVNMYIAVILENFSVATEESAEPLSEDDFEMFYEVWEKF Translation of huNallI18 (AK) (1761) VVVNMYIAVILENFSVATEESAEPLSEDDFEMFYEVWEKF Consensus (1761) VVVNMYIAVILENFSVATEESAEPLSEDDFEMFYEVWEKF Consensus (1761) VVVNMYIAVILENFSVATEESAEPLSEDDFEMFYEVWEKF Section 46	(1761)	1761	1770	,1780	,1790	1800
Translation of huNalil18 (AK) (1761) VVVNMYIAVILENFSVATEESAEPLSEDDFEMFYEVWEKF Translation of JeongAF225987 (1761) VVVNMYIAVILENFSVATEESAEPLSEDDFEMFYEVWEKF Consensus (1761) VVVNMYIAVILENFSVATEESAEPLSEDDFEMFYEVWEKF Section 46 (1801) 1801				VATEESAEPLSE	DDFEMFY	EVWEKF
Translation of JeongAF225987 (1761) VVVNMYIAVILENFSVATEESAEPLSEDDFEMFYEVWEKF						
ClareAJ251507protein (1752) DPDATQFIEFSKLSDFAAALDPPLLIAKPNKVQLIAMDLP						
(1801) 1801 1810 1820 1830 1840	Consensus (1761)	VVVNMYIA	VILENFS	VATEESAEPLSE	DDFEMFY	EVWEKF
ClareAJ251507protein (1752) DPDATQFIEFSKLSDFAAALDPPLLIAKPNKVQLIAMDLP Translation of huNalll18 (AK) (1801) DPDATQFIEFSKLSDFAAALDPPLLIAKPNKVQLIAMDLP Translation of JeongAF225987 (1801) DPDATQFIEFSKLSDFAAALDPPLLIAKPNKVQLIAMDLP Consensus (1801) DPDATQFIEFSKLSDFAAALDPPLLIAKPNKVQLIAMDLP Consensus (1801) DPDATQFIEFSKLSDFAAALDPPLLIAKPNKVQLIAMDLP Section 47 (1841) 1841						
ClareAJ251507protein (1752) DPDATQFIEFSKLSDFAAALDPPLLIAKPNKVQLIAMDLP Translation of huNalll18 (AK) (1801) DPDATQFIEFSKLSDFAAALDPPLLIAKPNKVQLIAMDLP Translation of JeongAF225987 (1801) DPDATQFIEFSKLSDFAAALDPPLLIAKPNKVQLIAMDLP Consensus (1801) DPDATQFIEFSKLSDFAAALDPPLLIAKPNKVQLIAMDLP Consensus (1801) DPDATQFIEFSKLSDFAAALDPPLLIAKPNKVQLIAMDLP Section 47 (1841) 1841	(1801)	1801	,1810	,1820	,1830	1840
Translation of huNallI18 (AK) (1801) DPDATQFIEFSKLSDFAAALDPPLLIAKPNKVQLIAMDLP Translation of JeongAF225987 (1801) DPDATQFIEFSKLSDFAAALDPPLLIAKPNKVQLIAMDLP Consensus (1801) DPDATQFIEFSKLSDFAAALDPPLLIAKPNKVQLIAMDLP Section 47 (1841) 1841 1850 1860 1870 1880 ClareAJ251507protein (1792) MVSGDRIHCLDILFAFTKRVLGESGEMDALRIQMEDRFMA Translation of huNallI18 (AK) (1841) MVSGDRIHCLDILFAFTKRVLGESGEMDALRIQMEDRFMA Consensus (1841) MVSGDRIHCLDILFAFTKRVLGESGEMDALRIQMEDRFMA Consensus (1841) MVSGDRIHCLDILFAFTKRVLGESGEMDALRIQMEDRFMA Consensus (1841) MVSGDRIHCLDILFAFTKRVLGESGEMDALRIQMEDRFMA Section 48 (1881) 1881 1890 1900 1910 1920 ClareAJ251507protein (1832) SNPSKVSYEPITTTLKRKQEEVSAAIIQRNFRCYLLKQRL Translation of huNallI18 (AK) (1881) SNPSKVSYEPITTTLKRKQEEVSAAIIQRNFRCYLLKQRL Consensus (1881) SNPSKVSYEPITTTLKRKQEEVSAAIIQRNFRCYLLKQRL Translation of huNallI18 (AK) (1921) KNISSNYNKEAIKGRIDLPIKQDMIIDKLNGNSTPEKTDG Translation of huNallI18 (AK) (1921) KNISSNYNKEAIKGRIDLPIKQDMIIDKLNGNSTPEKTDG Translation of JeongAF225987 (1921) KNISSNYNKEAIKGRIDLPIKQDMIIDKLNGNSTPEKTDG	ClareAJ251507protein (1752)	DPDATQFI	EFSKLSD	FAAALDPPLLIA	KPNKVQL	AMDLP
Translation of JeongAF225987 (1801) DPDATQFIEFSKLSDFAAALDPPLLIAKPNKVQLIAMDLP Consensus (1801) DPDATQFIEFSKLSDFAAALDPPLLIAKPNKVQLIAMDLP Section 47 (1841) 1841	Translation of huNall118 (AK) (1801)	DPDATQFI	EFSKLSD	FAAALDPPLLIA	KPNKVQL	IAMDLP
Section 47						
(1841) 1841	Consensus (1801)	DPDATQFI	EFSKLSD	FAAALDPPLLIA	KPNKVQL	IAMDLP
ClareAJ251507protein (1792) MVSGDRIHCLDILFAFTKRVLGESGEMDALRIQMEDRFMA Translation of huNall118 (AK) (1841) MVSGDRIHCLDILFAFTKRVLGESGEMDALRIQMEDRFMA Translation of JeongAF225987 (1841) MVSGDRIHCLDILFAFTKRVLCESGEMDALRIQMEDRFMA Consensus (1841) MVSGDRIHCLDILFAFTKRVLGESGEMDALRIQMEDRFMA Consensus (1841) MVSGDRIHCLDILFAFTKRVLGESGEMDALRIQMEDRFMA Section 48 (1881) 1881					Se	ection 47
Translation of huNall118 (AK) (1841) MVSGDRIHCLDILFAFTKRVLGESGEMDALRIQMEDRFMA Translation of JeongAF225987 (1841) MVSGDRIHCLDILFAFTKRVLCESGEMDALRIQMEDRFMA Consensus (1841) MVSGDRIHCLDILFAFTKRVLGESGEMDALRIQMEDRFMA Section 48 (1881) 1881 1890 1900 1910 1920 ClareAJ251507protein (1832) SNPSKVSYEPITTTLKRKQEEVSAAIIQRNFRCYLLKQRL Translation of huNall118 (AK) (1881) SNPSKVSYEPITTTLKRKQEEVSAAIIQRNFRCYLLKQRL Consensus (1881) SNPSKVSYEPITTTLKRKQEEVSAAIIQRNFRCYLLKQRL Consensus (1881) SNPSKVSYEPITTTLKRKQEEVSAAIIQRNFRCYLLKQRL Consensus (1881) SNPSKVSYEPITTTLKRKQEEVSAAIIQRNFRCYLLKQRL Section 49 (1921) 1921 1930 1940 1950 1960 ClareAJ251507protein (1872) KNISSNYNKEAIKGRIDLPIKQDMIIDKLNGNSTPEKTDG Translation of huNall118 (AK) (1921) KNISSNYNKEAIKGRIDLPIKQDMIIDKLNGNSTPEKTDG Translation of JeongAF225987 (1921) KNISSNYNKEAIKGRIDLPIKQDMIIDKLNGNSTPEKTDG	(1841)					
Translation of JeongAF225987 (1841) MVSGDRIHCLDILFAFTKRVLCESGEMDALRIQMEDRFMA Consensus (1841) MVSGDRIHCLDILFAFTKRVLGESGEMDALRIQMEDRFMA Section 48 (1881) 1881 ,1890 ,1900 ,1910 1920 ClareAJ251507protein (1832) SNPSKVSYEPITTTLKRKQEEVSAAIIQRNFRCYLLKQRL Translation of huNallI18 (AK) (1881) SNPSKVSYEPITTTLKRKQEEVSAAIIQRNFRCYLLKQRL Translation of JeongAF225987 (1881) SNPSKVSYEPITTTLKRKQEEVSAAIIQRNFRCYLLKQRL Consensus (1881) SNPSKVSYEPITTTLKRKQEEVSAAIIQRNFRCYLLKQRL Consensus (1881) SNPSKVSYEPITTTLKRKQEEVSAAIIQRNFRCYLLKQRL Section 49 (1921) 1921 ,1930 ,1940 ,1950 ,1960 ClareAJ251507protein (1872) KNISSNYNKEAIKGRIDLPIKQDMIIDKLNGNSTPEKTDG Translation of huNallI18 (AK) (1921) KNISSNYNKEAIKGRIDLPIKQDMIIDKLNGNSTPEKTDG Translation of JeongAF225987 (1921) KNISSNYNKEAIKGRIDLPIKQDMIIDKLNGNSTPEKTDG	ClareAJ251507protein (1792)	MVSGDRI	ICLDILFA	FTKRVLGESGEM	IDALRIQMI	EDRFMA
Consensus (1841) MVSGDRIHCLDILFAFTKRVLGESGEMDALRIQMEDRFMA Section 48 (1881) 1881	Translation of huNall118 (AK) (1841)	MVSGDRI	ACLDILFA	FTKRVL G ESGEN	IDALRIQMI	EDRFMA
Section 48						
(1881) 1881 ,1890 ,1900 ,1910 1920 ClareAJ251507protein (1832) SNPSKVSYEPITTLKRKQEEVSAAIIQRNFRCYLLKQRL Translation of huNall118 (AK) (1881) SNPSKVSYEPITTTLKRKQEEVSAAIIQRNFRCYLLKQRL Translation of JeongAF225987 (1881) SNPSKVSYEPITTTLKRKQEEVSAAIIQRNFRCYLLKQRL Consensus (1881) SNPSKVSYEPITTTLKRKQEEVSAAIIQRNFRCYLLKQRL Consensus (1881) SNPSKVSYEPITTTLKRKQEEVSAAIIQRNFRCYLLKQRL Section 49 (1921) 1921 ,1930 ,1940 ,1950 ,1960 ClareAJ251507protein (1872) KNISSNYNKEAIKGRIDLPIKQDMIIDKLNGNSTPEKTDG Translation of huNall118 (AK) (1921) KNISSNYNKEAIKGRIDLPIKQDMIIDKLNGNSTPEKTDG Translation of JeongAF225987 (1921) KNISSNYNKEAIKGRIDLPIKQDMIIDKLNGNSTPEKTDG	Consensus (1841)	MVSGDRI	HCLDILFA	FTKRVLGESGEN	IDALRIQM	EDRFMA
ClareAJ251507protein (1832) SNPSKVSYEPITTLKRKQEEVSAAIIQRNFRCYLLKQRL Translation of huNall18 (AK) (1881) SNPSKVSYEPITTTLKRKQEEVSAAIIQRNFRCYLLKQRL Translation of JeongAF225987 (1881) SNPSKVSYEPITTTLKRKQEEVSAAIIQRNFRCYLLKQRL Consensus (1881) SNPSKVSYEPITTTLKRKQEEVSAAIIQRNFRCYLLKQRL Section 49 (1921) 1921 ,1930 ,1940 ,1950 1960 ClareAJ251507protein (1872) KNISSNYNKEAIKGRIDLPIKQDMIIDKLNGNSTPEKTDG Translation of huNall18 (AK) (1921) KNISSNYNKEAIKGRIDLPIKQDMIIDKLNGNSTPEKTDG Translation of JeongAF225987 (1921) KNISSNYNKEAIKGRIDLPIKQDMIIDKLNGNSTPEKTDG					Se	ection 48
Translation of huNallI18 (AK) (1881) SNPSKVSYEPITTLKRKQEEVSAAIIQRNFRCYLLKQRL Translation of JeongAF225987 (1881) SNPSKVSYEPITTLKRKQEEVSAAIIQRNFRCYLLKQRL Consensus (1881) SNPSKVSYEPITTLKRKQEEVSAAIIQRNFRCYLLKQRL Section 49 (1921) 1921 1930 1940 1950 1960 ClareAJ251507protein (1872) KNISSNYNKEAIKGRIDLPIKQDMIIDKLNGNSTPEKTDG Translation of huNallI18 (AK) (1921) KNISSNYNKEAIKGRIDLPIKQDMIIDKLNGNSTPEKTDG Translation of JeongAF225987 (1921) KNISSNYNKEAIKGRIDLPIKQDMIIDKLNGNSTPEKTDG	(1881)	1881	,1890			
Translation of JeongAF225987 (1881) SNPSKVSYEPITTLKRKQEEVSAAIIQRNFRCYLLKQRL Consensus (1881) SNPSKVSYEPITTLKRKQEEVSAAIIQRNFRCYLLKQRL Section 49 (1921) 1921 1930 1940 1950 1960 ClareAJ251507protein (1872) KNISSNYNKEAIKGRIDLPIKQDMIIDKLNGNSTPEKTDG Translation of huNalll18 (AK) (1921) KNISSNYNKEAIKGRIDLPIKQDMIIDKLNGNSTPEKTDG Translation of JeongAF225987 (1921) KNISSNYNKEAIKGRIDLPIKQDMIIDKLNGNSTPEKTDG						
Consensus (1881) SNPSKVSYEPITTLKRKQEEVSAAIIQRNFRCYLLKQRL Section 49 (1921) 1921 1930 1940 1950 1960 ClareAJ251507protein (1872) KNISSNYNKEAIKGRIDLPIKQDMIIDKLNGNSTPEKTDG Translation of huNalll18 (AK) (1921) KNISSNYNKEAIKGRIDLPIKQDMIIDKLNGNSTPEKTDG Translation of JeongAF225987 (1921) KNISSNYNKEAIKGRIDLPIKQDMIIDKLNGNSTPEKTDG						
ClareAJ251507protein (1872) KNISSNYNKEAIKGRIDLPIKQDMIIDKLNGNSTPEKTDG Translation of huNalll18 (AK) (1921) KNISSNYNKEAIKGRIDLPIKQDMIIDKLNGNSTPEKTDG Translation of JeongAF225987 (1921) KNISSNYNKEAIKGRIDLPIKQDMIIDKLNGNSTPEKTDG						
(1921) 1921 ,1930 ,1940 ,1950 1960 ClareAJ251507protein (1872) KNISSNYNKEAIKGRIDLPIKQDMIIDKLNGNSTPEKTDG Translation of huNalll18 (AK) (1921) KNISSNYNKEAIKGRIDLPIKQDMIIDKLNGNSTPEKTDG Translation of JeongAF225987 (1921) KNISSNYNKEAIKGRIDLPIKQDMIIDKLNGNSTPEKTDG	Consensus (1881)	SNPSKVS	YEP ITT TI	KRKQEEVSAAI		
ClareAJ251507protein (1872) KNISSNYNKEAIKGRIDLPIKQDMIIDKLNGNSTPEKTDG Translation of huNall118 (AK) (1921) KNISSNYNKEAIKGRIDLPIKQDMIIDKLNGNSTPEKTDG Translation of JeongAF225987 (1921) KNISSNYNKEAIKGRIDLPIKQDMIIDKLNGNSTPEKTDG					Se	ection 49
Translation of huNall18 (AK) (1921) KNISSNYNKEAIKGRIDLPIKQDMIIDKLNGNSTPEKTDG Translation of JeongAF225987 (1921) KNISSNYNKEAIKGRIDLPIKQDMIIDKLNGNSTPEKTDG	(1921)	1921	,1930			
Translation of JeongAF225987 (1921) KNISSNYNKEAIKGRIDLPIKQDMIIDKLNGNSTPEKTDG	ClareAJ251507protein (1872	KNISSNY	NKEAIKG	RIDLPIKQDMIII	OKLNGNST	PEKTDG
Translation of JeongAF225987 (1921) KNISSNYNKEAIKGRIDLPIKQDMIIDKLNGNSTPEKTDG	Translation of huNaIII18 (AK) (1921) KNISSNY	NKEAIKGI	RIDLPIKQDMIII	OKLNGNST	PEKTDG
Consensus (1921) KNISSNYNKEAIKGRIDLPIKQDMIIDKLNGNSTPEKTDG	Translation of JeongAF225987 (1921) KNISSNY	NKEAIKGI	RIDLPIKQDMIII	OKLNGNST	PEKTDG
	Consensus (1921) KNISSNY	NKEAIKG!	RIDLPIKQDMII	DKLNGNST	PEKTDG

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(1961) 1961 1970 1980 1990 2000

ClareAJ251507protein (1912) SSSTTSPPSYDSVTKPDKEKFEKDKPEKESKGKEVRENQK
Translation of huNall18 (AK) (1961) SSSTTSPPSYDSVTKPDKEKFEKDKPEKESKGKEVRENQK
Translation of JeongAF225987 (1961) SSSTTPPPSYDSVTKPDKEKFEKDKPEKESKGKEVRENQK
Consensus (1961) SSSTTSPPSYDSVTKPDKEKFEKDKPEKESKGKEVRENQK

